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LOUISVILLE DAILY COURIER.

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LOUISVILLE COURIER.

BY W. N. HALDEMAN.

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DAILY COURIER.

Sunday & Monday, - - Sept. 13 & 14.

Arrival and Departure of Trains.

Nashville Railroad.

	Arrive.	Depart.
Nashville and Memphis Mail	2:15 P. M.	8:20 A. M.
Nashville and Memphis Express	4:00 A. M.	6:30 P. M.
Crab Orchard Express	12:50 P. M.	7:55 A. M.
Bardstown Accommodation	8:30 A. M.	3:50 P. M.

Lexington and Frankfort Railroad.

	Arrive.	Depart.
Lexington	10:25 A. M.	6:00 A. M.
Lexington	7:00 P. M.	2:30 P. M.
Accommodation	8:10 A. M.	4:15 P. M.

Jeffersonville Railroad.

Arrive.	Depart.
4:34 P. M., except Sunday.	5:00 A. M., except Sunday.
11:00 P. M., " "	1:30 P. M., ex. Sunday & Sat
7:15 A. M., daily.	9:30 P. M., daily.
6:50 A. M., "	

Second Ward Democratic Club.

There will be a regular meeting of the Second Ward Democratic Club, Monday evening, Sept. 14, 1868, at 8 o'clock, at George Reiter's saloon, on the east side of Shelby street, between Jefferson and Green.

W. R. Ray, President; Dr. R. A. Shadburn, Treasurer; and Charles R. Long, Secretary, having resigned, and their resignations having been accepted, and as the constitution of this club requires all vacancies to be filled at the next regular meeting of the club, therefore, in compliance therewith, an election will be held for the purpose of electing a President, Treasurer and Secretary to serve the unexpired terms of the above named gentlemen.

All Democrats of the ward are respectfully invited to join the club and participate in the election. J. F. RANDOLPH, Vice President.
JOHN M. O'NEAL, Secretary, pro tem.

Notice to Jeffersonville Subscribers.

Mr. Thomas Crawford will hereafter have charge of the distribution of the COURIER in Jeffersonville. All moneys now due, or that may hereafter be due, for subscriptions, are to be paid *only* to Mr. Crawford.

☞ Subscribers on the route between Sixth and Twelfth streets are again cautioned against paying any dues to Mr. Gilmore, the late carrier, who was a defaulter to this office and dismissed in consequence. Payments for past and present indebtedness must be made only to Mr. Johnson, the present carrier.

NEWS AND PERSONAL.

THE EMIR of Bakhona is dead.

THE VERMONT State fair closed yesterday.

GOLD CLOSED at 144⅛ in New York yesterday.

PITTSBURG WILL not allow its Nicolson pavement sprinkled, as it rots the wood.

A FIRE in Erie, Pa., Thursday night, destroyed property to the value of $25,000.

TWO NEGROES will be hung in Portsmouth, Va., on the 2d of October, for rape.

THE "CHOLIC CURVE" is the latest and most euphoneous name for the "Grecian bend."

A NEGRO child was killed by drinking a small quantity of concentrated lye in Danville, Va., last Sunday.

MRS. DUSHAM, who has been in jail in Baltimore for several months, charged with poisoning her husband and nephew, has been discharged.

A LANDSLIDE occurred on the Kentucky Central railroad, near Butler's station, Thursday, detaining the trains for some time.

FERGUSON'S BLEACHING establishment and millinery works at Troy, N. Y., were burned yesterday. Loss $5,000.

HON. WM. TILDEN, of New York, has made a donation of $20,000 to the Tilden Ladies Seminary, at West Lebanon, New Haven, Connecticut.

A SAND bank caved in on several children in Milford, Mass., a few days since. Three were taken out dead and the fourth has since died of its injuries.

A MATCH game of base ball, between the Athletics, of Philadelphia, and Unions, or Haymakers, of Troy, N. Y., was played at the latter place Friday, and resulted in a victory for the former by a score of 36 to 28.

A MAN and two women were found clinging to the bottom of a capsized boat off Norfolk, Va., by a schooner the other day. They had been in the water about twenty hours, and were nearly exhausted.

A LITTLE girl was lately reproved for playing out of doors with the boys, and being informed that being seven years old she was too big for that now. "Why, grandma, the bigger we grow, the better we like 'em"

THE STATE Constables yesterday cleared out the lottery office in Boston and arrested J. W. Snow, Charles Snow, Stephen W. Smith, and J. Waterhouse, charged with dealing in policies.

MR. MCGLONE, a kind-hearted man, possessed of fine intelligence, and much liked by all who knew him, committed suicide near Springfield, Tenn., the other day. He has a mother living in Harrodsburg, Ky. The same old tale—whisky—was the cause.

A WOMAN who left her husband and children, in Evansville, Ind., to live with the husband of another, said, in the Recorder's court the other day, that she was subject to "spasms." A new name for it!

THE SUDDEN heavy shower at Troy, N. Y., caused considerable damage in the lower portions of West Troy Friday, occasioning a freshet which carried off lumber and other property to the value of $8,000.

A LARGE delegation of gentlemen from Washington county, Maryland, and Franklin county, Pennsylvania, and Captain Samuel Deford, of Baltimore, agent of the Columbus, Indianapolis and Chicago railroad, are now engaged in examining and purchasing lands in the Western part of North Carolina.

A THOROUGH-GOING Radical in Kansas City, Mo., the other night, hired a buggy, and, in company with a sooty wench, rode through the city during the evening. Driving to one of the most prominent saloons, the white driver alighted and got a drink, leaving the ebony lady to hold the ribbons. Rah for Grant!

A MECHANIC of Springfield, Mass., has produced a velocipede which he claims to be far superior to the French. In ordinary hands it will average twelve miles an hour, and on a smooth way like Boston Common can be propelled at the rate of twenty miles an hour. It can be manufactured at a much less price than the French velocipedes.

THE WARMOUTH GUARDS, in New Orleans, compo[illegible] negroes, during a parade [illegible] other [illegible]ed down St. Char[illegible] front of the theaters, yelling and hooting like demons, insulting citizens and resorting to every conceivable means outside of actual violence to provoke a disturbance. Reaching the Globe Ball Room, on St. Peter street, they attacked an unoffending citizen and beat him nearly to death. They were fully armed, and more than one revolver was threateningly displayed by the sable emissaries of the Warmouth clan. There was nothing to provoke the outrageous conduct.

AN UNSUCCESSFUL attempt to release three convicts from the State prison at Charlestown, Mass., was made Thursday night, by Andrew J. Freeman, whose term of imprisonment for burglary recently expired. Three convicts—O'Brien, Kennisson, and Hall—were placed in separate parts of the prison, having purposely committed some breach of prison discipline involving punishment by confinement in cells separate from the main prison. Freeman scaled the wall with a rope ladder, and was well provided with tools to open the cell doors, but the suspicions of the jailor were aroused, and Freeman was captured, after shooting a watchman in the hand with a pistol.

A Radical Canard.

Every Radical paper in the North has copied a telegram dated "Bowling Green, Ky., September 7th," and which first appeared in the Cincinnati Commercial, announcing a series of rebel outrages upon Union men. This, like all the other lies that are manufactured for Northern consumption, was made the text for a thousand tirades. It is a shame that Kentucky Radicals will sit silent, and thus connive at the publication of what they know to be the most gross and malicious slanders upon their friends and neighbors. We think it is about time that some of them should speak out, if there is any honesty or true manhood among them. The Bowling Green Democrat expresses the belief that the dispatch alluded to was never sent from that place, and makes this suggestion:

> We do not believe that any respectable member of the Radical party in this community will indorse these villainous falsehoods or approve of their publication. They are only written by men who have no regard whatever for truth or the peace of the community.
>
> We think that the more prominent Radicals, who do not wish their own position misrepresented, owe it to themselves and to the community in which they live to correct these misstatements through the columns of the Commercial and over their own proper signatures. Who will be manly enough to do it?

Our Commercial Summary.

The attention of that very large class of readers interested in commercial matters will, no doubt, be attracted by the copious, accurate and excellent review of the transactions of the past week which appears in the COURIER this morning. This feature in our paper will grow in importance and interest with each successive issue.

Gen. Thos. Duncan and the Fifth Cavalry.

Gen. Thomas Duncan, commanding the post of Nashville, was in this city yesterday. He has, we learn, been ordered to Omaha, whither the whole of his regiment (the Fifth cavalry) will probably soon be sent. The regiment is at present very much scattered, one company being at Washington, two companies at Morgantown, N. C., two at Aiken, S. C., one at Richmond, Va., one at Montgomery, Ala., one at Atlanta, Ga., two at Jackson, Miss., one at Gallatin, Tenn., and one at Nashville.

It is a matter of regret that so thorough a soldier and gentleman as Gen. Duncan is to be removed from Tennessee at this time. Through all the troubles in that unfortunate State, while he was commander of the District of Tennessee, he ever looked to the interests of the whole people, regardless of all political considerations and influences, and never overstepped his duty as a soldier—to curry favor with any party or class. We speak from personal knowledge when we say he has the respect and confidence of the people of Tennessee, in all parties, and his departure will be deeply regretted there.

The Coming Maine Election—How to Interpret the Returns.

The State election of Maine will take place to-morrow, after a brief but most animated and hotly contested canvass. The Democrats of that State have been working with a zeal and hopefulness which they have not displayed for years. At the same time, the Radicals, alarmed by the falling off in their vote last year, and warned by the changes going on against them, have filled the State with their best speakers, and concentrated within it all the influences at the command of the Eastern bondholders. The disposition to attach too much importance to the significance of the Maine election is therefore wide-spread, and will probably lead to a good deal of delusive speculation.

As in the case of Vermont, a Democratic gain over last year's vote in Maine would have a mighty import, while a Radical gain of that sort would signify nothing, and might be consistent even with an actual falling off in the average local strength of the Radical party. Last year an odious liquor law, passed by the Radical Legislature, was the chief issue of the canvass, and silenced many thousand Radical voters, and transferred many to the Democratic side. Startled by the result, the Legislature has repealed that law. It would be strange if they could not now regain much of the strength they lost by the local issue, when they have made such desperate efforts and flooded the State with money from the immense corruption fund subscribed by the banks and bondholders. It is, besides, to be noted that in Maine, as in other Eastern States, every little capitalist owns a few bonds, and the bonus the Radicals offer to that class is a direct bribe for votes.

From these facts it must be inferred that a comparison of the vote now, pending the Presidential election, with the figures of the local election last year, will be very deceptive. In their desperate need for encouragement the Radical papers will make the most of their opportunity. For our own part, all the encouraging reports we have heard from Maine have only increased our admiration for the gallant Democrats who can make such a noble fight for principle when they can have no hope of carrying the State. We do not expect to carry any New England State but Connecticut, and we would remind our readers that the average vote of Maine for the last four years is the only proper basis for a comparison of the vote at the present election, and we refer them to the following figures of the Maine elections which we take from the New York World:

VOTE FOR GOVERNOR.

	Dem.	Rep.	Rep. maj.	Total vote
1864	46,403	65,583	19,180	111,986
1865	31,609	54,430	22,821	86,039
1866	41,947	69,637	27,690	111,584
1867	45,990	57,332	11,342	103,322

VOTE FOR PRESIDENT.

	Dem.	Rep.	Rep. maj.	Total vote
1864	46,988	67,805	20,817	114,793

From this table are deduced the average vote of each party for Governor for the last four years, together with the average vote of the State and the average Radical majority, to-wit:

Average Democratic vote	41,487
Average Radical vote	61,746
Average Radical majority	20,258
Average total vote	103,233

Including the Presidential vote of 1864, the table of averages would stand thus:

Average Democratic vote	42,587
Average Radical vote	62,957
Average Radical majority	20,370
Average total vote	105,545

It is to be noted in this connection that the average Radical majority in Maine for the last four years is between twenty and twenty-one thousand, and that the Radicals last year polled nearly six thousand less than their average vote. It is also true that the Radical majority in Maine has always exceeded twenty-one thousand when a full vote was polled. To arrive at the real significance of the election this year it will be necessary to compare the Radical majority with their usual majorities in the past, and to remember that Maine is "Down East;" that the Radicals have made their best fight there, and that the Democrats, while standing up manfully for principle, had not the strength or encouragement derived from a prospect of success. Under such circumstances a reduction of the usual Radical majority in Maine by a thousand votes will be equivalent to a Democratic majority of 10,000 in Indiana.

The Expulsion of Negro Members from the Georgia Legislature.

The Radicals are having a rough time governing "outside of the Constitution." It is like sailing without a rudder. They get the bow pointed in the direction they want the vessel to go, but in spite of all their efforts the unmanageable craft will move off on the wrong tack. They reconstructed Georgia, for instance, on a loyal and negro-suffrage basis. They had plenty of elbow room in which to do this work to their own satisfaction. The Constitution was not allowed to interfere with their operations in the least. The army and all the machinery of military government, including the Dry Tortugas and Meade's "sweat boxes," were at their disposal. They turned out a loyal State government and legislature, so called. The first thing this Legislature did was to unseat twenty-three negro members, on the ground that the new Radical State constitution made them ineligible! Under that constitution, nine dollars a day for legislation is "too good for niggers," and so the white members [illegible] regard to party—Democrats, Republicans, scalawags and carpet-baggers—all turned upon their odorous colleagues and voted them out. The Radicals took the work of forming State governments off the hands of those who were to live under and administer them. They formed an illicit connection with the negroes, and expected to astonish the world with the edifying spectacle of a new-born Legislature, part black; but, after all their pains, and the wear and tear of official conscience, their bantling has turned out to be a white child! This is such a mortifying disappointment that the Radical journals, with one accord, disown the unexpected heir, and lay it to the Democrats.

The truth of the matter is that it was found impossible to carry the present carpet-bag constitution of Georgia with the right to hold office conferred upon negroes. To prevent northern Georgia from voting down the Constitution, ex-Governor Joe Brown himself advised the convention to reject the following, which was offered as a part of the article on franchise:

> "Section 10. All qualified electors, and none others, shall be eligible to any office in this State unless disqualified by the constitution of this State, or by the Constitution of the United States."

This would have conferred upon negroes the right to hold office. It was lost—nays 126, yeas 12—every negro in convention voting aye but two. The negroes then voted in a body for the 11th article of the bogus constitution, which declares "the code of Georgia" and all laws passed since the 19th of January, 1861, to be in full force except as to slaves, and so far as they do not conflict with the Constitution of the United States. The code and laws deny to "free persons of color" the right to hold office. In advocating this constitution before the people, Gov. Brown declared that it denied the negroes the right to hold office. The constitution was adopted, approved by Congress and declared Republican in form. Ex-Gov. Brown was made Chief Justice of the State under it, and still adheres to his construction of its meaning. In accordance with his opinion, the white members, without distinction of party, have declared that their oath to obey that constitution required them to unseat the negro members as ineligible. The Radical papers which denounce this act are ready at any time to indorse the unseating of white Democrats, whenever Radical power can be promoted by such means. We have seen them unseat a Kentucky member of Congress, elected by the people, and give his place to a Radical who had been rejected by the people.

Mortality Among Cattle.

We are informed that the Messrs. Rapier, who reside about two miles from this place, have recently lost twelve or fifteen valuable cattle. This mortality is supposed to have originated from suffering the cattle to run where hogs had been fed. They eat the fragments of the corn-stalks which are rejected by the hogs, and these being entirely indigestible produce inflammation of the stomach, and result in the death of the animal.—[Lebanon Clarion.

The fibre of green corn stalks which has been chewed by hogs retains a sweetness which makes cattle fond of it. When swallowed it sticks in the animal's "manifold," producing what is called "mad scratches" and death.

MRS. LETITIA TODD.—An admirably written sketch of this most excellent lady on our third page, this morning, will be read with interest.

☞ We regret to learn, as we do from our Washington special, that Col. Pennebaker, our State Agent at Washington, has had the misfortune to lose a child.

SINGULAR RAILROAD ACCIDENT.

Fearful Descent of a Freight Train Down Muldraugh's Hill.

A GRAND SMASH-UP, BUT NOBODY HURT.

A very singular accident occurred on the Louisville & Nashville Railroad night before last, about nine o'clock, on Muldraugh's Hill, some thirty-five miles south of this city. The down freight train, which left here at five o'clock P. M., on arriving at the hill, which, it is well known, is a very steep ascent, divided into three sections. The first and second sections went puffing and grumbling up the summit, arriving safely and awaiting the coming of the third section. This section quickly followed and went winding along upon the great curve; but as the locomotive neared the top of the hill the coupling holding the last car and the caboose suddenly broke, and the two went rattling back down the steep, leaving the balance of the train entirely, and making no stop until it reached the bottom, where a solitary brakeman, who had been detached along with them, succeeded in checking their progress. Getting off the caboose and glancing up the hill, he was astonished at seeing and hearing what he at first took to be the whole of the balance of the section descending with fearful velocity directly upon his own two cars. The rate they were coming at could not have been much less than sixty miles an hour, and it is supposed the amazed official got himself out of the way as soon as possible. The fact was that eight more cars had broken loose from the section, and were being precipitated down the hill, and in a moment they came tearing into the defenseless two that had gone before. Piling one upon the other, the crashing and smashing that followed was really sublime to a beholder at a safe distance, and could be seen well even in the night. In less time than is required to write it, six cars were a total wreck, and bales, and boxes and barrels, and casks of freight were scattered and broken along the track, the train having been heavily loaded with goods for the Southern trade. The damage must have been very great, but the redeeming feature of the accident is that nobody was aboard the eight cars making the last descent, and therefore nobody was hurt. Passengers yesterday coming North and going South, changed cars at the scene of the accident, but it is believed the track is clear. The cars of the freight train being very heavily loaded, it is probable that the strain of going up the steep hill broke the couplings. A more singular accident never occurred on the Louisville and Nashville road.

Theater—Third Week of Zorastre—Engagement of the Celebrated Premiere Danseuse Mad'lle Augusta—The Great Spectacle—Wonderful Transformation Scene.

On Monday night Zorastre will enter on its third week at the Louisville Theater. This week will introduce a new candidate for popular favor in the person of the celebrated danseuse Mad'lle Augusta from the great Theater Chatelet, Paris. This beautiful and distinguished artiste was one of the luminaries at Niblo's at the time the Black Crook was originally produced. Since then she has been a feature of the ballet in the White Fawn and the Black Crook in the most important cities of the Union. She was the principal attraction in McDonough's company, organized to play the Black Crook in Philadelphia and other Eastern cities. She is very pretty, very graceful, and possesses a captivating style, original and piquant. She will share the honors of the dance with charming Albertina, and will doubtless awaken a strong interest in our theater-goers. We are pleased to learn that the great spectacle is to remain another week on the boards. Comparatively few of our citizens have as yet seen the play. The last scene alone should be sufficient attraction to fill the theater for weeks. Had this piece been originally produced in New York and then brought here, it would have excited more interest and attention. There are unfortunately too many who think that the test of excellence is a metropolitan reputation, and this class can hardly be brought to believe that our own artists are capable of approaching the excellencies of foreign art. In this case they are more than usually unreasonable. We doubt if the last scene of Zorastre was ever surpassed on any stage. This opinion we heard expressed on Friday evening in the lobby of the theater by a gentleman who visited every theater of note on the continent of Europe. We predict a great success for the play when it is produced in the Eastern cities, where it will be in the course of the season. While it remains on the boards here it should be seen by every one who has the slightest taste for the beautiful and a love for the sister arts.

THE MASONS.

Departure of Knights Templar for St. Louis.

A number of Knights Templar left this city yesterday for St. Louis, to attend the tri-annual conclave to be held there this week; among them Sir Wm. Keas, Past Grand Commander of the State of Kentucky; and the following officers of Louisville Commandery, No. 1: Sir Wm. A. Warner, Post Commander; Sir Samuel Parker, Eminent Commander; Sir W. C. Munger, Recorder; Sir H. H. Neal, Senior Warden; Sir Moses Terry, Junior Warden; Sir Geo. T. Evans, Generalissimo; Sir Henry Hudson, Captain of the Guard.

Simultaneously with the conclave, the Supreme Council of Southern Jurisdiction will be held to confer the thirty-third degree upon Sir Knights Wm. Warner and James Beatty, who were elected to that degree at Charleston, S. C. The Scotch Rite Masons will hold the Lodge of Sorrow.

A large number of Masons from Nashville and the South passed through the city yesterday, en route for St. Louis. It is anticipated that the gathering of Masons in St. Louis on this occasion will be the largest ever known to any one place in the United States.

Metropolitan Music Hall.

This place was again crowded to its utmost last night to witness the performances of this select company. They perform well. The White Fawn was played in fine style. The sceneries in this play are magnificent. Mr. Chas. Howard, in his character of the old plantation darkey, is immense; in fact, he excels any Ethiopian performer that has ever appeared in our city. The Gardner sisters in their duets and dances are hard to beat. Several new stars have just arrived from the city of New York, among whom we see the names of Miss Carrie Weston, a beautiful and accomplished danseuse, and the great Ethiopian delineator, Mr. Geo. C. Thompson. On Monday evening the great burlesque entitled "Young and Old Virginia" will be produced. On Wednesday, Sept. 16th, the management has tendered a complimentary benefit to M'lle Arizola, and we hope she will have a bumper, for she deserves it.

ACCIDENT ON MAIN.

A Man Knocked Down and Dragged Off by a Street Car.

As a porter, connected with the house of J. M. Davis & Co., liquor dealers on Second street, was crossing Main street yesterday, at the intersection of Second, carrying on his shoulders a box of candles, he was struck by a Main street car and thrown under the swiftly moving wheels, which dragged him a distance of some ten feet through the mud, tearing his clothing and the flesh off his arms and side in a shocking manner, and smashing to fragments the box of candles he had been carrying. He was covered with blood and mud when he was picked up, and was said to be severely injured. The accident was attributed to the carelessness of the driver, and created considerable feeling among those who witnessed it.

TWO WOMEN ASSAULT AN OFFICER.—Wm. Russell and B. Lee were arrested yesterday by Constable E. W. Rutledge, as they were about to leave the city without paying their lawyer for defending them against the charge of pocket-picking at the fair. Going into a grocery to get out of the rain, Lee assaulted Rutledge, and the wives of Lee and Russell, armed with umbrellas, also rushed upon the constable, beating him most unmercifully until officer McGrath, of the police, came to his assistance. Lee was then secured and the whole party marched off to jail. Russell was only prevented from interfering in the fight by a pistol thrust under his nose by a lawyer who accompanied Rutledge.

Base Ball.

A match game was played between the Bagdad and Hardinsville base ball clubs on the grounds of the Bagdad club, on Friday, the 11th, with the following result:

HARDINSVILLE.	O.	R.	BAGDAD.	O.	R.
J. Bennett	4	4	Radford	2	3
L. Blythe	5	3	Flood	4	3
J. White	0	5	Eddins	4	2
A. Bently	5	1	Sacra	2	5
G. Webber	0	5	Lauson	2	2
McKee	3	1	G. Watson	4	2
R. Darlington	3	4	Jas. Watson	2	2
J. Darlington	3	4	F. Taylor	2	5
B. Bennett	4	4	J. Watson	5	1
Total	27	29	Total	27	21

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
Bagdad	5	2	7	0	4	1	2	0	0	—21
Hardinsville	3	5	0	4	1	3	2	9	2	—29

Umpire—Jas. A. Gill.
Scorers—S. T. Blaydis and J. T. White.
Time of game—1 hour and 50 minutes.

☞ We saw yesterday two splendid steel engravings, portraits of Gen. Breckinridge and Gen. Buckner, both excellent likenesses, which are intended to embellish Captain Ed. Porter Thompson's History of the Kentucky Brigade, which will be issued from the press about the 1st of October.

THE LOST ISLAND TRAGEDY.—Lieut. McGrath and three of the Metropolitan Police returned yesterday afternoon from Lost Island, after a thorough but fruitless search for Sheppard, the negro murderer of the Willich family. They were accompanied by a guide, and scoured the woods in every direction. It is now believed Sheppard has left that part of the State.

STRAWBERRIES IN SEPTEMBER.—Pargny sent us last night some as large, fine and luscious strawberries, just gathered from the vines, as we ever saw or tasted. They were grown in honor of the opening of his splendid new establishment on Fourth street.

MAD DOG SHOT.—A rabid dog was shot dead on East street yesterday by Officer Shindle. The mad brute had jumped through the window of a basement room occupied by negroes, and taken refuge under a bed, where three revolver shots finished him.

☞ Capt. William Stockell, the old Nashville Fire Chief, was registered at the Louisville Hotel yesterday. Capt. Stockell is one of the most experienced firemen in the country.

AN HOUR IN AN ALMSHOUSE.

ITS NOTABLES AND NOBODIES.

A Rough-drawn Picture of Pauper Life in Louisville.

Everybody has a dread of the almshouse. To the mind's eye of the poorest wretch that ever begged a farthing, the almshouse is, next to the bad place said to be prepared for the wicked, the least desirable of abodes. The begging business, too, is not altogether uncertain, and the beggar, in devoting his whole time to his trade, has a sort of semi-consciousness that the generous donor of the dimes and quarters upon which he depends is, after all, getting something like value received, for time is money, as much with the mendicant as with the millionaire. Then, too, the philosophical beggar must understand that he has much to do with keeping in exercise the holy sentiment of benevolence—the loftiest attribute of man; so that he may well think himself a benefactor, without being laughed at for his conceit.

But almshouses, after all, are not in all cases so disagreeable as might be imagined, and, when well conducted, are really great blessings. None of us can say he will never see one of these institutions, for many a man who eats the bread of a pauper, and lays his old gray head upon a pauper's pillow, has "seen better days." Resting here,

> "Nothing he asks, nothing he cares
> For all that tempts or troubles round;
> He craves no feast, no finery wears,
> Nor once o'ersteps his narrow bound."

The almshouse of the Western District of this city is certainly an institution which can only be looked upon as in every way beneficent and an instrument of great good. It is beautifully situated in the Western part of the city, upon the banks of the Ohio, and the grounds embrace every bit of twelve acres, while the "contiguity of shade" that surrounds it makes it an almost Eden home for the helpless beings who have sought its shelter.

A friend of ours, who recently visited the almshouse, relates some interesting facts in regard to what he saw there. The inmates are nearly all habitues or "old residents," originally brought there by incapacity for toil, or by a constitutional weariness peculiar to certain organizations—a lassitude born with them, and which they can never shake off any more than they could any other incurable disease. Some of those have been there a very long time.

One old woman, who has seen at least eighty winters, has been in the house ever since its establishment. She remains constantly in her bed, but is very childish, and "kicks off the clothes" by way of varying the monotony of her existence. Her gray hair is clipped close to her head, probably in consequence of her continuous recline. She is very persistent about kicking off the quilts, and the habit amounts almost to a mania with her.

Another very curious character is a woman who, if she be mad, certainly is not mad without method, for she manages to get more attention than anybody else about the institution. She at one time belonged to one of the "first families," but the wealth of her parents took wings and she was left penniless, finally getting into the Almshouse, where she has since remained. She still imagines she is surrounded with the luxuries of her old home, and so fixed is this remarkable hallucination that she will never wait on herself in any manner, deeming service of any sort beneath her dignity. She is very precise, and has her room kept in the most admirable order. The bare floor is scrubbed to the whiteness of that of a New England kitchen, and everything about it has a neat, tidy appearance. She passes her time among her birds, flowers and needle work, in which she seems to take especial pride. She has five bird pets, all in pretty cages and well cared for.

The saddest picture at the almshouse is that of an old blind man and his wife. He is upwards of eighty years old, and she is fast nearing the grave. What makes the picture a sad one, is the fact that this aged couple have in this city two sons, one of whom is employed at a salary of $2,000 per annum, and neither of their ungrateful children has ever visited them since they were forced through want to seek the shelter of this asylum. Among the Athenians, the blackest brand of infamy that could be laid upon an offender was the denial of his privilege to support his parents in old age—but there are no Athenians in our day.

Many of the inmates are either sick or ailing, and all look upon Dr. O'Reilly, the physician, as a father. He has ever a kind word for all, and they pour all their grievances and complaints into his patient ear. The services of such an officer are above all price, and we trust they may be duly acknowledged.

The almshouse is well worthy a visit, and perhaps those of our citizens who have leisure could not improve a little time better than by using it in this way. They would surely be none the worse for so slight an expenditure.

CITY FEATURES.

Louisville the Place.

Dr. Ogburn being in bad health, and seeking relief from some eight different physicians, and from different watering places and traveling, met with intelligent citizens who advised him to go to Louisville, Ky. Ah, why so? said the Doctor; does the greatest doctor in the world live in Louisville? and, if so, why don't he go to London or Paris? But in about a year afterwards, finding no relief, he came to Louisville, and, after thorough treatment, he now says he feels like a new man, and goes home rejoicing. He boarded at the Farmer's Home.

P. S.—After learning of the unparalleled health of Louisville, and becoming acquainted with her liberal, intelligent, and warm-hearted citizens, and Dr. Hulcee's magnificent medicine, surrounded by vines, shrubbery, and flowers, and the cream of practice, he understood why Dr. Hulcee (his benefactor) prefers living in Louisville, Kentucky.

Pargny's Ladies' Saloon.

Mr. August Pargny has been fortunate enough to secure rooms in the splendid new block of Bamberger & Bloom, No. 159 Fourth street, (near the Central Market-house), and has fitted them up in the most elegant manner for a ladies' ice cream saloon and restaurant. Pargny is famous for his delicious ices, cool drinks, and the perfection of his cooks.

It is a delightful resort for those in quest of refreshments for the inner man—or woman. It is a most appropriate place wherein to discuss oysters and fashion with Mary Jane.

The ladies of Louisville are indebted to Mons. Pargny for furnishing them with such an elegant place for procuring a lunch which they can enjoy with all the privacy and security afforded by their own parlors. The enterprise deserves success, and we trust that the public verdict will award it.

AN ACCOMPLISHMENT.—Miss H. Lefevre and Miss Wittgenstein beg leave to inform the public that they have opened a Ladie's Academy, for instruction in the manufacture of needle-work, embroidery, artificial flowers, wax and pearl work, crape flowers, &c. They are prepared also to fill at short notice, and at very reasonable terms, all work in the above branches.

They also pay especial attention to the manufacture of children's dresses, plain, fancy and embroidered in the latest Parisian styles. The dyeing of silks, velvets, cashmeres, shawls and ribbons forms a special part of their business.

Specimens of their work, which received premiums at the State Fair, are on exhibition at their place of business, over Lapp & Brothers' Paper Store, No 99 Fourth street, between Market and Jefferson.

The public is respectfully invited to call.

A Strong Testimonial.

The following letter bears the strongest testimony to the superior merits of Brinly's Great Universal Plow:

BARNESVILLE, GA., Sept. 7, 1868.

Mr. T. E. C. Brinly:

DEAR SIR—I have many inquiries about your plows. I have tried nearly all the make of plows against your's. I have met them in plowing matches, and have beaten them all with your "Universal Plow." I have been trying heavy two-horse plows of different patterns, including the Buck Steel Clipper, the Steel Eagle, the Edy & Collins famous plow, and many others, and hesitate not to say, as I have already said, after having been engaged in agricultural pursuits for thirty years and in the use of those tiding plows for fifteen years that "Brinly's Improved Universal" is the best plow I have ever used or seen used. I prefer them to all others, and can cheerfully recommend them to any and all.

W. R. MURPHY.

☞ The attention of the readers of the COURIER is directed to the advertisement of Mr. J. L. Deppen, of the long-established, well-known, and popular clothing house, corner of Fourth and Market streets. Mr. Deppen is now in receipt of his fall stock of clothing, furnishing goods, cloths, cassimeres and vestings, which, for extent and superiority, have never been surpassed. Those who want the best articles at fair prices could not do better than go to Deppen's.

ANDREWS' DRY GOODS STORE.—This well known house is constantly growing in favor with the public, and we take pleasure in calling attention to his conspicuous advertisement in the COURIER to-day. He is selling a fine stock of embroideries and laces at wonderfully low prices, is offering his large stock of domestic goods at New York prices, and offers extraordinary inducements to wholesale purchasers.

SPLENDID GOODS AT CUNNINGHAM'S.—Our lady readers should not fail to read the conspicuous advertisement in another column of Mr. R. Cunningham, 154 Market street, and to avail themselves of the inducements he offers to purchasers. His stock of new fall goods is very large and admirably selected, and his prices cannot fail to be satisfactory to the most dyspeptic purse.

☞ The dashing new Gallop Quadrilles, Waltz Quadrilles, Polka Quadrilles, Polka Redowa Quadrilles, &c., now so much in vogue in Europe, also in New York, Boston, New Orleans, &c., will all be introduced at Mons. and M'd Muller's Dancing Academy, Weisiger Hall, during this season.

☞ Messrs. Gresham & Essington, real estate agents, offer for sale 7,000 acres of valuable land within thirty miles of the city. See their advertisement.

☞ We notice that our clever and worthy friend, A. A. Blanchard, is now located at the corner of Third and Market streets. We congratulate Mr. Winter on the acquisition to his popular establishment of so energetic, excellent and reliable a gentleman.

THE BRYANT & STRATTON BUSINESS COLLEGE.—The night sessions of this popular institution commence to-morrow night. For terms, descriptive circular, &c., call at the college office, Weisiger Block.

PASCHALL HOUSE DRAWING.—Certificates in this grand scheme can be secured at W. Scott Glore's bookstore, corner Third and Jefferson streets, and at the office of the Willard Hotel. Orders by mail promptly attended to.

KENTUCKY STATE FAIR.

FIFTH DAY

A DAMP MORNING.

The Clouds Disperse, the Rains Cease, the Crowds Increase.

ANOTHER GREAT GATHERING.

INTENSE ENTHUSIASM.

A FINE DISPLAY OF HORSES.

FULL PARTICULARS.

FAIR TO BE CONTINUED.

THE TOURNAMENT POSTPONED.

INCIDENTS—ITEMS—PERSONALS.

&c., &c., &c.

The weather, during the forenoon of yesterday, was very unpropitious, and for a time fears were entertained that the fifth, which had been looked forward to as the great day, would prove a failure, but the rain ceased opportunely and the crowd began to gather. At eleven o'clock the clouds had dispersed and there was no more rain during the day.

On account of the rain on former days of the fair, many persons had deferred their visit till yesterday, and, as a result, the ground, halls and amphitheater were crowded.

The exhibition in the ring was necessarily delayed on account of the rain, but the judges were the more expeditious in making the awards after the show began, so that in the end but little time was lost.

The following awards were made:

DRAUGHT HORSES.

Best horse four years old and upwards—premium $25; five entries. D. L. Gregory, Jefferson county, premium; Hunt Reynolds, Franklin county, certificate.

Best horse three years and under four—premium $20. G. S. Howell, Shelby county, premium.

Best horse two years and under three—premium $15; no entry.

Best horse one year and under two—premium $10; no entry.

Best horse colt—premium $10; three entries. Hunt Reynolds, Franklin county, premium; J. L. Campbell, Shelby county, certificate.

DRAUGHT MARES.

Best mare, four years and upward, premium $25, five entries—Hunt Reynolds, Franklin county, premium; Taylor Herr, Jefferson county, certificate.

Best mare, three years and under four, premium $20, one entry—Jas. Hall, Shelby county, certificate.

Best mare, two years and under three, premium $15, one entry—Shelby Price, Shelby county, certificate.

Best mare, one year and under two, premium $10, no entry.

Best mare colt, premium $10, no entry.

DRAUGHT GELDING OR MARE.

Best draught gelding or mare, premium $15, four entries—Taylor Herr, Jefferson county, premium. No certificate awarded.

Best Pair Draught Horses, premium $30—Two entries; American Express Co., premium; Hunt Reynolds, Franklin county, certificate.

MODEL HORSES.

Best Stallion, premium $20—Seven entries; S. P. McKinley, Spencer county, premium; Will. Gardner, Henry county, certificate.

Best Mare, premium $20—Five entries; Dr. Gay, Woodford county, premium; Ben. Offutt, Shelby county, certificate.

Best Gelding, premium $20—Seven entries; Dr. J. N. Lilly, Jefferson county, premium; L. L. Dorsey, Jefferson county, certificate.

Best Tandem Team, premium $20—Four entries; B. W. Jenkins, Jefferson county, premium and certificate.

LIVERY HORSES.

Premium $20—Eighteen entries; B. W. Jenkins, Jefferson county, premium and certificate.

FANCY TEAM.

Premium $20—Five entries; J. C. Ireland, Jefferson county, premium; T. J. Macey, Woodford county, certificate.

MODEL RING.

Best ladies' saddle horse, mare or gelding, under 15½ hands high. Premium $20—Five entries; T. J. Macey, Woodford county, premium; J. C. Ireland, Jefferson county, certificate.

SWEEPSTAKES FOR PREMIUM ANIMALS.

Best premium stallion. Premium $25—Seven entries; J. C. Miles, Henry county, premium; T. J. Macey, Woodford county, certificate.

Best premium gelding, premium $25—Four entries; B. F. Vanmeter, Clark, premium; Dr. J. N. Lilly, Jefferson, certificate.

Best premium mare, premium $25—Six entries; T. J. Macey, Woodford, premium; B. V. Jenkins, Jefferson, certificate.

RIDING RING.

Best rider ten years of age and under eighteen—Sam. Duff, first premium; Louis Williams, second premium; Louis Prather, third premium.

GRAND TOURNAMENT.

At 4:30 P. M. the distinguished referees were requested to take their stand, while Captain W. J. Heady, Chief Marshal, called upon the knights to enter the ring to try their skill as equestrians. The following is a list of the knights:

I. E. Green, Knight of Louisville.
Sylvester Johnson, Knight of the Brush.
W. I. Ballad, Knight of Shelby.
J. C. Ireland, Knight of Eminence.
J. C. McKay, Knight of the Turkey Detail.
Thos. Yeager, Knight of Henderson.
E. S. Stewart, Knight of Jefferson.
Geo. S. Shockency, Knight Before Last.
C. K. Farries, Knight of Mexico.
Claud. Duvall, Knight of Kentucky.
J. C. Vanse, Knight of the "Old Dominion."

When the knights had all entered, at the command of the Chief Marshal they rode around the ring, and saluted the audience with their lances, after which they were drawn up in line before the Judges' stand, when they were addressed as follows by Hon. Boyd Winchester:

GALLANT KNIGHTS! Noble gentlemen! Representatives and revivers of the virtues and customs of the chivalric age, we hail and welcome this day. As you enter the contest of skill for ladies' love, remember that whatever external changes there may be in chivalry, at the heart its noble and generous emotions are the same. Though you appear not in tin clothes and sheet-iron armor, yet you may ride as gracefully before admiring eyes as if sheathed in pan and pot metal. Though you acolytes in knight-errantry went through no trial of patience in the field, or watching your virgin armor in the ghostly chapel all night, yet your patience and endurance have been as sternly tried in bucking against those dangling rings. It is not the array of steel and cast iron that make knighthood or the knights, or a clean-kept kitchen with its burnished metal would be the mirror of knight errantry. No! It is the schooling of the heart to temperance, chastity, frugality, valor, and love. That enduring constancy may be yours as well, though your personal equipments cost the blacksmith nothing. To-day you commemorate those virtues and an approving multitude rejoice at a noble custom kept alive. They feel that although the externals of chivalry are gone—though

> The knights are dead
> Their good swords are rust—
> Their souls with the Lord,
> We trust.

Yet still their virtues live in you. Hence has gathered here to-day the flower of Kentucky chivalry. Gallant hearts and brave eyes that have looked cooly down the quivering line of fire with check unflinched. Ladies as fair as ever graced the lists in the palmiest days of yore. Raise your eyes and see the brilliant spectacle of love, beauty and valor. Let it steel your hearts and nerve your arms. Forward, then, knightly sons of Kentucky! Onward, with graceful lance and clattering steed, for on such lances point a thousand prayers from brave and blushing lips to guide it right. Generous friends will cheer you; true and valiant judges will watch and discriminate. And over the victor's crown shall burst the applauding shouts of ten thousand hearts, hailing the victorious knight.

The close of Mr. Winchester's speech was followed by loud and enthusiastic applause.

The referees then decided that the time allowed to ride around the ring should be twenty-eight seconds, and that each knight should have three trials. At the tap of the drum Mr. J. S. Ireland took his stand and rode as follows:

First trial, time, 21 seconds; 2 rings.
Second trial, time 24 seconds, 1 ring.
Third trial, time, 22½ seconds, 3 rings.
Ballad, first trial, time 23 seconds, 1 ring.
Green, first trial, time 22 seconds, 3 rings.
Shockency, first trial, time 22 seconds, 3 rings.
Duvall, first trial, time 21½ seconds, 2 rings.
Johnson, first trial, time 24½ seconds, 1 ring.
McKay, first trial, time 21 seconds, 2 rings.
Yeager, first trial, time 24 seconds, 1 ring.
Stewart, first trial, time 21½ seconds, 1 ring.
Farries, first trial, time 22½ seconds, no ring.
Vanse, first trial, time 22 seconds, 1 ring.
Yeager, second trial, time 26 seconds, 2 rings.
Yeager, third trial, time 22½ seconds, 3 rings.

On account of the lateness of the hour, the tournament was postponed until to-morrow, when the Fair will be continued. An unfortunate accident occurred to Mr. Vanse while in the tournament ring; he was riding at the rate of three miles a minute, when his horse got frightened and his girth broke, but by excellent horsemanship, he succeeded in keeping his seat.

A most beautiful bouquet was presented to Mr. I. L. Hyatt, President of the "Louisville and Jefferson County Association," by Mr. and Mrs. Serb.

Our kind and accommodating friend, Mr. Tate, Treasurer of the Association, invited us to partake of some watermelon; it was a different kind from any we have ever before eaten, known as the "Orange" melon; it was delicious.

In the first ring shown yesterday, there were two entries for "draught horses," and after close inspection, and examination of points, style, muscular power, &c., the premium was awarded D. L. Gregory of Jefferson county, the certificate to Hunt Reynolds of Franklin county.

Mr. Gregory exhibited his horse in person, and when the blue ribbon was given his "darling pet" he tipt his hat, mounted his fiery charger, and,

> "Like a fairy flitting through the air,
> With wild and wondrous skill to dare,
> The circle round on lightning steed,
> He was fearless in heroic deed."

His equestrianism on "the wild horse of Tartary" in the arena was a magnificent affair and elicited thunders of applause.

D. K. Folsom, agent of the American Express Company, through mistake exhibited his fine pair of "draught horses" in the wrong ring, and was awarded the premium, but, unfortunately, in consequence of the mistake, had to forfeit it. Not at all discouraged by this, he brought them in the next ring, their proper place, and again, amid enthusiastic applause, [illegible] the palm of honor. Captain Folsom's horses, in point of style and muscular power, stand unsurpassed.

In the Livery Ring our friend B. W. Jenkins exhibited a charming herd of horses. There were eighteen in all, and we never remember having seen a finer livery turn out, and when the blue ribbon was tied to Mr. Jenkins' black mare the amphitheater all around reverberated with the shouts of a well-pleased audience.

As far as the beauty of animals is concerned, we can confidently assert that we have never seen three more beautiful horses than those exhibited by J. C. Miles, of Henry county, T. J. Macey, of Woodford, and L. L. Dorsey, of Jefferson. While the exhibition was going on, so eager were the people to hear the decision of the judges, that nearly any sound was audible, and, when it was announced that "Refugee" and "Peavine" had been chosen, they could contain themselves no longer, and shouts and thunders of applause filled the air.

FLORAL HALL.

This favorite resort was crowded, as usual, by the beauty and fashion of the city—and State. The attractions were as great and numerous as on any previous day; the flowers were as fresh and fragrant, and the fruits as tempting as they were on the first day. A number of new entries were made for display, and a few discretionary premiums were awarded.

Mrs. Cyrene Smith exhibited an abdominal corset, which received a diploma. The corsets manufactured by her are said to be superior to all others for the purpose for which they are designed. They are very highly recommended by our leading physicians, which is a sufficient guaranty that they are all that is claimed for them.

Those clever gentlemen, Messrs. German & Bro., received the highest premium for lithographing and engraving; and right well did they deserve it. They execute as fine lithograph engraving as we have ever seen, and their work cannot be excelled by any similar establishment in the country. Their display added very much to the decoration of Floral Hall. We are pleased to note the success and popularity of our young friends. May their success be commensurate with their skill.

The specimen of sign painting by Mr. George E. Biddell, alluded to in our issue of yesterday, took the first premium, which was, in the hurry of the occasion, omitted.

Mr. E. J. Wright, of Hollingsworth & Johnson's Commercial College, exhibited a number of specimens of pen drawing, for which he received the first premium. The specimens were very fine, the design and execution being equal to any we have ever seen of that style of penmanship. The first premium was also awarded to Messrs. Hollingsworth & Johnson for the best course of book-keeping. The premiums in both cases were richly deserved, and we trust that the fact will not be lost sight of by persons seeking instruction in these important branches of education.

Prof. W. J. Burton, who contributed largely to the display of fine arts, was awarded the following diplomas:

For best landscape in oil.
For best flower painting in water colors.
For rapid execution of oil painting, and for his beautiful picture entitled the "Advance of Civilization."

The large picture exhibited by him was painted in the Young Men's Christian Association rooms, a few months ago, in the space of one hour and forty minutes, and in the presence of about two hundred persons. There is no humbug about this, yet it is difficult to persuade those who did not witness the execution of it that such is the fact. To the incredulous we can say that Prof. Burton is prepared to duplicate it in less time, as he lost a good deal of time in explaining the operation while painting it. We understand that Prof. Burton was offered $50 for the "Advance of Civilization" yesterday.

The premium having been awarded to Brady's Family Bitters, it is proper that more than a passing notice be made of that indispensable tonic. The common expression, "everybody takes it," so nearly approaches the truth, that an extended notice would seem to be useless as an advertisement. The bitters have justly become popular, not only on account of the peculiar flavor, but also on account of their efficacy as a tonic. As an evidence of the universal appreciation of "Brady's Bitters," we are pleased to state the fact that they have taken premiums over all competitors, at every fair at which they have been exhibited.

Col. A. P. Henry was awarded a diploma for his beautiful bust of "Genevieve."

Miss Ada Crunan's specimen of plain and fancy leather work received a blue ribbon.

The sale of the premium vegetables, fruits, &c., in Floral Hall took place at 1 o'clock. The articles generally brought a good price. The grapes sold very well, and a number of beautiful bouquets brought extravagant prices.

Floral Hall was dismantled of its beauties, and by 5 o'clock looked like a "banquet hall deserted," or an unconsolable man whose wife had run away with the boy with the glass eye. Exhibitors packed up their respective articles; some in high glee, and some mad as a March hare.

We are pleased to announce that Mr. W. Shelby Wilson was awarded a diploma by the Society for his polite and assiduous attention as clerk of Floral Hall—a well deserved compliment. We are requested to state that Mr. Wilson may be found at the office of O. W. Thomas, corner of Main and Second streets, for a few days, and all who have not received their diplomas are invited to call there and get them.

POWER HALL.

In this department there was little of unusual interest beyond the awarding of a few additional premiums and certificates. The representatives of the various "masheens" were on had to press their claims and explain the modus operandi, &c. Before the close of the day many of the articles were removed, and Power Hall was well nigh forsaken.

The following premiums were awarded in this department yesterday:

Best double action metal pump—A. Carver, Little Falls, New York, premium.

Wine and cider mill—Pitkin, Wiard & Co., Louisville, premium.

Sash for hot bed—Sam Duff, premium.

Hand corn-planter; Kinglesmith, diploma.

Marbleized mantel; Bridgeford & Co., premium.

Messrs. Brinly, Miles & Hardy sold on the grounds yesterday one hundred of their "Universal one-horse plows."

The following is a list of premiums awarded to Messrs. Pitkin, Wiard & Co. at the fair:

Sweepstake Separator, first premium.
Buckeye Reaper and Mower, self-rake, first premium.
Portable steam-engine, first premium.
Victor Cane Mill, first premium.
Cook's Evaporator, first premium.
Buckeye Junior Wine and Cider Mill.
Two-horse farm wagon, first premium.
Cummings' Cutter, first premium.
Virginia Corn Sheller, first premium.
Clipper Washing Machine, first premium.
Willoughby Grain Drill, first premium.
Novelty Clothes Wringer, first premium.
Road Scraper, first premium.
Geddes' Hinge Harrow, first premium.
Buckeye Senior Cider Mill, second premium.
Taylor's Riding Rake, second premium.
Stafford Riding Cultivator, second premium.
Hewett Churn, second premium.

MISCELLANEOUS.

The war of the elements has kept the directors, one and all, as busy as bees. They have had the muddy walks scraped and covered with dry saw-dust, planks laid down at the entrances and in muddy places, and everything made as comfortable as the circumstances will admit of. They have spared neither pains nor expense to render the State Fair attractive, and their untiring zeal is spoken of on all sides in eulogistic terms.

During the entire week we noted very little drunkenness and disorder. A few young gents got their fighting blood up to fever heat, but the opportune shower soon cooled their ardor. Others got their legs in unnavigable condition, but the courteous police kindly cared for them and safely stowed them in some retired spot, where they lay

"Not dead, but sleepeth."

There was a disturbance in the amphitheater yesterday, near the officers' headquarters, which for a time threatened to terminate seriously, the origin and nature of which we were unable to learn. The efficient policemen were promptly on hand, and speedily ejected the disturbers of the peace from the amphitheater, and the panic stricken audience was again seated, and calmly awaited the result of the tournament.

Two or three drunken men received tickets of leave during the day, but considering the large crowds that were present and the abundance of ardent spirits on the grounds, there was less drunkenness and disorderly conduct than we might have expected. This may be attributed in part, if not wholly, to the excellent quality of the liquors kept by Messrs. Cawein & Guepner.

We noticed upon the grounds that genial gentleman, John B. Robinson, Passenger Agent for the Columbus and Indianapolis Railroad; he was viewing the sights, and at the same time had an eye to business; he was busy distributing circulars, and telling everybody that the above route would convey passengers to New York seven hours ahead of all competition, and they could gently slumber in one of the famous Silver Palace sleeping cars, and wake up in New York refreshed and ready for business or pleasure.

We regret that the mention made in yesterday's report of the "Phœnix" Range, entered by J. S. Lithgow & Co., should have caused any misunderstanding or ill feeling on the part of the representatives of other ranges. The reporter had no intention whatever to detract from the reputation of other less fortunate ranges, and did not claim to express the opinion of the public, but simply his own, which was strengthened, and, as he thought, fully justified by the decision of the judges.

The following letter, received yesterday on the grounds, will explain itself:

LOUISVILLE, Sept. 12, 1868.

To the Editor of the Louisville Courier:

I notice in your report of "Cook's Evaporator," this morning, a slight numerical mistake. Instead of "over 1,300," it should read "over 30,000." I throw myself upon your indulgence for a correction. With the exception of "the heavens above and the earth beneath," I leave with a very pleasant recollection of your fair.

Truly yours, H. NORTON,
of Blymyer, Norton & Co.

We cannot close our report this morning without expressing our gratitude to the officers and clerks, one and all, for their uniform kindness to us during the fair, in affording every facility in their power in making our reports and for personal favors innumerable. Through their kindness we have been enabled to make full and correct reports each day, and by their hospitality our duties, which would otherwise have been arduous and tiresome, have been made a pleasant pastime.

DINNER—A HIGH COMPLIMENT.

We had the distinguished honor of partaking of a sumptuous dinner, prepared by Mrs. Lyter Huffman, who invited as her guests on the occasion the officers of the fair and many other distinguished persons who were present. The guests were in high glee and greatly enjoyed the repast. A fine bouquet, the largest and most beautiful one we have ever seen, adorned the table. It was admired and adorned by every one who saw it, and universally pronounced a most exquisitely beautiful collection and arrangement of flowers. We cannot conceal our pride in saying that we were most agreeably surprised at the close of the dinner, upon being presented, as representatives of the COURIER, with the bouquet by Mrs. Huffman, as an appreciation of the faithful and elaborate reports of the fair. When we look upon these beautiful flowers, so tastefully arranged, now upon our desk, and breathe their delicious perfume, and when we remember how many persons saw, admired, and earnestly wished for our treasure, as we carried it triumphantly off the grounds and through the city, we feel that a greater compliment could not have been paid us, and that we are well repaid for our week's labor at the fair grounds.

MEETING OF DIRECTORS.

CONTINUATION OF THE FAIR.

Programme for Monday.

Numbers of stock owners having expressed to the members of the Board of Directors of the "Kentucky State Agricultural Society" their desire to have an opportunity to come in competition with horses that had already taken premiums, the Board decided, at a meeting held at the Louisville Hotel last night, to continue the Fair one day longer, and to offer on Monday a series of "Rings" which should be open to *every* one, regardless of former entries or awards, and to invite "the world" to contest the premiums. Another consideration, which had much weight with the board, was the fact that a great proportion of the immense crowd present yesterday urged the officers to continue the Fair another day, in order that they might have an opportunity of witnessing the close of the tournament, the postponement of which was rendered unavoidable by the lateness of the hour, and the unfavorable condition of the ring, consequent upon the continued rain.

After thorough consultation and deliberation, they decided to offer the following programme for Monday, fully confident that it presents more features of general interest and attraction than any offered this year:

PROGRAMME FOR MONDAY, SEPT. 14, AT 10 O'CLOCK A. M.

BUGGY HORSES IN HARNESS.

Best gelding; premium $20.
Best mare; premium $20.
Best pair buggy geldings; premium $20.
Best pair buggy mares; premium $20.

CARRIAGE HORSES.

Best pair carriage geldings; premium $20.
Best pair carriage mares; premium $20.

SADDLE HORSES.

Best saddle gelding; premium $20.
Best saddle mare; premium $20.

FANCY RING.

Best pair of buggy horses, regardless of sex or color, $20.

FANCY RIDING RING.

Without regard to age, in fancy costume; premium, $20—offered by Cawein & Gupner, of Louisville.

TOURNAMENT.

The ring of the amphitheater will be drained and put in thorough good order, and all owners of fine horses are earnestly urged to compete for the liberal premiums offered.

We are requested by the directors to state that owing to the unfavorable and threatening weather, much doubt existed in the minds of many as to the tournament coming off at all, and therefore the knights and officers of the tourney failed to appear in appropriate costumes. On Monday, however, all contestants, as well as all the officers, will be clothed in the costumes appropriate to the character represented.

After the foregoing programme had been decided upon, the following resolution was offered and adopted, when the Board adjourned:

At a meeting of the Board of Directors of the Kentucky State Association, on motion of Col. L. J. Bradford, it was

Resolved, That the thanks of this board are due to the Louisville COURIER, Journal, Democrat, and Anzeiger for the enterprise and spirit which have characterized their reports of the proceedings of the fair. Their kindness and liberality in furnishing the board all the aid in their power, without regard to labor or expense, to enable it to promote the great objects of the exhibition, will ever be remembered by it with gratitude.

ROBERT MALLORY, Pres't.
JAMES J. MILLER, Sec'y.

KENTUCKY CONFERENCE.

Fourth Day's Proceedings.

[Reported for the Louisville Courier.]

September 12, 1868.

OPENING SERVICE.

For an opening service the usual morning prayer meeting was held, conducted by W. R. Johnson.

RECEIVED INTO FULL CONNECTION.

W. B. Godbey was received into full connection.

EXAMINATION OF CHARACTER.

The characters of the following ministers were examined and approved, viz: D. Welburn, H. A. C. Walker, T. J. Godbey, J. C. Minor, G. T. Gould, J. H. Steather, N. G. Berryman, D. A. Beardsley, T. F. Vanmeter, R. Hines, R. A. Holland, J. R. Deering, W. R. Kavanaugh, J. W. Wightman, S. L. Robertson, M. Mann, G. W. Smith, O. Long, W. H. Parker, J. E. Litton, C. Taylor, W. H. Abbett, T. P. C. Shelman, J. T. S. Smith, T. N. Ralston, J. Rand, W. T. Benton, P. H. Hoffman, R. Lancaster, E. Johnson, B. F. Sedwick, W Bickers, L. C. Waters, P. E. Kavanaugh, W. W. Chamberlin, N. G. Robinson, T. G. Bosley, W. J. Snively.

LOCATED.

J. T. S. Smith received a location at his own request.

INTRODUCED.

Rev. Z. F. Smith, Superintendent of Public Instruction, was introduced.

REPORT ON BOOKS AND PERIODICALS.

The report of the committee on the above named interests was read and adopted. It indorses the course of the book agent in managing the affairs of the publishing house, and commends various publications to the patronage of the church.

MISSIONARY MEETING.

A resolution was offered in reference to the disposition of funds collected for domestic missions, which elicited some discussion. The most extended remarks were made by Rev. T. G. Bosley, in which he referred to the demands of the mountain regions for assistance from the Missionary Society and the obligation of the church to aid the needy mountain churches through the Missionary Society and missionary laborers. His remarks were heard with much interest and made an impression. He having been a mountain presiding elder the past year, was prepared to speak from experience and personal observation.

The annual meeting of the missionary society was held at four o'clock P. M., and the missionary anniversary was held at night, reports of which will hereafter appear.

SERMON BY REV. DR. PIERCE.

The venerable Dr. Pierce, sixty-four years a minister of the gospel, preached Friday night. There is a strong resemblance between the voice of the father and of his distinguished son, the Bishop. A person hearing one is continually reminded of the other. The sermon was an admirable one, and it was difficult for a person to realize the fact that the clear ringing voice of the preacher had been publishing the tidings of salvation for almost two-thirds of a century.

THE SABBATH.

Several of the churches will be occupied on the Sabbath by distinguished ministers, and interesting services of various kinds will occur.

☞ Report of auction sales at the stable of B. W. Jenkins & Co., from the 7th to the 12th day of September, inclusive, corner of Fifth and Green streets, Louisville, Ky.:

Bay mare, 8 yrs old, $60 50; horse mule, 3 yrs old, $121; bay horse, 1 yr old, $125; bay mare mule 4 yrs old, $88 50; brown mare, 5 yrs old, $152; brown horse, 7 yrs old, $54; spring wagon, $70; pair double harness, $30; bay horse, 5 yrs old, $140; sulky, $40; top buggy, $175; bay mare, 9 yrs old, $56; roan mare, 8 yrs old, $38; black mule, 5 yrs old, $90; bay mare 9 yrs old, $80; sorrel horse, 5 yrs old, $55; iron gray mule, 3 yrs old, $100; sorrel horse, 9 yrs old, $42 50; sorrel horse, 5 yrs old, $129; bay horse, 10 years old, $52; pair mules, 3 yrs old, $231; bay mare, 9 yrs old, $51; blind mare, $14; sorrel horse, 8 yrs ole, $200; c s horse, 8 yrs old, $115 50; bay mare, 8 yrs old, $92; bay mare, 4 yrs old, $91; horse and buggy, $96; sorrel horse, 8 yrs old, $75; roan mare, 12 yrs old, $23; sorrel horse, 4 yrs old, $77; bay mare, 13 yrs old, $41 50; 2 mules, 3 yrs old, $255; large bay mule, 7 yrs old, $165; bay colt, 4 yrs old, $120; bro mare, 11 yrs old, $30; gray stallion, 11 yrs old, $57; sorrel saddle horse, $145; roan mare, 5 yrs old, $75 50; gray horse, 11 yrs old, $37; rockaway $375; sorrel horse, 7 yrs old, $150; set double harness, $22 50; sorrel horse, 8 yrs old, $118; set double harness, 28 50; gray horse, 9 yrs old, $120; bay horse, 5 yrs old, $174; iron gray mule, 4 yrs old, $107; blind horse, $11 75; gray horse, 12 yrs old, $37 50, sorrel horse, 9 yrs old, $73; bay mule, 5 yrs old, $175; brown horse, 8 yrs old, $187; black pony, 5 yrs old, $71; bay mare, 4 yrs old, $75; bay filly, 3 yrs old, $52; gray horse, 8 yrs old, $41 50; sorrel colt, 4 yrs old, $88; sorrel horse, 5 yrs old, $79; roan mare, 9 yrs old, $87; sorrel horse, 11 yrs old, $65; brown horse, s yrs old, $66 50; blind mare, 4 yrs old, $29; c. s. filly, 2 yrs old, $150; gray horse, 12, yrs old, $40; sorrel horse, 5 yrs old, $139; gray horse, 9 yrs old, $138; brown mule, 6 yrs old, $110; pr. sorrel mules, 3 yrs old, $357; blind horse, $14; iron gray horse, 5 yrs old, $131 50; pr. brown mules, 3 yrs old, $390; buggy, $27; spring wagon, $119; roan mare, $25.

POSTPONED.—The lecture to have been delivered by Rev. Dr. C. B. Parsons in the Portland Methodist Church, on Friday evening, was postponed on account of the stormy weather until Monday evening, 14th inst., at eight o'clock.

THE RISE IN THE OHIO.—The river continues to rise rapidly at this point, and another large section of the great bridge trestle work was swept away yesterday.

☞ Richard J. O'Brient, charged with stabbing a negro at Shelbyville, was lodged in jail on yesterday.

☞ The Rev. Dr. Boyle, of St. Louis, will preach at the Chestnut street Methodist church this morning at 11 o'clock.

Southern Orphan School.

The Lexington Observer, in answer to our inquiry in regard to a letter we received from Lexington, says:

> We strongly suspect that some Peter Funk has been trying to get "our contemporary" to nibble at a bare hook. We know nothing whatever about this "Southern Orphan School" business, but we do know that Mrs. Reed instead of now being on a collecting tour is in the city of Boston; and that no one has been authorized either to use this office as a place of deposit for "orphan funds" or to use the name of this paper in any such enterprise.

☞ Goldsmith is supposed to have referred to the Grecian bend, when he wrote "She stoops to conquer."

KENTUCKIENNE.

A Charming Letter.

NEW YORK, Sept. 8, 1868.

To the Editor of the Louisville Courier:

RETURN OF THE BUTTERFLIES.

With the first days of September the city is filled again by the return of the summer truants. The butterflies of fashion leave the watering places and flit back to their homes weary with the gayeties of Saratoga and Newport, yet ready to plunge in another round of amusements awaiting them here. You see them everywhere—in the Park, on the avenue, shopping at Stewart's, at the modiste's plying the girls with questions about when Madame will return from Paris with the fall fashions.

FASHION MATTERS.

Meanwhile until Madame comes to decide what shall be worn for the winter, the girls put scarlet feathers in their Mousquetaire hats, and with the addition of a huge bow of bright Sultan red at their throats, adapt summer costumes to the cool days of early autumn. A lady puts quite as much of her soul into her necktie these days as do the gentlemen, and with reason. Such breadth of linen as is in the collars now worn is fatal to any complexion, unless relieved by a bit of ribbon of a becoming hue, and the all black, or all white dresses of the season would be as sombre as mourning without some such bright addenda.

At Stewart's a host of pretty things have arrived in advance, but are not on exhibition for the want of room to show them in, as the house is torn to pieces to be enlarged. The new addition to this mammoth establishment will make it the largest house of the kind in the world. Most of the handsome importations are reserved for the grand opening in October, but with a fashion editress friend I have had a glimpse of the silks and velvets and laces, and find them more beautiful than ever.

The most expensive silks are in stripes and changeable grounds. Three and sometimes four widely contrasting colors are blended in the chameleon goods. The solid color most conspicuously shown is a bright garnet of a peculiar purplish cast. For evening dress there is a new shade of sulphur green, much lighter than Metternich, and with yellow more prominent. Every shade of yellow combined with black will be in vogue. The blonde beauties, it seems, have had their day, a long one, and the fashion-makers have designed the new colors with special reference to the long-neglected brunettes.

A LOVELY PETTICOAT.

Nothing can be more gorgeous than the striped satins imported for the lower skirts of costumes of changeable and striped silk. They are in narrow stripes of the gay Roman colors, or bright Prussian yellow with scarlet and green. It sounds gaudy enough to tell of them, but one color tones down the other, and in midwinter they will not look *outre*, only bright and warm. This is the linen back satin, more durable than if all pure silk, and expensive enough at five dollars a yard, when one considers it is only for a petticoat.

CLOAKS.

The velvet cloaks are longer and almost tight fitting, of the Polonaise shape, worn with a belt. They have a small cape not reaching to the waist, and the skirts are straight in front and puffed out *en paniers* behind. With such a cloak, a striped petticoat with bias ruffle makes a complete street suit. Imported dresses are all puffs and flounces, of bias stripes on plain changeable materials. Fringe lace and eccentric knots of ribbon are the trimmings. In woolen goods striped serge and changeable poplin are about as handsome as silk.

BONNETS AND FURS.

Bonnets are smaller than ever, and prettier, and cost more money. Feathers are very much used, four different shades of one color of ostrich being used on a hat. The furriers are already exhibiting new furs. The shaggy Astrakhans are largely imported, but of course nothing will ever be as handsome as sable, and the most elegant sable I have seen in a long time is a set brought by General Rousseau from the new Russian possessions for a Kentucky lady.

THE GRECIAN BEND.

Taken all in all the new styles are beautiful and picturesque. The pannier dresses needed but the addition of the long points at the waist, now worn in Paris to complete the resemblance to portraits of the French marquises of the last century. A woman of taste makes herself a picture now-a-days that it is pleasant to look upon; but those who go to the extreme of fashion and adopt the Grecian bend, take the one step that leads to the ludicrous. Southern and Western papers talk as if this curved line that is not beauty were peculiar to Saratoga and New York. The peppermint prescription has cured the epidemic at Saratoga, and that sovereign panacea, ridicule, has had the same effect here. The few who stoop to conquer, or wear what a parodist calls the "back bowed down by weight of bend," get themselves stared at even on Broadway. Nothing can be more absurd than this hunchback position and the listless carriage of the hands that accompanies it; but there must be something about lovely woman for the wits to shoot their arrows at—and what more safe target?

AMUSEMENTS.

There was no dearth of amusement all summer, and now the regular season has opened, making the evenings very gay. Barbe Bleu drew crowds at Niblo's during the warmest weather, and now the old habitues of opera are in town again the house is brilliant.

This opera is in Offenbach's best vein—more jolly and rollicking than the Grand Duchesse, and full of gay sparkling airs that catch the fancy and haunt it. Irma is very amusing—but I don't yield her the palm over Tostee, as most people do. Mrs. Lander is playing Ristori's roles, but again I cannot be off with the old love. Ristori will always remain to me the highest ideal of acting, any imitation of which is the merest mockery. Maggie Mitchell has a new play—Lorie, in which they say she cries and laughs in her own contagious way. She is at the Museum. I have not seen her. Humpty Dumpty still holds its own. There was as large an audience when I saw it a week since as there was six months ago. Sargalli leads the most beautiful ballet I ever saw, and Fox is so absurd that one hasn't the heart not to laugh at him.

DEATH OF AN ARTIST.

The death of Charles Elliott is a great loss to art. His pictures are to be collected and exhibited at the Academy of Design. His portraits are wonderful likenesses and exquisite paintings. One of his best, of the genial face of Fletcher Harper, Sr., attracted much attention at the Paris Exposition.

A NEW AUNTY CHRIST.

Another bit of art gossip. Page, the artist who painted Farragut lashed to the mast, is doing a scriptural piece, our Saviour and the Twelve, and has asked Theodore Tilton to sit for Christ. It sounds blasphemous to write it, and it *is* perversion. I wonder if he had been "sitting" when I met him on Broadway to-day arrayed like a sporting character in a velveteen short-coat and checkered trowsers. Not much of the "meek and lowly" of costume. People, especially ladies, talk of his saintly countenance. To me his long flowing hair and beardless face look like some soft, overgrown pink-and-white schoolboy. In repose his features are heavy and stolid. A smile lights up his countenance, but not with a lofty light. Mr. Page hasn't selected a model for Judas Iscariot. He finds it hard to choose where so many are competent. Brick Pomeroy suggests Mr. Bowen, also of the Independent, and a Plymouth church pillar for the man with the bag.

PERSONAL.

Mr. Stackhouse, your popular cashier and business manager, was in town to-day. (Were I a man I should want to be a cashier). I missed the pleasure of seeing him, both in New York and Brooklyn, but I received your flattering message, dear COURIER, and doing as you bid, we shake off the sweet do-nothingness of summer and send you this letter forthwith.

Yours as of yore,
KENTUCKIENNE.

THE "WICKEDEST MAN" CONVERTED.

The Water-street Revival—The Interest Still Increasing—The Largest Prayer-Meeting Yesterday of the Series—John Allen's Conversion.

[From the New York Tribune, Sept. 9.]

The noonday prayer-meeting yesterday at John Allen's was the most largely attended and the most enthusiastic of any of the series. A constant throng of eager strangers came pressing up to the front of the building, vainly seeking admittance. Sometimes the crowd of disappointed ones reached clear across the street. Were the accommodations sufficient, there would be from 1,000 to 2,000 persons present daily.

The culminating point of the prayer meeting yesterday was John Allen's public announcement of his hope of conversion to Christ, and his prayer for divine help and guidance. He was deeply moved, and spoke timidly, as though he felt his unworthiness. He was John Allen to the last, but a modified and solemnized John Allen. His prayer was simple, but direct. The scene was indescribable, the emotion overpowering. Every heart seemed to sympathize with John, and to put up a prayer for his full salvation. The enthusiasm was so great that after the meeting had been dismissed a second one was spontaneously organized, and it was with difficulty that the house could be cleared.

John Allen has not been in haste to "flee from the wrath to come." He is evidently a man who must go his own way and take his own time. On Saturday morning last he told a few of his most confidential friends that the night before he put up the first prayer for his soul that he had ever made; that he would keep on praying, and that as soon as he felt that God had forgiven his sins he would make the fact known to them. Since then he has repeatedly requested his friends to pray with him in private, but until to-day he did not seem to have any hope of forgiveness, and was downcast and disquieted, but now he believes he has found that peace which passeth knowledge. It is to be hoped that he will be able to hold out in the good work upon which he has so deliberately entered.

It was announced at the meeting yesterday that Tommy Haddan, who is claimed by the sailors to be a wickeder man than John Allen ever was; and Sojer (soldier) Brown, who is wickeder than Tommy Haddan; and Kit Burns, who is wickeder than Sojer Brown, have all signified their willingness to have prayer meetings in their respective dens as soon as they can get them in order for that purpose.

Washington Intrigue.

A STRANGE MEDLEY

Gen. S. G. Burbridge as a Courtier.

The Burbridge Raid on Rollins—Something About Burbridge, Megrue, Woolley, Worthington and Binckley.

[Special Correspondence of the Cincinnati Gazette, (Rad.)]

WASHINGTON, Sept. 8.

If any one wholly in the secrets of the late movements to get control of the Bureau of Internal Revenue could be prevailed upon to write its history, there is no room to doubt that it would bring to the attention of the country every thing in the way of sharp practice and positive and unblushing corruption which is known to lobby operations in Washington, and to the doings of the whisky ring here and throughout the country.

As it is, enough is known to stamp it as preeminently corrupt, when judged alone by this surface knowledge, which any one accustomed to observe the currents of Washington affairs could acquire.

Since Commissioner Rollins first expressed his intention to resign, the strength of the movement has centered on Gen. Burbridge, Cooper, Jeffries, and Wisewell have all had their rings, and a considerable show of strength, but the weight of the influence used was in favor of Burbridge and the history of his operations is the history of the whole affair.

ANTECEDENT MOVEMENTS.

Burbridge first appeared in Washington when it seemed certain that Mr. Johnson would be impeached. He came with his well-earned Radical record, and identified himself fully with all Radical measures. There was no one who attached himself more closely to Mr. Wade, no one who was a more fierce advocate of impeachment. And when at last the President was acquitted, Gen. Burbridge publicly denounced the recusant Senators for their action.

With this record he organized a ring to secure from the "Impeachment Senators" the place of Sergeant-at-Arms. After many weeks of hard work, during which as many charges of corruption as are now brought against Mr. Rollins were freely circulated against Mr. Brown who held the place he wanted, the Senate voted, and Burbridge received only five votes—a sufficient commentary upon both Mr. Brown and Burbridge.

Then he wanted to be Secretary of the Senate, then Executive Clerk, but failed to secure any Senatorial strength for either.

FIRST STRIKE FOR ROLLINS' PLACE.

With this intensely Radical record, and fresh from weeks of unceasing abuse of Mr. Johnson, and efforts to secure his conviction, he at once became an applicant before him for Commissioner Rollins' place, when the latter tendered his resignation.

This part of the affair is the most honorable of the whole, as the place was virtually open, and the game to induce Mr. Johnson to make the nomination. The organization of the needed ring began—nothing can be done in Washington without a ring. Megru, of Cincinnati was one of the chief strikers; Cary, of Ohio, went in; Henderson was interested; so were the Kentucky Democrats in the House; so was Hawkins, of Tennessee, who, alone among Republicans, voted against the impeachment. The principal men of the New York, Chicago and Cincinnati whisky rings were parties to the move. Miss Ann H. Stephens, the novelist, who came to Washington to work up sympathy for John Surratt, used her influence with the President. And, by the way, she is now recognized as one of the active spirits in the lobby here. Green Clay Smith and Rousseau urged the nomination on Mr. Johnson, as one he could safely make. Burbridge, himself, made distinct propositions to a certain member of Congress, supposed to command the proper influence with the President, and to two other parties, one of them on the most confidential terms with the President, offering the control of a large portion of the patronage of the office to them, if they would unite in the movement to secure his nomination. Shortly after, these parties dropped Burbridge, upon discovering that he had made the same proposition to others.

In addition to those on the ground who were engaged in working upon the President, Megrue went to the Democratic Convention in New York and secured recommendations from a large number of the leading spirits gathered there. It was a poor place to ask for support on the ground of being a Republican, and probably that was not alluded to as a controlling feature in the case. A promise to use the office in the interest of Republicanism would have been out of place there, and there is no record that it was made.

But finally the President, ignoring the whole array, nominated Cooper, and then, withdrawing him, sent in Jeffries. Burbridge and his friends, uniting with Wisewell and his supporters, killed Jeffries in the Senate, although Jeffries had made a proposition to Burbridge, that if he would stop his fight and help secure his confirmation, he, Burbridge, should have half the spoils. Burbridge declined the offer, with the confident remark that he "could get the whole." The next step to get this, was to turn on the President's next appointee, Cummings, and defeat his confirmation.

INDUCING ROLLINS TO WITHDRAW.

At a later stage in the game, Burbridge himself is authority for the statement, that he "had received an offer of fifty thousand dollars to withdraw—no sham offer either, but one where the money had been produced." He says he refused it. The only commentary upon this is, that the salary of Commissioner is only six thousand dollars a year. What does Gen. Burbridge consider the legitimate proceeds of the office, that eight years' salary, in advance, was not an inducement to relinquish his chances? Congress adjourned with the case of Cummings pending in the Senate, and the only road to the office lay through the President's accepting Rollins' conditional resignation, declaring the office vacant, and then filling it.

This whole ring set to work at once with renewed vigor to urge Mr. Johnson to take the necessory step. Green Clay Smith, with his intense rebel swagger, is a fair specimen of those who pressed this upon the President. The latter, however, turned the question over to Mr. Evarts, and then followed the advice he gave, and this part of the scheme came to nothing.

The attempt to get Rollins to withdraw in favor of Burbridge required some preliminary steps, which consumed time, and so for a while the party seemed to be very quiet. What they were about, however, was this: Those in his set who could reach the Radical Senators, either directly or indirectly, set to work to secure indorsements from them of Burbridge, and letters and telegrams asking Rollins to withdraw for him. With all this class, Burbridge's Radical record in Kentucky and fierce support of impeachment were used to obtain the desired indorsement.

Another party secured like letters, telegrams, and indorsements from Conservative and Democratic Congressmen, directed to the President. The names of the Radical Senators who supported him were also shown to Mr. Johnson, to convince him that if Burbridge were put in Rollins' place he would surely be confirmed. The President declared he was perfectly amused at the number and character of the recommendations received, and could not account for both sides pressing Burbridge so earnestly. By the means alluded to Burbridge actually obtained inducements from enough of the leading Radical Senators and Conservative Congressmen, and out-and-out Seymour and Blair men to cover four sheets of legal cap paper with the simple list of their names. But in spite of it all Rollins refused to give way. He agreed to resign if Gov. Cox or Mr. Delano, of Ohio, or any other gentlemen of their stamp, but Burbridge's incompetency is here known to be such, that whatever his merits may be, or whatever his war record may entitle him to, Mr. Rollins would have been responsible for a public calamity if he he had been a party to Burbridge gaining the office he sought, even if his principal backers had been incorruptible men.

At this point the real operations of the Burbridge crowd were exposed in leading Republican newspapers, and from that time their conduct has been more open, and more like the action of desperate men.

ENTER C. G. MEGRUE, FOR HIMSELF.

What particular position Mr. Megrue was to have had, in case Gen. Burbridge succeeded, cannot be definitely stated, but as patronage and place had been freely promised by Burbridge to others who were doing much less than Magrue for him, it is fair to suppose he was to sit down to a feast of fat things.

But suddenly parties, in official and unofficial position, arrived here to make trouble for Mr. Gaddis, and combine to induce him to resign. It is not known, positively, here, that Magrue was a party to this, but it is certain that he immediately appeared on the ground, and that persons who were in telegraphic communication with Woolley were those who interested themselves most in Magrue's appointment.

Commissioner Rollins knew nothing of the expectation of removing Gaddis until his telegram came announcing his resignation. Cary recommended him to the President, if his own friends here are to be believed—so did two of the gentlemen of the Cincinnati Enquirer, and one of the President's confidential friends here, and one Cincinnati Republican, besides Mr. Wm. Penn Nixon. It was understood at the White House that Megrue helped Sam Cary to break down the Republicans of the Second Ohio District last year, that Cary wanted him appointed, and the inference was a very fair one that he would help Cary again. His strongest backers here, with the President, were those who had no sympathy whatever with the Republican party. From first to last Megrue had been one of the busiest workers in the Burbridge ring, and engaged in the same work were the most prominent representatives of the whisky rings, both East and West. It is just possible that they had nothing in common. While at the West, Megrue kept himself in telegraphic communication with Burbridge, and advised him of what was going on in that quarter, bearing on his case.

When the confidence in Mr. Rollins' suspension reached its hight, Megrue returned, and at once took an active part in all the schemes for getting Rollins out. At this juncture he received his own appointment, and soon left for Cincinnati. The whole thing was set up on Gaddis by men who, in other matters, were acting directly with Woolley.

ANOTHER TRACE OF WOOLLEY.

Whether intimately connected with the above operations or not, another trace of Mr. Woolley is found in the application of Mr. Worthington for the position of Supervisor of the Southern District of Ohio. The relations of this officer to Mr. Woolley are sufficiently indicated by the dispatches which passed between them last spring, when Mr. Worthington was a revenue inspector, and Mr. Woolley was interested generally in whisky matters. One of these, translated, was as follows:

"CINCINNATI, O., March 17.

"To C. W. Woolley, Fifth Avenue Hotel, New York:

"Just from Indiana. Kinsenger will be released. Pike, also, but must take sixty barrels. Why not help me get order on New York? [Signed] "59."

On another occasion Woolley telegraphed Worthington from here, to make full complaints to the Department concerning certain revenue officials, and he would have them removed. To this Worthington replied that he had already written the charges in full to the Department, and he would furnish him, Woolley, a copy if he desired. It is asserted by Mr. Worthington and his friends that these communications were strictly in the line of his duty, and indorsed at the Department.

THE BURBRIDGE PARTY AGAIN.

When it became known that Mr. Rollins would not withdraw for Burbridge, the friends of the latter began to use threats freely, asserting that the President was only waiting a short time so as to give Mr. Rollins a chance to leave honorably, instead of being suspended under charges. Finding that the Commissioner was not easily frightened, they set to work in earnest to concoct charges against him.

The President was not in any way committed to Burbridge, but he was determined to get rid of Rollins if possible, and so he gave attention to the stories brought to him by Burbridge's friends, concerning fraudulent transactions in various quarters of the revenue service in which Mr. Rollins was implicated.

Here Mr. Binckley appears upon the scene, and becomes one of the appendages of Gen. Burbridge's party.

A man named Fitch, connected with the lower Washington lobbies—if there be grades in our lobbies—arrived from New York with astounding evidence of corruption against revenue officials. The President referred him to Binckley, and gave the latter a general letter of authority to go to New York and investigate. It might be said that Binckley had taken out letters of marque.

The plan was to have everything done quietly—all evidence secretly gathered, and then Binckley was to set it forth officially to Mr. Johnson, and the latter, with high regard for the public interests, was to act at once, and suspend Mr. Rollins. Then the Burbridge men were to get in, as they fondly believed.

And so they watched Binckley and Fitch as these worthies posted off to New York, the latter without the knowledge or consent of either Secretary McCulloch or Mr. Rollins, his immediate superior. And to this unofficerlike style of proceeding, this disregard of etiquette which the commonest decency in official intercourse requires, Mr. Johnson lent himself, and Mr. McCulloch failed to resent it.

Fitch and Binckley kept the Burbridge and Megrue men posted, so that on the Sunday before Binckley uncovered his wonderful mare's nest, in the presence of a few whisky thieves, at his room in the Astor House, the Burbridge men here were telling that "they had two men in New York who had fixed Rollins, as he would find out Monday, and that now he would not even be allowed to resign, but he would surely be arrested and held to answer as a criminal." If anything more were needed to fasten this great Binckley fiasco upon the Burbridge party, it can be found in the fact that when Fitch came over here a few evenings since to summon witnesses, having only an hour to do all his work, he still managed to find Burbridge and give him a report of what was going on, and consult generally concerning what they are pleased to call "their case."

Any further history of the Burbridge movement is unnecessary at present, as each day's performance in the Binckley burlesque, which the Burbridge party have put on the boards in New York, will furnish it. At that show there will be a change of programme daily, but no change in Binckley, the Head Clown.

H. V. B.

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New Shawls

We would call special attention to this opening, as we are enabled to present the most magnificent stock of Dry Goods we have ever offered, and at the Lowest Prices.

S. BARKER & CO.

d1

To Landlords.

I WISH to rent a comfortable house containing four or five rooms, located somewhere between Preston and Twelfth and Broadway and Main, for which I am willing to pay a reasonable rent, either monthly, quarterly, yearly, or in advance. Apply to
WOLF & DURRINGER,
se13 dtf Corner Fifth and Market.

THE FINE ARTS.

MISS H. LEFEVRE. MISS E. WITTGENSTEIN

Ladies' Academy of Fine Arts.

EMBROIDERY, NEEDLE-WORK,
WAX AND PEARL WORK,
ARTIFICIAL FLOWERS,
CRAPE FLOWERS, &c.

Rooms over Lapp & Brother's Paper Store, No. 99 Fourth St., bet. Market and Jefferson.

se13 dtf LOUISVILLE, KY.

The Bite of a Dead Rattlesnake.

M. Delahaye, a French draughtsman, was lately bitten by a *dead* rattlesnake, and might have lost his life but for prompt and efficient precautions. The gentleman had been making a drawing of a stuffed rattlesnake, and in replacing it in its case the spring which held the jaws asunder suddenly slipped, and the teeth came down on the draughtsman's finger and inflicted a sharp wound. He immediately sucked the wound, tied a thread tightly above it to prevent circulation, and sought surgical aid. The wound was soaked in strong alkali, then cauterized, and other usual remedies against poison were employed. In about an hour all symptoms of danger were over. To satisfy themselves, the surgeons then procured a healthy rabbit, and pricked him with the same tooth with which Delahaye had been wounded, and the animal died in convulsions in half an hour.

This reminds us of a story which we believe is entirely authentic, and which we give according to our best recollection: Some years ago a New England farmer at work in the fields was bitten in the leg, through his boot, by a rattlesnake, and in a short time died of the wound. A brother inherited the boots, and unsuspectingly wore them. In a short time the leg of the wearer bore marks of having been scratched in the same place where the first owner was bitten by the snake, and the same symptoms of poison followed, and ultimately death itself. This led to an examination of the boot leg, and there was found the point of the snake's fang sticking in the leather, which, small as it was, had virulence enough in it to poison and kill after many days—perhaps weeks or months—and might, for aught that we know, have killed for successive generations, had it not been removed.—[Boston Traveler.

☞ The pair season has come—weddings are of every day occurrence now.

DAILY COURIER.

BY W. N. HALDEMAN.

OFFICE: 109 WEST JEFFERSON ST., Between Third and Fourth.

S. B. BUCKNER, Editor.

National Democratic Nominations

FOR PRESIDENT,

HORATIO SEYMOUR,

OF NEW YORK.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,

F P. BLAIR, JR.,

OF MISSOURI.

Democratic Electors.

FOR THE STATE AT LARGE.

COL. FRANK WOLFORD, of Casey,
HON. JESSE D. BRIGHT, of Carroll.

DISTRICT ELECTORS.

1st Dist.—J. M. BIGGER, of McCracken.
2nd Dist.—A. K. BRADLEY, of Hopkins.
3rd Dist.—W. W. BUSH, of Simpson.
4th Dist.—A. H. FIELD, of Bullitt.
5th Dist.—ROBERT MALLORY, Oldham.
6th Dist.—A. B. CHAMBERS, of Gallatin.
7th Dist.—G. W. CRADDOCK, of Franklin.
8th Dist.—HARRISON COCKRILL, of Estill.
9th Dist.—JOHN M. RICE, of Lawrence.

FOR CONGRESS,

BOYD WINCHESTER,

OF LOUISVILLE.

Sunday & Monday, - - Sept. 13 & 14.

The Catechism of Hate.

It is very hard to please the Radicals. When everybody thought the war was over, and the entire South had laid down their arms and gone to work to earn an honest livelihood, the Radicals raised the cry that they were all a set of rebels, obstinate in the extreme, and sullenly refusing to "harmonize." They insisted that, as a proof of their readiness to accept the facts of the war, the "rebels" must repudiate their debt and abolish slavery by State legislation. Well, the South did what was asked of them, and furnished the requisite proof of their disposition to "harmonize." But no sooner was this done than the Radicals raised a simultaneous howl to the effect that the rebels were a set of vile hypocrites, unworthy the association of the Saints of Faneuil Hall and Plymouth Rock. Gen. Grant, it is true, who was not at that time a saint, insisted that the Southern people were sincere, that they desired peace, and were earnest in their purpose to accept the issues of the war, and to resume their relations of law-abiding States of the Federal Union.

But, notwithstanding this high authority, the Radicals passed their military bills, established their Freedmen's Bureau, set up their satraps over ten States of the Union, organized their military commissions, elevated the negro above the white man, filled their bastiles with numerous innocent victims, and gouged and bit and bayoneted and banished citizens for imaginary offenses, and swore they would continue this fraternal or parental treatment until the whole South evinced a disposition to "harmonize!" Well, this may have been a very good way to bring about the desired "harmony," but it was rather a novel one. It took the Southern people a long while to discover the beneficent designs of Radicalism. "Whom the Lord loveth he chasteneth"; and the Radicals, who claim to be his vicegerents upon earth, manifest their love by their oppressions. Measured by this standard, they doat upon the Southern people! They love them to distraction, and chastise them accordingly! It would have been the extreme of dullness in the South not to be sensible of such manifestations of Radical love, and the height of ingratitude not to show evidences of "spaniel fawning."

Accordingly, the South determined to show still further evidences of a disposition to "harmonize." With their hearts in their hands, and with truth on their lips, her representative men met the representative Democracy of the North in convention in New York. Simultaneous with the meeting of this convention, there was an assemblage of tried soldiers and sailors of the Union army and navy who had imperiled life for the preservation of the Union. Many such patriots were also members of the Democratic Convention. They had all fought for the Constitution, and meant that it should be preserved. They recognized the fact that the war was over, and that to keep alive the wild passions that hate engenders is not a means of securing peace, of giving strength and unity to the country. With the close of war, they desired the close of all bitterness, the healing of all wounds, the burying of all animosities, that the children of a common country, who

> "Did lately meet in the intestine shock
> And furious close of civil butchery,
> Should now, in mutual well-beseeming ranks,
> March all one way; and be no more opposed
> Against acquaintance, kindred and allies."

It was in this spirit they met the representative men of the South, and the patriotic feeling was echoed by every Southern heart. History affords no example of patriotism more sublime than this. The convention was not a representative of factions gathered together to advocate the claims of a Cæsar or a Pompey to rule as a master over a degraded people. It was not an assemblage which had met to fawn at the feet of insolent power and beg for the privilege of living as the slaves of a military despot, controlled by a triumvirate who build their powers upon the ruins of the Constitution. But it was an assemblage of patriots, determined to bury every selfish feeling; of men who, on different sides of a prolonged controversy, had evinced their sincerity by imperilling life and honor in support of their principles; of men who had fought out their quarrel to a practical conclusion; of men who were resolved to accept issues which had been settled by an open contest between them in past years, and to meet with a united front the new dangers which threatened the overthrow of all that was left them of civil liberty; of men resolved to merge every other sentiment into one sublime effort to preserve for their posterity the blessings of constitutional government.

But to expect such elevated patriotism to excite the admiration of the Radical leaders, is to expect pearls to excite the admiration of swine. As soon may we expect the followers of Satan to commend the concord that reigns in Heaven, as expect the Radicals to appreciate the union of every patriotic element in support of the harmonies of constitutional government. Every hatred and malice, and all uncharitableness seem the basis of their policy, and eternal strife and contention the elements in which they live. They seem incapable of appreciating the conduct of men who, having honestly fought for what they believed to be right, can honestly forgive those whom they fought. With them all quarrels must be interminable, and malice must barb the dart which hatred drives at their foe. If their arguments be just, no true patriot can ever belong to their party; for they claim as a prerequisite to admission, a confession that the applicant fought for the present objects of Radicalism. If a Northern soldier claims that he fought solely for the Constitution and the flag of his country, he is, in Radical parlance, a "vile Copperhead." If a Southern soldier gives in his adhesion to the Constitution and the flag, but claims that he honestly fought for what he believed were his rights, he is pronounced a "vile rebel;" and until he confesses himself a hypocrite or a knave he is deemed unworthy of association with the party of "great moral ideas."

Thus, a Union soldier who can believe in the sincerity and honesty of the man who imperrilled life and fortune through the long years of a disastrous war is no more to be tolerated by the Radicals than a Southern soldier who does not confess that his past life was a sham, that his principles were a mere pretext, and that he was himself by profession a hypocrite, a knave and a cheat! To make the slighest pretensions to honesty of purpose is thus the surest way of attracting derision, contempt and condemnation from the Radical party!

It is sad to see a great party animated by such sentiments, to see them attempting to blow into a consuming flame the dying embers of discord which have too long distracted our afflicted country. To attain this end every generous feeling exhibited by those who were formerly opposed to each other, every attempt at conciliation and harmony, is laughed to scorn. Federal and Confederate soldiers, actuated by the most unselfish feelings of patriotism, who would leave the past behind them, who would pour the healing balm of oblivion into the gaping wounds of the sections, who would unite all, without reference to past issues, in support of a common country and a common constitution, are scoffed at and derided.

As an illustration of this, we may point to a recent Radical "catechism" designed to implant in Radical breasts a spirit of hatred against all Federal and Confederate soldiers whose desire to secure the peace of the country has forbidden them to wage against each other that eternal war which the Radicals seem determined to establish as their perpetual policy. In one breath the Radicals cry "peace," and in the next they scoff at concord and harmony and friendship and all the accompaniments of peace. Bayonets and bastiles, and other engines of despotism, constitute the statesmanship of Radicalism, which sits like a fiend over the ruins which its malice has wrought, and, in its hatred of all that is good, mocks at every noble and generous and patriotic purpose which would restore the shattered fabric of constitutional liberty to its pristine beauty and glory.

☞ The Bourbon Democrat has been removed to Cynthiana, and has reappeared as the "Harrison Democrat," under the management of Col. S. P. Cunningham, its former editor, assisted by C. W. West, Esq. The first number is a handsome and well-filled sheet. As an able and sound Democratic journal, wide awake for news, it deserves, and will doubtless receive, a liberal support in the rich Democratic county of Harrison.

Very Like Grown Folks.

Three little girls, aged from four to six, "went calling" at Springfield, Mass., a few days ago. Ringing an imaginary door bell at at the foot of a tree, which they played was the residence of one of the ladies on their "list," and supposing themselves to have been admitted by that individual, the eldest of the callers did up the conversation after this fashion: "O, how do you do? O yes, it is a beautiful day! How's Hattie? It's very lonesome down at our house, and I'd like to have Hattie come and stay with me. My husband has to go to his work at three o'clock every morning; and, besides, he's taken a freak to sleep alone lately, and I humor him in it. And the nights are getting cool now, you know, and I'd like to have Hattie come and stay all night. There! I see my husband coming, and I'll have to say good afternoon. Now, if you don't return this call soon, I shall be *very* unhappy. O dear! he's almost home, and the house is all locked up and *everything*!" and the little lady tripped away to meet the four-year gentleman who had lately been indulging that reprehensible "freak."

☞ A lively youngster in Hartford, Conn., to avoid the police, jumped into the river, and when chased in a boat, dived under the astonished officers and got away. He was afterwards arrested on shore, but his friends broke the officers' heads and rescued him. Then he stripped and took to the river again, but was caught by the hair as he attempted his diving trick, and marched through the city stark naked.

☞ Seymour has no children. Frank Blair has seven. Grant has four. Colfax has nine.

CITY ITEMS.

☞ To become a good penman, a rapid calculator, and a correct accountant, attend the night sessions of the Bryant & Stratton Business College.

☞ Go to Mrs. A. E. Porter's for your No. 4, ribbons, in all colors, for $1 10—No. 118 Fourth street.

☞ At 5 o'clock to-morrow afternoon, that neat family dwelling, No. 215 Chestnut street, between Sixth and Seventh, will be sold at auction by Morris, Southwick & Co.

A Card.

Having sold my stock of embroideries, laces, notions, &c., to Mr. William H. Andrews, No. 140 Market street, I would say to my old friends and customers that they will find the stock at Mr. Andrews, in charge of my old partner, Mr. Ben. G. Rogers, and I take pleasure in recommending Mr. Andrews to their consideration when wanting anything in his line.

J. T. THORNTON.

SALE POSTPONED.—The sale of lots on Breckinridge and Jackson streets, by Pearson, Meddis & Ferguson, was postponed on account of the weather till Monday, September 28th, at three o'clock P. M.

☞ That desirable house and lot, the residence of J. C. McFerran, Esq., situated on Chestnut street between Third and Fourth, will be sold at auction next Tuesday afternoon by Morris, Southwick & Co.

☞ All of the studies comprising a thorough business course taught separately or in combination at the night session of the Bryant & Stratton Business College, commencing Monday night, September 14.

☞ There are many homes which might be made more cheerful and pleasant to the inmates by the introduction of a musical instrument, suited to the capacity of some of the household, which would infuse a new joy into the blessings of their abode. Possibly, there may be one or two, who possess a hidden talent for the divine art, which only needs encouragement to be developed into such perfection that others may derive much pleasure, besides the actual benefit which the player will derive. To such, the American Organs, manufactured by Messrs. S. D. & H. W. Smith, Boston, Mass., who are represented in the South and Southwest by D. P. Faulds, of this city, are particularly adapted. Not only do they give the nearest resemblance to the pipe organ in quality of tone, but their delicacy of action renders them capable of being effectually used in the performance of light and cheerful music.

☞ Mechanics or others wishing to purchase a small and cheap residence, must be sure to attend the sale on Washington street, between Jackson and Hancock, on Monday evening at 4 o'clock, by Pearson, Meddis & Ferguson.

☞ A ladies' writing class will be organized for the night sessions of the Bryant & Stratton Business College. This is an excellent opportunity, and will, no doubt, be well improved.

☞ Why the people go there, the photographs they get are the best in this or any other city, and at the lowest prices. Card photographs only $2 per dozen. Remember J. C. Elrod is the oldest photographer in the United States. His gallery is the second one on Main street, below Fourth, No. 136. He pleases everybody and their babies.

☞ We will sell this evening, at four o'clock, some very desirable lots on Breckinridge and on Hancock. No part of Louisville south of Broadway is more densely improved than this locality, and property in the neighborhood rents for a greater per cent upon its cost than any other. Persons seeking investment, and those wanting to buy cheap property on which to erect small houses, will do well to attend this sale.

PEARSON, MEDDIS & FERGUSON.

HIGH TAXES—A HINT.—The City Tax Receiver, wishes us to say to tax-payers that on and after the 1st of October a percentage will be added to all bills then in his hands; and as taxes are high enough without any addition it would be well for all to pay before said date, and to avoid being crowded to call forthwith.

THE STRUGGLE IS OVER.—As the meager sheaves bowed to the main sheaf of the field, so the whole brood of imitation and counterfeit extracts have bowed to the sovereign perfume of the day—Phalon's "Night-blooming Cereus." They have gone to oblivion, where they belong.—[Rock Island Union.

☞ Night sessions of the Bryant & Stratton Business College commence September 14th. Special advantages offered. See circular.

☞ T. J. Hyatt & Co. are selling the best quality of Pittsburg coal at $4 50 per load, Pomeroy $4 25, Cannel $5 50, and screened Pittsburg nut at $4. Office, No. 55 east side Third street, near Main.

DIED.

MURRAY—On the evening of the 11th inst., EDNA GILBERT, only child of J. J. T. and Belle J. Murray, aged 14 months and 17 days.

The funeral will take place on Sunday, the 13th inst., at 3 o'clock P. M., from the residence of her grandfather, Geo. H. Kice, Sr. The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

VAUGHAN—On the 11th inst., of dysentery, WALTER ETBERT, infant son of Dr. E. J. and A. G. Vaughan, aged 16 months and 16 days.

The funeral will take place this morning, 13th, at 9½ o'clock, from his father's residence, on First street, between Gray and Broadway, No. 212.

BROOKS—On the 12th inst., at 8 o'clock A. M., NANNIE COOK, youngest daughter of Frederick and Georgie Brooks, aged 22 months.

Funeral services at the residence of her grandma, Mrs. Reed, this afternoon at three o'clock. Friends and acquaintances are invited to attend without further notice.

She is at rest.

Dissolution.

THE copartnership heretofore existing under the name and firm of Clark & Mills, doing business at No. 42 Fourth street, Louisville, Ky., is hereby dissolved by mutual consent. All liabilities against said firm will be paid upon presentation at 42 Fourth st. Either party is authorized to sign in liquidation, or to collect indebtedness due said firm.

GEO. F. CLARK,
DANIEL S. MILLS.

Louisville, Ky., September 12, 1868.

GEO. F. CLARK will continue the general commission and produce business, at the old stand, 42 Fourth street. se13 d3

To Distillers.

WE have for sale a first-rate wooden still, set nine beer tubs, set nine yeast tubs, mash tub, mill and engine, and everything complete and in running order for distillery, from 50 to 100 bushels per day, or 200 bushels running day and night.

Call and see them, and get a bargain, payable in cash, in whisky, or on credit. They can be seen at the KENTUCKY VINEGAR COMPANY, Fourth street, between Main and the river, Louisville, Ky. se13 d6&w1

REMOVAL.

AUGUST PARGNY

HAS REMOVED HIS

Ladies' Restaurant and Ice Cream Saloon

TO NO. 159 FOURTH STREET, Bamberger & Bloom Block, where he invites his old and many new friends to give him a call. se13 d5

PIANOS & ORGANS

Steinway & Sons', Chickering & Sons', Ernest Gabler's, and others' Pianos, and Smith's American Organs, at low prices, for cash or monthly instalments.

D. P. FAULDS,

se12 d1m 70 Main st., bet. Second and Third.

Musical Instruments!

OF every description, and fresh strings—direct importations—at low prices, to the trade or retail.

D. P. FAULDS,

se12 d1m 70 Main st., bet. Second and Third.

LOCAL NOTICES.

Be not Deceived

by quacks who know nothing of your disease or its treatment. Get the Samaritan's Gift and be cured in from two to four days, thus avoiding exposure and trouble. Sold by Owen & Sutton, 95 Market street. Sent by mail. se13 d3t8,WASat

MRS. T. C. MIDDLETON has just returned from New York with a large and elegant assortment of Laces, Embroideries, Gloves, Corsets, Ribbons and Fancy Goods, 107 Fourth street, between Market and Jefferson. sep13d3

Special Train to the Marion County Fair.

For the accommodation of those who may wish to visit the Marion County Fair, to be held at Lebanon, Ky., September 15th to 19th, inclusive, the Louisville & Nashville Railroad will run a special train, leaving Louisville at 6:10 A. M., and arriving at Lebanon at 9:20 A. M. Returning the train will leave Lebanon at 4:55 P. M., and arrive in the city at 8:10 P. M. Fare for the round trip will be four dollars. The special train will be run every day during the continuance of the fair. se13d4t

Clothes Hampers and Baskets, all kinds, Work Baskets, Ladies' Reticules, Silver Baskets, Nursery Chairs, Arm and Library Chairs, and everything new, just received at Rogers' House Furnishing Emporium, 146 south side Market street, between Fourth and Fifth. sep13 2t

☞ Mike Clark is daily receiving a fresh supply of butter, which he will sell at the lowest market quotations, No. 136 Water street, between Fourth and Fifth. sep11d1m

If you want a trunk that you can throw out of a four-story window without injury, call on D. O'Hare, at his Trunk Emporium, on Main street, between Fourth and Fifth, and get one of his Solid English Sole-leather Trunks. There is no discount on them.

The Colton Dental Association,

No. 154 Fifth street, between Green and Walnut, originated the use of nitrous oxide gas, and administer it, chemically pure, and extract teeth without pain; perform all operations in dentistry scientifically. B. M. GILDEA, D. D. S., may17-Sutf Dr. W. D. STONE, Operator.

WANTED.

Fifty good dressmakers. The highest wages will be paid to good hands. Apply till Sept. 20th, to

DORA SCHULZ,

se12d4 Fourth street.

One of the curiosities of our city that all strangers should visit is D. O'Hare's great Trunk Manufactory and Emporium, on Main street between Fourth and Fifth. Go and see it, by all means, whether you wish to purchase or not.

☞ Highest price paid for bonds, gold, silver and uncurrent money, at S. ROTHCHILD'S, Exchange and Broker Office, jy22 dtf 74 Main, between Second and Third.

Don't Waste Your Time in Wandering Around

among second and third-class dealers, but if you want a trunk, or anything in that line, go to headquarters, at D. O'Hare's, on Main street, No. 142, between Fourth and Fifth, where you can select from a stock of 5,000, and only pay the lowest wholesale price for a single trunk.

☞ A new and large assortment of gold band and plain white French china, also stone china dinner sets, tea sets, and table ware in general, just received and for sale at the lowest prices, at J. Dolfinger & Co.'s China Ware-rooms, No. 96 Market street, between Third and Fourth. Sep8d6

☞ Mutilated currency redeemed at its value at S. ROTHCHILD'S, jy22 dtf Main, between Second and Third.

Wardrobes have gone out of date entirely since D. O'Hare has introduced his mammoth dress trunks. They answer as a family trunk while traveling, and a first-class "moth proof" wardrobe at home. Ladies, call and see one of them at O'Hare's trunk depot on Main, between Fourth and Fifth.

Electors, Attention.

Democratic Speakers' Hand Book mailed for $2 50. Address W. SCOTT GLORE. sep8 deodtf

Remember That

D. O'Hare's Great Trunk House is on Main street, between Fourth and Fifth.

Mrs. Dr. Norton,

No. 332 Jefferson street, has returned to the city, and will be found at her present residence for the next three weeks. All persons indebted to her will please call and settle within that time. sep6-d6

5,000 TRUNKS,

at wholesale and retail, at D. O'Hare's Great Western Trunk Manufactory, 142 Main street, bet. Fourth and Fifth.

☞ The best and original tonic of iron, phosphorus, and calisaya, known as Caswell, Mack & Co.'s Ferro Phosphorated Elixir of Calisaya Bark. The iron restores color to the blood, the phosphorus renews waste of the nerve tissue, and the calisaya gives a natural healthful tone to the digestive organs, thereby curing dyspepsia in its various forms, wakefulness, general debility and depression of spirits. Manufactured only by CASWELL, HAZARD & CO., New York. Sold by all druggists. no9 d1awSat1y&no13weow1y.

The Latest Novelty in the Trunk line can be seen by calling on D. O'Hare, at his great trunk depot, on Main, between Fourth and Fifth. We mean, of course, the Eugenie Dress Trunk. It is worth a visit, even if you don't want to purchase.

Lots for Sale.

We have a few more only to sell, on Chestnut, Madison and Magazine, between Twenty-second and Twenty-third streets. je15 dtf GRAVES & SON.

☞ Silver-plated dinner and dessert knives, blade and handle one piece; also ivory, bone and common cutlery for sale at low prices, at J. Dolfinger & Co.'s China Ware-rooms, No. 96 Market street, between Third and Fourth. sep8d6

Solid Sole Leather Trunks,

with all the latest improvements, including improved steel springs, at D. O'Hare's, Main street, between Fourth and Fifth.

☞ From $10 to $20 per day can be made by selling Dr. J. R. Metcalf's Benzine Erasive Soap at fairs and on the street corners. 'Tis the finest preparation known to the science of chemistry for cleaning stains from silks and other goods, without injuring the colors of goods. For particulars, address F. M. Jones, Louisville, Ky. s2 28

Look to Your Interests,

and buy where you can buy the cheapest, and that is at D. O'Hare's Great Trunk Manufactory, on Main street, No. 142, between Fourth and Fifth, where he is retailing his immense stock at wholesale New York prices.

☞ Gold and silver watches, American and English patent levers, fine diamond jewelry, pistols, etc., from one-third to one-half and two-thirds below the retail value, at the broker's office of C. Hagan, agent, 114 Third street. sep1 d1m

LADIES OF LOUISVILLE

can obtain one of those magnificent crystal palace trunks, with every convenience, at a moderate price, from D. O'Hare, 142 Main street, between Fourth and Fifth.

Old Trunks

neatly repaired at D. O'Hare's, on Main street, between Fourth and Fifth.

Money Loaned on Collateral Security.

Ladies and gentlemen wanting to borrow money for a few days or weeks, will consult their own interest by calling at this office. Stocks, bonds, jewelry, silverware, or any other valuables taken as security. Business fair, equitable and satisfactory, by C. Hagan, Ag't, No. 114 Third street, next door to Montz & Co's livery stable. mch5 dtf

Trunks Retailed

at wholesale prices at D. O'Hare's. Where is it? On Main street, between Fourth and Fifth.

☞ If you want to borrow money on collateral, go to S. ROTHCHILD'S, Main street between Second and Third. jy22 dtf

MEETINGS.

Attention, Helm Guards!

MEET as usual at No. 328 Main street, MONDAY EVENING, September 14, 1868. Drill. By order JNO. H. WELLER, Captain. HY CRUTCHER, Secretary. d1*

I. O. G. T.

A REGULAR meeting of Eureka Lodge, No. 105, I. O. of G. T. will be held at the Robinson Hall, corner of Eighth and Jefferson, on TUESDAY EVENING next, at 8 o'clock. Members of Sister Lodges are fraternally invited. By order of the Lodge. BEN F. CAWTHON, W. C. T. EDW. WARNER, W. S. se11 3t

Notice.

OFFICE LOUISVILLE AND NASHVILLE R. R. CO., LOUISVILLE, KY., September 1, 1868.

THE annual meeting of the stockholders of the Louisville and Nashville Railroad will be held at the office of the company, in the city of Louisville, on WEDNESDAY, the 7th day of October next, between the hours of 10 o'clock A. M. and 4 o'clock P. M. se1 d32 W. RANNEY, Sec'y.

Something New and Wonderful.

ONE POUND BUTTER FROM ONE PINT MILK

THIS valuable receipe, together with one other, can be had at any part of the country upon receipt of $1 and postage. Address Box 170 Postoffice, Louisville, Ky. je13

WILLIAM H. ANDREWS' DRY GOODS HOUSE.

NEW FALL DRY GOODS.

WM. H. ANDREWS,

140 Market St., bet. Fourth and Fifth,

Is now offering one of the Largest and Choicest Stocks of

SILKS, DRESS GOODS, CLOAKS,

Shawls and Furs,

Ever shown south of the Ohio river. Elegant Stripe and Changeable Silks, Changeable and Chene Dress Goods,

$2,000 Worth Embroideries and Laces!

from J. T. Thornton's stock, which are being closed out at fifty cents on the dollar. Ladies will find it to their interest to call and see these goods.

TO COUNTRY MERCHANTS.

I am offering great inducements in Dress Goods, put up in patterns, and selling them at the lowest market prices.
100 Pieces Alpaca offered to the trade at prices that cannot be duplicated in this market.
100 Pieces Stine Jeans at Low Prices.
Domestics in Large Quantities at New York Prices.
No trouble to show goods. Samples sent to all parts of the country on application by mail.

WILLIAM H. ANDREWS.

se13 d3

R. CUNNINGHAM'S DRY GOODS HOUSE.

DRY GOODS, NEW, CHEAP & CHOICE.

Special Arrivals of New Goods by Express.

New Dress Goods,
Our Own Shades in Alpacas,
Best Makes of Flannels,
White Goods, Linen Goods,
Hosiery and Gloves,
Notions and Trimmings,
Lace Goods and Ribbons,
Dress Silks and Shawls,
Empress Cloths and Merinoes,
Hoop Skirts and Corsets,
Cloths and Cassimeres,
Calicoes and Ginghams,
White and Scarlet Mantle Cloths,
Patent Silk Finished Velvets,
Bleached and Brown Muslins,
Blankets, Colored and White,
Marseilles, Printed and Plain;
French Percales.

The above, and a great variety of New Goods, will be opened on Monday morning, at

THE CHEAP CASH STORE, 154 MARKET STREET.

R. CUNNINGHAM.

P. S.—Ladies, see our Black Alpacas, Double Warps, and Pure Mohairs, and Alexandra Poplins, before buying, as you will not do yourselves justice if you don't. d1

WHOLESALE MILLINERY GOODS.

1868. FALL. 1868.

Millinery Goods, Pattern Bonnets,

—AND—

LADIES' DRESS TRIMMINGS,

ARRIVING DAILY AT

BAIRD BROS.'

Wholesale Millinery House,

Corner Sixth and Main.

se6 Su&Th1m

GRESHAM & ESSINGTON,

Real Estate, Collecting, & General Business Agents,

WE buy, sell, and rent real estate in this city and throughout any of the States. We have property for sale in this State to the amount of over two million dollars at this time, and large amounts in various other States. We collect rent, pay taxes, furnish abstracts of title, and make collections, through reliable agents, in any part of the nation. We have a great many good bargains in real estate to offer, and it is our opinion that now is the time to make investments that will pay largely. We invite all who have business in our line to call and see us. We give prompt and faithful attention to the interests of our patrons. The best of reference given in this city and elsewhere when necessary.

Office, No. 74 West Main Street, a few doors above Third Street, Louisville, Ky.

se9 dtf

COMMISSION HOUSE

GRIFFITH, BUNCE & CO.,

Wholesale Grocers and Produce Dealers,

jy10 dtf NO. 99 MAIN ST., BET. THIRD & FOURTH, LOUISVILLE, KY.

CLOTHING.

J. L. DEPPEN

HAS RETURNED FROM THE EAST WITH THE largest stock of

CLOTHS, DOESKIN,

Coatings, Beavers and Chinchillas

Of all kinds and colors. Also, an entire new stock of

Cassimeres and Vestings

Having bought direct from the Importers for cash enables me to sell at very low prices. A large stock of

Custom-made Clothing

ON HAND. ALSO,

Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods.

Call and examine my new stock.

J. L. DEPPEN.

Clothing Department northeast corner Fourth and Market streets.
Custom Department 87 and 89 Fourth street.
se13 d6

Men's Clothing,
Youths' Clothing,
Boys' Clothing,
Children's Clothing,

Gents' and Children's Furnishing Goods, Rubber Goods, &c. Fall Stock Now Open at

J. M. ARMSTRONG'S,

NO. 132 MAIN STREET.

N. B.—Cut this out, and, if you buy over $20 worth, it will be good for ONE DOLLAR. d1

FALL 1868.

MRS. A. E. PORTER

HAS ARRIVED FROM

New York

WITH THE LARGEST STOCK OF

PARIS MILLINERY GOODS

EVER opened on Fourth street, which she invites her friends and the public to call and examine.

The Old Ladies and Little Children

Are not forgotten in her Selections.

Temple of Fashion

118 Fourth st., Louisville, Ky.

d1

Storage!

43 & 45 Fourth St.

PRODUCE, merchandise, &c., stored and handled carefully. NEGOTIABLE STORAGE RECEIPTS given upon property stored with me, upon which CASH ADVANCES CAN BE OBTAINED.

H. A. DUMESNIL.

se11 dtf

CARPETS.

NEW CARPETS!

Importations for Fall of 1868

—AT THE—

Carpet Warehouse,

72 Main Street,

LOUISVILLE, KY.

WE are now receiving a large and general assortment in all grades new and beautiful Carpets, yard and yard and a half wide.
Royal Wilton Carpets,
Velvet Carpets,
Body Brussels Carpets,
Tapestry Carpets.
All grades 3-ply and other wool Carpets, Rugs, Floor Oil Cloths, &c., &c., with

LACE CURTAINS,

Cornices, Bands, &c., sold at the lowest price.

Duvall & Ketchum,

72 Main Street.

au29 deod6

COTTON GINS.

EAGLE

COTTON GIN

ALL sizes of these celebrated Gins on hand.

PRICES VERY LOW!

WILKES & DILLINGHAM,

131 Main Street.

se1 deod2m

LADIES, ATTENTION.

Embroideries, Laces,

The Largest Assortment and Lowest Prices, at

CHAS. F. RAUCHFUSS'

CHEAP LACE STORE,

103 1-2 FOURTH STREET.

JUST RECEIVED, Lace Handkerchiefs at 10c, worth 25c; splendid Corsets, with whalebone, only $1; new styles Linen collars and Cuffs; best Corsets, with 42 whalebones, only $2; Lace Collars at 25c, 50c, and 75c; fine Embroidered Corsets, with whalebones, only $2; Tidies, 25c, 50c, and $1; together with a full assortment of French Embroidered Edgings, Insertions in Linen Jaconet, &c. se1 d8

OLD WHISKIES,

WINES and LIQUORS,

"SCHROEDER'S

COCKTAIL BITTERS,"

(THE BEST IN USE,)

FOR SALE BY

J. H. SCHROEDER & SONS,

au30 3tf N. E. Corner Fourth and Main.

Notice.

MESSRS. MIKE METZ and HENRY HILTZ take this method of informing their friends, and the public in general, that they will be ready to receive them at their new saloon, on Preston and Market sts., NEXT MONDAY, the 14th of September, when they will set a good lunch, consisting of all the delicacies of the season. Come one, come all to the UNDER BANK SALOON. se11 d3

DRY GOODS.

Large & Attractive Stock

—OF—

New and Beautiful

FALL & WINTER STYLES

DRESS GOODS!

—AT—

THOS. McSHANE'S

MARKET AND PRESTON,

COMPRISING IN PART

French Merinoes,

Empress Cloths,

Black and Colored Poplins, Alpacas,

Great job in Double-width Bright Poplin Plaids at 40c per yard.
74 Pieces Canton Flannel at 15 cents per yard.
132 Pieces All-wool Flannel at 25 cents per yard.
292 Pairs Window Shades at $2.
118 Pieces Carpet at 40, 50, 60, 70, 80 cents and $1.

THOMAS McSHANE,

d1 Market and Preston.

DRY GOODS.

Fall and Winter Goods!

WE are now receiving and opening a very large and well assorted stock of

FALL AND WINTER

DRY GOODS!

VARIETIES, & SMALL WARES,

All of which we offer to the trade at very low prices. City and country dealers are respectfully invited to examine our goods.

T. & R. SLEVIN & CAIN,

se11 d6 Main St., opp. Louisville Hotel.

RANGES.

THE BEST RANGES

NOW MADE

For Hotel or Family Use!

ARE OUR CELEBRATED

PERMANENT AND PORTABLE

ECONOMIST

COOKING RANGES

FOR economy in the consumption of fuel, durability, baking well and rapidly, and for giving an abundant supply of hot water, they are superior to all others. Many hundreds are now in use, and, having been thoroughly tested for years, we have no hesitancy in pronouncing them perfect.

BRIDGEFORD & CO.,

se13 d1m Sixth street, between Main and River.

CORSETS.

SELF-ADJUSTING

ELASTIC CORSET.

H. E. MARCHAND & CO., No. 2 Market street, bet. First and Second, are now manufacturing this beautiful and healthy Corset, highly recommended by physicians, and all who have seen it, as the best invention of the age.

For sale by HAYS, CROSS & CO., at wholesale, and by the trade generally. je28 deod3m

BANKRUPTCY.

NOTICE—District of Kentucky, ss.—In Bankruptcy. At Winchester, Ky., the 2d day of March, A. D. 1868. The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of SAMUEL P. CORD, of ——, in the county of Robinson, and State of Ky., within said District, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition, by the District Court of said District. F. H. DUDLEY, Assignee. se13 3td

NOTICE—District of Kentucky, ss.—In Bankruptcy. At Winchester, Ky., the 30th day of July, A. D. 1868. The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of JOHN H. SEELY, of ——, in the county of Nicholas, and State of Kentucky, within said District, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition, by the District Court of said District. F. H. DUDLEY, Assignee. se13 3td

NOTICE—District of Kentucky, ss.—In Bankruptcy. At Winchester, Ky., the 23d day of March, A. D. 1868. The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of JOHN T. JOHNSON, of ——, in the county of Nicholas, and State of Ky., within said District, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition, by the District Court of said District. F. H. DUDLEY, Assignee. se13 3td

NOTICE—This is to give notice that on the 5th day of Sept., A. D. 1868, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estate of LEWIS B. OFFUTT, of Georgetown, in the county of Scott, and State of Kentucky, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt, to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of said bankrupt, to prove their debts, and choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a court of bankruptcy, to be holden at Winchester, Ky., before Thomas M. Eginton, Register, on the 6th day of October, 1868, at 10 o'clock A. M. W. A. MERIWETHER, U. S. Marshal as Messenger. se13 d2

NOTICE—In the District Court of the United States for the District of Kentucky—In bankruptcy. In the matter of JESSE T. HARRIS. Petition for final discharge filed Sept. 8, 1868. By order of court, the creditors of Jesse T. Harris, a bankrupt, are hereby notified to appear before me at my office in Bowling Green, Kentucky, on the 24th day of September, 1868, at 2 o'clock P. M., to show cause, if any they have, why the bankrupt aforesaid should not be discharged from his debts. WARNER UNDERWOOD, Register. W. D. RITTER, Assignee, Hopkinsville, Ky. se13 2td

NOTICE—In the District Court of the United States for the District of Kentucky—In Bankruptcy. In the matter of JAS. W. WELBOURN. Petition for final discharge filed September 9, 1868. By order of the court the creditors of Jas. W. Welbourn, bankrupt, are hereby notified to appear before me at my office in Bowling Green, Kentucky, on the 29th day of September, 1868, at 11 o'clock A. M., to show cause, if any they have, why the bankrupt aforesaid should not be discharged from his debts. WARNER UNDERWOOD, Register. J. D. CHRISTIAN, Assignee, Elkton, Ky. se13 2td

NOTICE—In the District Court of the United States for the District of Kentucky—In Bankruptcy. In the matter of THOMAS CAYCE. Petition for final discharge filed Sept. 12, 1868. By order of court, the creditors of Thomas Cayce, a bankrupt, are hereby notified to appear before me at my office, in Bowling Green, Ky., on the 29th day of Sept., 1868, at 9 o'clock A. M., to show cause, if any they have, why the bankrupt aforesaid should not be discharged from his debts. WARNER UNDERWOOD, Register. W. D. RITTER, Assignee, Hopkinsville. se13 2td

PROPOSALS.

Notice to Contractors.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at my office, No. 200 West Jefferson street, between Center and Sixth, until TUESDAY, Sept. 15, noon, for the brick, carpenters', stone, and iron work, plastering, painting, &c., of two stores to be erected on the northeast corner of Jefferson and Second streets, the plans and specifications of which can be seen at Bradshaw & Brother's office. se9 d6 T. S. BUDD.

REMOVAL.

H. Thierman & Co., Wholesale Liquor Dealers,

HAVE removed from 221 Market street, to 69 MAIN STREET, between Second and Third sts. au31 dtf

THE SOUTHERN

JOURNAL OF EDUCATION.

THE recognized educational organ of the South, enters upon the second volume increased from 32 to 48 pages. Educational department under the control of Hon. Z. F. Smith, Superintendent of Public Instruction for Kentucky. As a first-class educational and literary magazine, conducted by Southern men, it is entitled to the support of every Southerner. $2 per annum in advance. Specimen copies 20 cents. Agents wanted. Published monthly by JOHN T. HEARN, Shelbyville, Ky. se11 d2m&w1

CLOSING OUT SALE!

GREAT BARGAINS!

MRS. J. A. BEATTIE will sell ribbons, flowers, feathers, laces, &c., for cash, at less than cost, in quantities to suit purchasers, at her residence, No. 163 Third street. au30 d1m

The Louisville Commercial Agency,

Southwest Corner of Main and Fourth Sts.,

(Over Tucker & Co.'s Bank.)

IN connection with McKillop, Sprague & Co., of New York, and their associate offices, is now open and prepared for business. Merchants, manufacturers and bankers are very respectfully invited to call. se2 d1m C. SEICHRIST, Proprietor.

Notice.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of F. Stine, deceased, are hereby requested to call and settle their accounts immediately. All persons having claims against the estate of said decedent, are hereby notified to present them, proven according to law.

Mr. Matthew Curran will attend to the collecting and paying of all grocery bills. He can be seen at the store from 1 o'clock A. M. to 4 o'clock P. M.

JACOB KRAUTH,
WM. WHITE,
MATTHEW CURRAN,
JACOB MERKER,
se1 d1m Executors by Will.

Agents Wanted!

For the lives of

SEYMOUR and BLAIR.

INDORSED by all leading Democrats. Agents are meeting with unprecedented success, selling from 15 to 20, and some as high as 30 copies per day. Send for circulars and full particulars. Address JONES BROTHERS & CO., 148 West Fourth st., Cincinnati, O. se3 d&wtis*

Use Dr. Bird Payne's Anti-fever Pills

au17 d1m*

EDUCATIONAL.

Night School

—OF THE—

German English Academy

Corner Second and Gray streets,

WILL open September 21. For particulars inquire of the undersigned at the school. se13 d12 W. N. HAILMAN.

School Books!

A LARGE and complete stock for sale at the lowest prices, by J. C. WEBB & CO., se8 d6 No. 90 Main street.

LOUISVILLE FEMALE SEMINARY.

EIGHTEENTH Annual Session will commence

MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 7, 1868.

Circulars may be obtained by applying to MRS. W. B. NOLD, No. 6 Chestnut st., my31 d1sep13 Louisville, Ky.

German-English Academy for Boys and Girls, North-east Corner Second and Gray Sts.

THIS school will be reopened on the first Monday in September. For particulars, apply to the undersigned, between 8 and 11 o'clock A. M. aug28 d1m W. N. HAILMAN, Principal.

MRS. CHASE'S

Select Primary School

WILL reopen at her residence, 251 First street, opposite the Female High School, on MONDAY, the 7th of September.

No pupils will be received whose language or conduct would be injurious to the morals of Mrs. C.'s own children attending the school.

A class of half a dozen girls will be admitted who desire to be prepared with Mrs. C.'s oldest daughter for the Female High School in two years; they will be instructed by her husband, after 2 o'clock P. M., in Grammar and Arithmetic.

For terms apply to

au31 dtf MRS. CHASE.

MISS MARY F. G. BROWNE

WILL reopen her SCHOOL, at No. 267 east side of Seventh street, bet. Chestnut and Broadway,

ON MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 7, 1868.

au25 d18

Ursuline Female Academy.

THIS academy, for the education of young ladies, is situated on Chestnut street, near Shelby. The place of situation is very healthful, and the building spacious and well ventilated. The academy is well provided with able teachers, who are ever ready to do all that is possible for the training of the scholars both temporal and spiritual. Difference of religion forms no obstacle to admission, provided the pupil comply for the sake of order to the religious exercises usual in Catholic institutions. The scholastic year is divided into two sessions, the first beginning the FIRST MONDAY in September, and terminating the last of January. The second commences the FIRST OF FEBRUARY and closes the last week in June. For further notice inquire at the Academy or of Rev. P. Leander Streber. MARTINA NICKLAS, Supt. au28 d1m

B. B. HUNTOON'S

School for Boys!

No. 377 Sixth Street.

WILL REOPEN MONDAY, Sept. 7, 1868. Terms, $80 a year, payable quarterly in advance. au28 d1m

University of Louisville!

LAW DEPARTMENT.

Twenty-third Session.

HON. HENRY PIRTLE LL. D.,
Professor of Constitutional Law, Equity, and Commercial Law.
HON. WM. F. BULLOCK,
Professor of the Law of Real Property, Law of Contracts, and Criminal Law.
HON. HENRY J. STITES,
Professor of the History and Science of Law, including Pleading, Evidence, and International Law.

THE Twenty-third Session of the School will commence on the first Monday in October next, and continue five months.

Communications should be addressed to Professor PIRTLE, at Louisville, Ky. JAS. GUTHRIE, President of the University of Louisville, Ky. jy10 deodtillSe15

MRS. CONWAY,

HAVING removed her school from the Walnut-street Baptist church, will reopen in the south side basement of

CALVARY CHURCH,

corner Guthrie and Third streets, on MONDAY, Sept. 7th, 1868. Entrance gate, nearest Guthrie street. au26 deod8

The Episcopal High School, for Boys,

THREE miles west of Alexandria, Va., begins its twenty-ninth annual session on the 30th of September, with the same professors. A full course—mathematical, classical, and practical—is taught. Pupils are received from the age of nine. Deductions made for ministers and for persons sending two pupils. Annual charges $300 for tuition, board, washing, &c. For further information address the principal. au1 deod6m REV. WM. F. GARDNER.

NOBLE BUTLER, A. M. E. A. GRANT, LL. D.

Grant & Butler's School!

FOR YOUNG LADIES AND GIRLS,

Louisville, Ky.

THIS institution, complete in all its departments, will begin its next session on MONDAY, Sept. 7, 1868. Announcements and catalogues can be obtained by addressing the Principals, 203 Sixth st. au16 d1m

MISS WHITE'S INSTITUTE

FOR YOUNG LADIES,

WILL commence the Sixth Annual Session MONDAY, Sept. 7, 1868. A thorough English course, Latin, French, German, and Music will be taught. Application made to MISS ANNA BRANNAN, jy3 dtSe15 320 First st., bet. Gray and Broadway.

SOFT SHELL CRAB,

YOUNG GROUSE,

Shell Oysters, &c.,

JUST RECEIVED AT

WALKER'S EXCHANGE.

se5 dtf

HARLOW J. PHELPS, of N. O. E. NOTT, of N. O.
J. G. McCULLOCH, of Louisville, Ky.

PHELPS, McCULLOCH & CO.,

PRODUCE

—AND—

General Commission Merchants,

142 Gravier street, New Orleans.

REFERENCES—Bank of Louisville, Louisville; Hughes, Huffman & Co., Louisville; Citizens' Bank, Louisville; Brandeis & Crawford, Louisville; D. S. Benedict & Sons, Louisville; Western Fin. Corporation Co., Louisville; Sherley, Woolfolk & Co., Louisville; Halliday Bros., Cairo, Ill. jy19 deod3m

J. H. COLSTON. W. C. MOORE.

FURNITURE, FURNITURE.

Chairs and Mattresses

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

WE sell the CHEAPEST GOODS in Louisville, being agents for large manufacturers.

COLSTON & MOORE,
78 Main Street,
jy1 deod3m Three doors above Third street.

KRAUSHAAR & CO.'S

Latest Improved and Most Perfect

AGRAFFE PIANOS,

"The Piano that everybody likes."

LOUIS TRIPP,
jy1 deod3m Nos. 92 and 94 Jefferson street.

D. P. CROPPER. C. B. PATTON.

CROPPER & PATTON,

[ESTABLISHED 1861.]

Produce and Commission MERCHANTS,

Hay, Grain, Flour, and Whisky,

Consignments solicited, and orders promptly filled,

No. 8 Third Street,

je13 deod3m LOUISVILLE, KY

[H. THIERMAN'S SONS.]

H. THIERMAN & CO.,

Wholesale Dealers in and Importers of

WINES AND LIQUORS,

ALSO DISTILLERS,

No. 69 Main Street, bet. Second and Third,

au28 d3m LOUISVILLE, KY.

AL. S. SMITH. GRAN. W. SMITH.

SMITH BROTHERS,

(Successors to Pearson & Davis,)

Undertakers and Coffin Makers,

S. W. Cor. Seventh and Jefferson.

METALLIC CASKETS AND CASES,

AND all styles of wooden coffins on hand. All calls promptly attended to, either night or day. jy17 d3mF-Su&Tu

DECALCOMANIE!

THE art of painting on glass, china, porcelain, wood, &c., imported and for sale by

W. SCOTT GLORE,

se2 dtf Third and Jefferson.

SHELL OYSTERS!

Shell Oysters.

RUFER'S.

Just received, fresh Shell Oysters, the first of the season, at RUFER'S, Fifth st., bet. Main and Market.

au13 dtf C. C. RUFER, Prop'r.

ATTENTION, BOILER MAKERS AND SHEET-IRON WORKERS.

HAVING recently been appointed agents for HILLMAN BROTHERS & SONS, we are now prepared to fill all orders for their justly celebrated

TENNESSEE BOILER IRON,
BOILER HEADS,
BOILER RIVETS,
CHARCOAL & BLOOM SHEET, of all number

BRIDGEFORD & CO.,

jy17 d6m Sixth st., bet. Main and River

MEDICAL.

JENKINS' TONIC!

DR. JENKINS, the chemist, has succeeded in so combining Peruvian Bark, Iron, and Phosphorus as to produce a compound free from all the objections hitherto attached to preparations containing these excellent tonics, and at the same time he preserves intact all their good qualities, and presents them in a most agreeable and acceptable form. It is made under his own eye, and the sale of it is intrusted to the house of THOS. E. JENKINS & CO. where it may be had of unquestioned reliability. The qualities and properties of this Tonic are, in part, as follows:

It excites the Appetite.
It promotes the Digestion.
It enriches the Blood.
It strengthens the Muscles.
It invigorates the Nerves.
It infuses Mental and Physical Energy.
It cures Chlorosis (green sickness.)
It facilitates the development of young females.
It fortifies the system against the attacks of Malarial Diseases (Agues, Bilious Fevers, &c.
It cures Anæmia and Leucorrhœa.
It is a valuable remedy in Dyspepsia.
It regulates and facilitates the flow of Catemenia.
It restores Pale, Lymphatic, Scrofulous, and Rickety Children.
It restores those weakened and debilitated by sickness, by oppressive weather, by excessive mental or physical labor, or by other causes which break down the system.
It greatly aids in rebuilding the system.
It is the best medicine of its kind ever compounded.
It is prescribed by the leading physicians, and its use is followed by the happiest results.
It is pleasant to the palate, acceptable to the stomach, strengthening and invigorating to the mind and body, and is moderate and reasonable in price.

THOS. E. JENKINS & CO.,

Cor. Third and Walnut Sts.,

LOUISVILLE, KY. se6 Su&Tu3m

WORTHY OF ATTENTION

To Dr. Thos. A. Hurley:

I hereby certify that during the last year I was attacked with the Ague while in Vicksburg, Miss., and used several popular patent medicines with but temporary relief. On reaching home the disease returned in a worse type if possible, when my medical attendant ordered Quinine, in large doses—frequently as high as 60 grains per day, and which must have cost me nearly $100. I consulted Dr. Smith, of Louisville, and found he prescribed Quinine and Arsenic combined, which I refused to take, preferring to let the disease take its course. I was almost bloodless, extremely exhausted, and pronounced with enlarged Liver and Spleen. About this time the advertisement of Hurley's Ague Tonic appeared in a city paper, and I determined to give it a trial. I did so and have no reason to regret it. One bottle restored me completely, and since that time I have seen nearly a hundred cases in which it acted with equally happy result, and would certainly recommend it as preferable to any other Tonic before the public.

JAMES MARTIN, Engineer.

Louisville, Ky., June 14, 1865.
For sale by all Druggists.
JAMES BUDDLE & CO., Proprietors,
41 Bullitt street, Louisville, Ky.
au29 dW, Fri&Sun 1m&w4

PATENT MEDICINES

Are they Beneficial to Community?

THIS question is hard to answer from the fact there are so many quack nostrums in the market, the medical properties of which are not known to the public (and we expect scarcely to the manufacturers), that we hesitate to recommend them to the community. There are medicines, however, that we can recommend to our friends; they are a class of medicines which are manufactured by scientific men from officinal drugs, such as are used and recommended by the leading medical men of the country. At the head of this class of medicines stands, as we believe, Dr. F. A. MITCHELL'S San-Gento Bitters. These Bitters come to us recommended not only by some of the best citizens of this community, but by physicians whose skill and scientific attainments cannot be called into question; therefore, we feel safe in recommending the San-Gento Bitters to the readers of the Courier, as being all that they are recommended to be by their manufacturer.

BENNETT, POPE & CO., No. 23 Third street, are the sole agents for Louisville, Ky. je28 deod3m

DR. GRAVES'

Ague Pills!

AGUE and Chills and Fever are now making their appearance in this city, and orders are coming in daily from various States for this valuable remedy, which has proved successful during the past twenty years in permanently curing these troublesome complaints. We want all those cases that are considered hard to cure. We will warrant a cure in every case, and stop them the first day, and without the patient's feeling any inconvenience from taking the medicine; and the patient can take such diet as he may relish—neither need he lose but one day from his ordinary business. Prepared and sold at 228 Market street, between Sixth and Seventh, Louisville, Ky., by

GRAVES & SON,

And sold by all druggists. au11 deod2m&w3

SCIATICA HOWE'S NEVER-FAILING NEURALGIC

AGUE CURE AND TONIC BITTERS.

It will cure permanently Chills, Agues, Sciatica, Neuralgia, Debility and all nervous and periodic diseases. Every bottle warranted to give perfect satisfaction. Price $1, or six bottles $5. Expr. ☞ Office advice Free.

C. B. HOWE, M. D.,
Sole Proprietor, Seneca Falls, N. Y.

Kentucky Insurance Company.

Louisville Chancery Court.

The Ky. Insurance Company, pl't'ff, vs. Osborne, etc., deft's. } In Equity.

NOTICE is hereby given of my appointment as Receiver of the Kentucky Insurance Company, in the above-styled action, in accordance with an act of the General Assembly of Kentucky, entitled "An Act to repeal an act entitled an act to incorporate the Kentucky Insurance Company," approved March 4, 1865. I have been directed, as Receiver, to take possession of the office, books, accounts and assets of the said Company, to be disposed of under the direction of said Chancellor, and in accordance with said act.

The following order was this day entered by the Chancellor in said action, viz:

"All persons having claims against the Kentucky Insurance Company are required to present the same to the Receiver, on or before the 15th October, 1868. All claims for losses upon property insured in said Company, must be proven as required by the policy issued by said Company, and as required by the rules and regulations of said Company. All other claims must be proven as required by law in cases of claims against decedents' estates.

"The Receiver will publish notice of this order as to claims, for one month, in the Daily Louisville Courier, Journal, and Democrat, and he will send a copy of such notice to each claimant and creditor as far as known to him."

* * * * * * * * *

"All persons having claims against the Kentucky Insurance Company, of whatever kind or nature, are hereby enjoined from prosecuting any action against said Company, or the Receiver herein, on account of such claims or demands. The holders of such demands will prove the same in this action as hereinbefore required. The service of this order upon such claimant will be regarded as notice of this injunction to him."

I am authorized by an order of Court to have an adjustment of all losses not adjusted before the repeal of the charter, such adjustment subject to the approval of the Court.

se1 d1m J. W. BATCHELOR, Receiver.

Louisville Steam Laundry

NO. 107 SECOND STREET,

BETWEEN MARKET AND JEFFERSON STS.

Mrs. L. R. Smutz, Sup't, F. G. Sutton, Prop'r.

ORDERS solicited and work promptly done in the best style. The work rooms and office are under the management of competent ladies, and all work is done exclusively by females, and care will be taken to give satisfaction in every particular. All kinds of goods from the heaviest to the finest fabric can be washed without sustaining the slightest injury. An examination by the public is invited. For prices, &c., call at office. au16 deod3m

"A Shout for Seymour and Blair!"

A SPLENDID CAMPAIGN SONG, BY J. W. PARSON PRICE. Price 35 cents.

"THE TRIBUTE,"

BY LEO WHEAT.

The most beautiful ballad of the day..........40 cents.

Just published by LOUIS TRIPP,
je28 deod 3m Nos. 92 and 94 Jefferson street.

D. G. VENABLE

REAL ESTATE AGENT

Office in National Hotel Building, No. 10,

Up-stairs, Main street, near Fourth.

References—Hon. R. K. White and T. L. Jefferson, Messrs. Patrick Joyes, L. L. Warren, Wm. Wiard, Jno B. Taggard, James W. Batchelor, Cashier Planters' National Bank, Louisville, Ky. and Gen. John M. Harlan. jy3 dtf

CARRIAGES.

A FINE assortment of Rockaways, Barouches, Open and Top Buggies, on hand for sale low at

W. F. SPYBEY'S

CARRIAGE FACTORY,

Jefferson St., bet. Sixth and Seventh,

LOUISVILLE, KY.

Repairing done at low rates. All work warranted. se6 d12

Eye, Ear and Throat

DR. SINCLAIR

Has removed his office to the BLOOM BLOCK, adjoining Central Market, on Fourth street, near Green. Treats specially diseases of the Eye, Ear, and Throat. References, by permission: Gen. S. B. Buckner, Hamilton Pope, G. W. Norton, Banker; J. M. S. McCorkle, Dr. Way, Rev. E. P. Humphrey, D. D., J. W. Rust, editor Western Recorder; Thos. E. Jenkins, M. D., Col. Bristow, &c. au30 deodtf

Carriages! Carriages!

WISHING to close out my entire stock of carriages with a view of changing my business, I can offer great inducements to persons wishing to purchase my stock, comprising buggies of various styles, top and no top, barouches, rockaways, &c. Call soon if you wish bargains. I. F. STONE, Main street, opposite new Galt House. ie27 deod1t

W. L. MURPHY & CO.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

Pittsburg and Other Coal

For Parlor, Cooking and Steam Use.

Office, East Side of Third St., near Main.

no2 dtf LOUISVILLE, KY.

DODGE'S PATENT GRATE

THIS valuable improvement in open fire places produces fifty per cent. more heat from fifty per cent. less fuel, than any other grate now in use. It prevents the passage of heat into the chimney, consumes the smoke and gas, and improves the draft. There can be no deception in its value, for it has been thoroughly tested for the past nine years, and comes indorsed by many thousands of the best citizens of Cincinnati, and nearly all of the principal cities in the Union.

Every style of grates, new or old, can be set with this improvement.

☞ Orders left at No. 159 south side Jefferson, between Fourth and Fifth streets, will meet with prompt attention. se4 dtf

MISCELLANEOUS.

Seed Barley.

A LARGE quantity of No. 1 Fall Seed Barley for sale at the lowest price, at STEIN & DOERN'S, Louisville Malt House, Nos. 21 and 23 Sixth street, between Main and River. se11 d6

Oats and Rye.

WE are paying the highest cash price for oats and rye. SMITH, STURGEON & CO., se11 d10 38 Fourth street.

Copper Whisky.

500 BBLS. Copper Whisky, from five to ten years old, in store and for sale by E. BUSTARD, No. 71 Main street, mh8 dtf Bet. Second and Third.

To Western Drovers and Traders.

THE undersigned have located in the city of Savannah, Ga., and opened a livery and sale stable, with ample stock lots attached, and propose to make the sale of mules and horses a specialty in their business. One of our firm having been engaged in this business in the States of Georgia, South Carolina and Florida for the past 30 years, the other for the last 18 years, we feel assured that we possess a trade and other advantages which an itinerant trader or stranger could not possibly expect. We therefore confidently invite owners of stock, traders, &c., intending to visit this market the ensuing fall and winter, to our facilities for the sale of the same. Will pay freight bills on any lots of stock that may be shipped us.

ALFRED WILSON, late of Augusta, Ga.
au4 d3m M. A. DEHONEY, late of Scott co., Ky.

DECALCOMANIE!

THE art of painting on glass, china, porcelain, wood, &c., imported and for sale by

FITCH, LINDSEY & REUTER,

jy29 d3m 75 Fourth Street.

WALL PAPER.

A LARGE importation just received and for sale cheap. Samples sent free of charge to parties in the country.

FITCH, LINDSEY & REUTER,

jy29 d3m 75 Fourth Street.

HORSE-SHOEING.

HORSES sent to my shop will receive prompt attention from skillful workmen.

Shop on First street, between Jefferson and Market. my15 dtf JOHN RUDD.

PHYSICIANS.

Removal.

DR. R. H. SINGLETON has removed to the corner of Green and Fourth streets, over McDowell's drug store. au18 d1m

Dr. G. W. Lancaster,

104 1-2 Fifth street, corner Court Place, cures all confidential diseases, poisons of the blood, syphilis, cutaneous eruptions, &c., in one-half the time of ordinary treatment. Also, treats with perfect success all troubles arising from abuse or excesses in old or young.

Dr. L. has made office practice his special study for the past twenty years, has had more experience in this "specialty" than any other physician in America, and has cured upward of ten thousand cases in Louisville alone.

The various complicated and distressing diseases incident to females treated with EMINENT SUCCESS. Such as Suppressions, Irregularities, Whites, Nervous Debility, Painful or Difficult Menstruation, Barrenness, &c., speedily cured.

Patients at a distance will be successfully treated by mail on receipt of a reasonable fee and statement of case. au1 dtf

CANDIDATES.

FOR CONGRESS.

LOGAN COUNTY, KY., September, 1868.

To the Editor of the Louisville Courier:

ANNOUNCE me as a candidate for re-election to Congress in November, subject to a convention, if thought necessary. J. S. GOLLADAY. se2 d&wte

WE are authorized to announce W. N. SWEENEY, Esq., as a candidate for Congress in the Second District. jy25 d&wte

STATE SENATE.

WE are authorized to announce I. L. HYATT as a candidate for the Senate from the First and Second wards of the city of Louisville and Jefferson, to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of Hon. Boyd Winchester. au22 dte

MANTELS AND GRATES.

MANTELS, MANTELS

Grates, Grates!

PARTIES building would consult their interests by calling and personally examining, or sending for cuts and prices, of the beautiful plain, enameled and marbleized Iron Mantels, and plain and enameled Grates, manufactured by

J. S. LITHGOW & CO.,

LOUISVILLE, KY.

Plain Grates, complete, of all sizes, ranging from $4 to $14.
Enameled Grates, complete, from $10 to $30.
Mantels, complete, with Grates, summer fronts and ash pans, from $20 to $75.
☞ Don't put in wood mantels till you see the iron. au22 dtf

RAILROADS.

LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE

—AND—

MEMPHIS & LOUISVILLE

RAILROAD LINE.

ON and after SEPT. 13th, 1868, trains will run as follows:

Leave Louisville	5:20 A. M.	6:20 P. M.
Arrive at Nashville	5:20 P. M.	5:25 A. M.
Arrive at Humboldt	12:35 A. M.	10:15 A. M.
Arrive at Memphis	5:30 A. M.	2:45 P. M.

The 6:20 P. M. train connects at Humboldt for all points South.

Trains leave Nashville for Chattanooga and Atlanta at 8:00 A. M. and 6:00 P. M., and for Decatur and Huntsville at 5:20 A. M. and 9:20 P. M.

Sleeping Cars on 6:20 P. M. train, running through to Nashville, Memphis and New Orleans without change.

Knoxville Branch train leaves Louisville at 7:15 A. M. for Lebanon, Danville and Crab Orchard, connecting by stage to all important points in South-eastern Kentucky.

Bardstown train leaves Louisville at 3:50 P. M.

The Bardstown train connects at Samuels' Station with stages for Fairfield and Bloomfield.

The 6:20 P. M. train for Nashville and Memphis runs daily; the 5:20 A. M. train daily, except Sundays.

Bardstown and Knoxville Branch trains run daily except Sunday.

ALBERT FINK,
jy6 dtf General Supt. L. and N. R. R.

Jeffersonville, Madison, and Indianapolis Railroad.

The Only All Rail Route to the East, North and West.

PASSENGERS taking this route arrive in Eastern cities eleven hours in advance of those taking United States mail-boat same day.

Trains leave and arrive at the Jeffersonville depot (immediately opposite Louisville) as follows:

DEPART.	ARRIVE.
5:00 A. M., daily exc't Sun.	[illegible] daily.
2:15 P. M., daily.	11:15 A. M., daily exc't Sun.
5:45 P. M., daily ex't Sun.*	4:00 P. M., "
9:30 P. M., daily exc't Saturday and Sunday.	1:10 A. M., daily ex Monday

*On Sunday, train leaves at 7:15 P. M.

Baggage checked through to all principal points.

Elegant sleeping cars on all night trains.

For condensed through time-tables and connections see small bills, and call at company's office, corner of Third and Main streets, Louisville, Ky.

HORACE SCOTT,
General Superintendent.
JAMES FERRIER,
General Ticket Agent.

Jeffersonville, Ind., Jan. 1, 1868. jy4

Louisville, Cincinnati & Lexington RAILROAD.

ON AND AFTER APRIL 20, 1868, trains will run as follows:

Leave Louisville at 6 A. M., 2:30 P. M., and at 5:15 P. M.

Arrive at 8:10 A. M., 10:35 A. M., and 7 P. M.

The 6 and 2:30 trains connect at Christiansburg for Shelbyville. Fare through $2 25.

oc5 dtf SAMUEL GILL, Sup't.

Sewanee House,

NASHVILLE, TENN.

THIS old and favorably known house, centrally located on College street, between Church and Union streets, is still under way, and travelers who stop at the Sewanee House may rest assured of receiving every attention to make them comfortable, and being fed on the best the market affords.

Thankful for past favors, we solicit a continuance of the same, and pledge ourself to give satisfaction to all who may favor us with a call.

se4 deod3m JO. S. RUTLAND, Proprietor.

St. George House

N. E. CORNER OF EIGHTH AND MAIN,

IS now being put in fine order. A number of its finely finished rooms, furnished or unfurnished, for rent very low, with or without board. The house is located near the tobacco warehouses, and center of mercantile business. It will be kept in first-class style. The eating and drinking departments will be supplied with every delicacy and luxury to be obtained. It being the finest finished house in the city, will be kept in the finest style. Persons visiting the city will find this a pleasant home, and at rates nearly one half less than regular hotels.

au14 deodtf E. & S. R. KELLAM, Prop'rs.

Floyd St. Planing Mill

(One square north of Main.)

J. DIXON BROWN & CO.,

Manufacturers of Doors, Sash, Blinds, Frames, Moldings, Brackets, Packing Boxes, Flooring, etc., and Dealers in

ROUGH AND DRESSED LUMBER,

SHINGLES AND BUILDING MATERIAL OF ALL KINDS.

HAVING purchased the stand recently occupied by Mr. Jonn Card, No. 12 East Main street, bet. First and Second, together with his entire stock, consisting of doors, sash and blinds, we will continue the same as a wareroom in connection with our planing mill, from and after this date. je19 deod&weow3m

PIANOS.

J. HINZEN. E. ROSEN.

HINZEN & ROSEN,

PIANO-FORTE MANUFACTURERS

Market st., north side, bet. Sixth and Seventh,

LOUISVILLE, KY.

An assortment of good second-hand Pianos for sale or rent very cheap. Will rent, and let the rent of new pianos apply to the purchase. se8 d12

MURPHY HOTEL

Main Street, Bardstown, Ky.

F. G. MURPHY, Agent, Prop'r.

se8 d1m*

HILL'S GOLD PEN

MANUFACTORY.

NO. 172 FOURTH STREET, opposite Central Market, Louisville, Ky. Pens repointed for 50c. Pen Price List sent free. Address R. C. HILL & CO.

STENCIL BRANDS CUT TO ORDER.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

☞ Business Cards will be inserted in this Column at the rate of $1 50 per line per month.

AINSLIE, COCHRAN & CO.—Louisville Foundry and Machine Shop, S. E. corner Main and Tenth streets.

DORN, BARKHOUSE & CO.—Com. Merchants and U. S. Bonded Warehouse, S. W. Main.

GRIFFITH, BUNCE & CO.—Wholesale Grocers and Com. Merchants, No. 93 W. Main st.

HARLAN & NEWMAN,—Attorneys at Law, Jefferson st., two doors east of Willard Hotel.

JAMES & CO. THOS., (successors to Fritts James & Co.,) dealers in Pittsburg and other Coal. Office, 86 Sixth st., bet. Market and Jefferson.

LOUISVILLE MALT HOUSE, 21 and 23 6th st., bet. Main and river. STEIN & DOERN, Prop's.

LOUISVILLE CHEMICAL WORKS—C. LEWIS DIEHL, proprietor, No. 29 Fifth st.

LANE DAVID—Sheet-iron Worker, 473 and 475 Main street, north side, bet. Twelfth & Thirteenth.

LITHGOW J. S. & CO.—Northwest corner of Main and Third streets, manufacturers of Stoves, Castings, Tin, Copper, and Sheet-iron Ware.

LONG & BRO.—Manufacturers of Rattan and Split-bottom Chairs, 174 and 176 E. Market st.

MERGELL C. S.—Architect. Office: Room No. 4, Merchants' Bank of Kentucky building, Main st., bet. Fifth and Sixth.

MOUNT W. J.—Manufacturer and Dealer in Saddlery, &c., 102 Jefferson st., Louisville, Ky.

MORTON JOHN P. & CO.—Publishers, Booksellers, Stationers, Book and Job Printers, 156 West Main street.

SACKSTEDER J. ED.—House, Sign, and Steamboat Painter, No. 95 Second st., east side bet. Market and Jefferson.

YOUNG JOHN P.—Saw Mill and Lumber Yard, m'f'r all descriptions of Framing and Building Lumber, Laths, Slats, &c., 369 Fulton, above Campbell.

DENTISTRY.

WM. H. GODDARD, D. D. S. F. PEABODY, D. D. S.

GODDARD & PEABODY,

DENTISTS,

Office, Room No. 1 McDowell's Block, corner Fourth and Green streets,

LOUISVILLE, KY.

Nitrous Oxide Gas administered for the painless extraction of teeth.

ROSE PEARL.

We are now prepared to mount artificial teeth on this new and desirable base. au1 deod3m

T. A. GREGORY, Dentist,

Extracts teeth without pain, by the use of Nitrous Oxide Gas, and does all kinds of dental work at as low prices as any dentist in the city. All work warranted. Call and see specimen of work. Office on the corner of Preston and Market, in the German Security Bank Building, front rooms up-stairs. aug21 d3m

ROSE PEARL.

BASE FOR ARTIFICIAL TEETH.

A NEW and beautiful material, possessing many advantages over any other base in use. Specimens may be seen at Dr. BEDFORD'S office, No. 30 Jefferson street, between First and Second, Louisville, Ky. Teeth extracted without pain by the use of Nitrous Oxide Gas. jy22 d3m

J. F. CANINE,

DENTIST,

And manufacturer of Porcelain Teeth, No. 170 FIFTH STEET, bet. Green and Walnut, west side, Louisville, Ky. Teeth extracted without pain by the use of the Nitrous Oxide Gas. ja14 dtf

SUMMER RESORTS.

Grayson Springs,

GRAYSON COUNTY, KY.

THIS watering place will be opened and ready on the 1st of June to entertain visitors in search of health, and also families and others, desiring a pleasant retreat from the city and country, and from the Southern climate during the summer months.

The proprietor pledges himself to make his entertainment equal to any watering place in the country, adding, that Grayson waters are more curative than any in the country, either in Kentucky or elsewhere, for which he refers to Drs. L. P. Yandell Senior and Junior, D. W. Yandell, Dr. John Clark, and John Terry, and many citizens of Louisville, and Messrs. John Phelps & Co., New Orleans, and R. C. Wintersmith and G. N. Robinson, Memphis.

Visitors will be furnished conveyance at the Showers House, Elizabethtown, Ky.

BOARDING.

Boarding, per day............$3 00
Boarding, per week............15 00
Boarding, per month............45 00
Children under 12 years and servants............half price.
Liberal arrangements made with parties remaining the season.
Horse, per day............1
Horses, with buggy............

my21 dtf M. F. CLARKSON.

Charleston Hotel,

CHARLESTON, S. C.

THE undersigned respectfully informs his friends and the traveling public he has taken charge of the above well-known first-class hotel, and refurnished and refitted it in all its departments.

The celebrated artesian water baths, hot, cold and shower, at all hours.

Coaches run to and from all railroads and steamers, with attentive porters. The patronage of the traveling public is respectfully solicited.

my22 dtf P. HORBACH, Agent, Proprietor.

LAWYERS.

ALBERT PIKE. ROBT. W. JOHNSON.

PIKE & JOHNSON,

Attorneys, Counselors & Solicitors,

WASHINGTON, D. C.

THIS firm will practice in the U. S. Supreme Court and Court of Claims, and will attend to the recovery of debts, accounts and claims against the Government or individuals, and to business before Congress or in the Departments.

The senior member of the firm (late of the Memphis Appeal) has been long known in the highest courts of the country; and the junior has had large experience in departmental and other business, during many years of public service in the House and Senate. They offer their best and faithful services to those who may need them. se4 deodtf

OHN E. HALSELL. WM. LEROY DULANE

HALSELL & DULANEY,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW

BOWLING GREEN, KY.

mh25 deod6m

JOHN M. HARLAN, Late of Frankfort, Ky. JOHN E. NEWMAN, Late of Bardstown, Ky.

HARLAN & NEWMAN,

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,

Office, Jefferson St., Louisville, Ky.

WILL practice in all the courts held in Louisville, including the Federal Court, and in the Court of Appeals of Kentucky. au22 dtf

FRUIT CANS, &c.

J. S. LITHGOW & CO.,

Nos. 85 & 87 Main St.,

SPENCER'S

Self-Sealing

GLASS

FRUIT JARS

IN general use last season, and pronounced by all the best fruit jar manufactured. Quarts, three pints, and two quarts.

Tin fruit cans of every description and all sizes. Sealing wax for cans.

STEEL SPRING CHAIR

Settees and Tete-a-tetes; Iron Settees, bronzed, grape vine pattern; Garden Vases, of all sizes. my27 dtf

HYATT'S PATENT

Sidewalk Lights,

Floor Lights,

Roof Lights.

FIRE PROOF,
WATER PROOF,
WEATHER PROOF,
BURGLAR PROOF,

—MADE BY—

Snead & Co.,

MARKET ST. ARCHITECTURAL FOUNDRY

And Iron Works,

Market Street, bet. Eighth and Ninth,

1y11 dtf LOUISVILLE, KY.

J. H. STEELE,

House and Steamboat Roofer,

95 Second Street, Louisville, Ky.

All kinds of metal roof repaired, painted and warranted not to leak. The best of felt roofing put on. ap6dtf

JEFFERSON SAW MILLS,

On River, between Wenzel and Cabell.

M. WOODS FERGUSON & CO.

MANUFACTURERS and dealers in all kinds of Sash, Circular and Gange Sawed Pine, Poplar and Oak Building Lumber. Also, manufacturers of all kinds of Poplar, Cherry, Walnut, Gum and Maple Lumber for Furniture, Weather-boards, Shingles, Laths, Bed Slats, Pickets, Table Legs, Chair Rounds, Bannisters, Bench Backs, Broom Handles, Box Boards, &c. We have great facilities for sawing BRIDGE TIMBER, RAILWAY TIES and STRINGERS, for which we solicit orders.

mh30 dtf M. WOODS FERGUSON & CO.

FRANK FIELDING, Suc. to M. B. Fielding & Co. WM. DESENDORF, Suc. to A. T. Finn & Co

FIELDING & DESENDORF,

FUR AND WOOL HATS.

BY THE CASE ONLY.

SALESROOM, 27 MERCER ST., NEW YORK.

Factory, Newark, N. J oc31 dtf

J. A. WHARTON. N. H. CLARK.

J. A. WHARTON & CO.,

AUCTIONEERS,

Auction Rooms, 71 Fourth Street,

In National Hotel Building, bet. Main and Market,

LOUISVILLE, KY.

BY permission we refer to S. G. Henry, McFerran, Armstrong & Co., T. L. Jefferson, Tapp, Kennedy & Walsh, J. D. Guthrie, Hall & Long, H. S. Buckner, Wm. E. Hughes, Trabue, Davis & Co., F. C. Welman, J. L. Smyser, Wheeler & Little, John Simon & Co., D. P. Faulds, John S. Hubbard, and others. jy12 d3m

CANNEL COAL.

WE have just received per tow boat Sam. Parker, a supply of the Hunnewell, Ky., Cannel Coal, superior to any coal in the market for cooking and parlor use. Also, the Peacock, Pomeroy, and Pittsburg Coal, for sale at the lowest market rates.

OLMSTEAD & O'CONNOR.

Offices—96 Third street, bet. Market and Jefferson and southwest cor. Ninth and Market. ly 1 dtf

WANTED.

WANTED—SALESMAN—A first-class salesman—one who understands the clothing business—can secure a situation by applying at J. L. DEPPEN'S, corner Fourth and Market. se13 d3

WANTED—A SITUATION—By a young married man, a thorough accountant, a situation as bookkeeper or bill clerk. Undoubted reference given. Address Box 296, Louisville P. O. se13 d3*

WANTED—AGENTS—$2,500 TO $3,000 PER YEAR—An agent is wanted in every town in the Union to make and sell an article of daily consumption in every family. It is essentially new. Sale permanent as flour. Address LOUIS COBLENTZ, Middletown, Md. se13 d7&w2*

WANTED—500 GIRLS—Families may obtain first-class servants at once by calling at the KENTUCKY EMPLOYMENT AGENCY, corner Fourth and Jefferson streets. All good respectable girls in the city looking for homes call here. A competent lady superintends the female department. MILLER & CO., Agents. jy10 dtf

WANTED—FIRST-CLASS HELP—Supplied free of charge, to bankers, merchants, manufacturers, Railroads, steamboats, &c., by the KENTUCKY EMPLOYMENT AGENCY, corner Fourth and Jefferson streets. Established under the patronage of the business men of Louisville and Kentucky. d1

WANTED—2 blacksmiths, 1 chair-bottomer, 1 sawyer, 1 tanner, 2 farm hands, 3 men with wives, 4 stout boys, 2 salesmen, 1 clerk, 5 canvassers; also, situations for 1 bartender, 2 grocery clerks, waiters, porters, drivers, &c. Come. KENTUCKY EMPLOYMENT AGENCY, corner Fourth and Jefferson streets. d1*

WANTED—A GOOD BUSINESS MAN—With a cash capital of $3,000 or $5,000, can hear of an interest in a manufacturing business that pays a large per cent., by addressing, with name, J., Courier office. se11 d3

WANTED—LIEN NOTES—I have purchasers for a large amount of lien notes on city property. E. D. FRYER, Real Estate Agent, 163 Fourth street, Bamberger & Bloom's Block. se11 dtf

WANTED—TO LEASE—A new modern-built house, from 6 to 9 rooms, or more, neatly finished, bath room, cellar, closets, servants' rooms, stable, carriage house, good out-buildings and good large yard. We have some 15 applicants for similar dwellings, if the price suits, and 2 applicants in particular, who wish a lease for one year with privilege of 3 or 5. Apply to GRESHAM & ESSINGTON, No. 74 West Main street, near Third. se10 d6

WANTED—Persons in the country or city wanting help or laborers of any kind, old or young, male or female, can be supplied on short notice, by applying at the Louisville Employment Agency, 101 Fifth street. All orders for help from a distance promptly attended to, and satisfaction guaranteed. All persons in want of situations, whether as clerks, salesmen, traveling agents, or in any capacity desired, can find work and good wages by applying at the same place, either in person or by letter. We also guarantee satisfaction to all applicants, or no pay. McNAIR & CO. se10 dtf

WANTED—A FIRST-CLASS CIRCULAR SAWYER AND MACHINIST—To go to the country at once. Wages $24 per week. Apply to RAY, VARBLE & CO., Champion Mills, Louisville. se10 d3

WANTED—SITUATION—In a first-class business house, by a young man who can give good references; is willing to do any kind of work for moderate wages. Address R. B., through postoffice. se10 d14*

WANTED—TO EXCHANGE—Good, well improved city property for an A No. 1 FARM in Kentucky, containing from 150 to 250 acres of first-rate land in good condition, the dwelling and out-buildings on the farm to be ample and well built; the orchards and fields to be well arranged; the farm to be on or very near a good turnpike, in a good neighborhood, healthy locality, and within one hundred miles of Louisville. Persons owning such a farm, and wishing to trade, can send full and accurate description, with price, per mail, or call in person and see GRESHAM & ESSINGTON, Real Estate Agents, No. 74 West Main street, Louisville, Ky. se2 d&wtf

WANTED—COLLIERS—At Nelson Furnace, Ky., two good boss colliers wanted immediately. Apply in person or by letter to F. P. DEWEES & CO., Nelson Furnace, Ky se5 d10

WANTED—WOOD—I want to purchase 100 cords good split green beech wood. JAS. A. HOLT, 18 Second street. se3 dtf

WANTED—100 MARES—The undersigned want the foregoing number of mares, from four to nine years old, medium size, and in good order.
sep1 dtf B. W. JENKINS & CO.

WANTED—A MARBLE CUTTER—Apply at this office. jy29 dtf

WANTED—PARTNER—With a cash capital of $7,000, to $10,000, to take half interest in a well established flouring and woolen mill. For further particulars address J. M. B. & BRO., this office. jy11 d3m

WANTED—SITUATION—By a young lady who has a Wheeler & Wilson sewing machine, and is entirely competent to do first-class work on it. Would accept an engagement either in a private family or cloak establishment. Best of references. Address Miss G. C., care Courier office. je11 dtf

FOR SALE--CITY.

FOR SALE—PARTNERSHIP—I offer at private sale my stock in the Broadway Bakery and Confectionery, on Broadway, between Ninth and Tenth streets, near the Nashville Depot. Will sell cheap. For further information and terms, apply to me on the premises. se13 d5*

FOR SALE—VALUABLE BUSINESS PROPERTY—Corner Main and Second streets; 51½ feet front on Main, same front on Washington, by 204 feet front on Second street. This is the most valuable unimproved business property in Louisville. Will be sold to a good purchaser on long time if desired, or on long lease subject to renewal. Apply over Morton, Galt & Co.'s Bank. GEO. L. DOUGLAS. se12 d5*

FOR SALE—LOT—A very desirable lot, 30x205 ft. to a 20-foot alley, on Second, between Chestnut and Walnut streets. Price $3,500. Terms—one-fourth cash; balance in 12, 18, and 24 months. Apply to GRESHAM & ESSINGTON, No. 74 West Main st., near Third. se11 d6

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—DWELLING—For approved vacant lots—A very excellent and desirable, well-built dwelling, on Eighth street, containing 10 rooms, bath room, pantry, closets, large halls, gas and water, and very conveniently arranged. The house is in good condition and very substantial. There is an excellent cellar, good large cistern and hydrant in the yard; shade trees in front and rear. The lot is 32x176 feet, with side alley. Price, $16,000 cash, one-third down. If we exchange for other property it must be at cash prices. Apply to GRESHAM & ESSINGTON, 74 West Main street. se9 dtf

FOR SALE—BROADWAY PROPERTY—One of the prettiest little places in the city, a fine brick cottage of eight rooms, closets, pantry; the wood work is finely grained, and all the windows cut to the floor; the lot is 40x237 feet, beautifully set with choice shrubbery, flowers, fruit trees, fine grape arbor; also a good stable, carriage house. I have also a two-story brick house on First street and one on Thirteenth st.; will be sold cheap for one-third cash, as I am going to the country. Apply on the premises, northwest corner Thirteenth and Broadway. JOHN ARBEGUST, Jr. se8 dtf

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—HOUSE—An excellent frame dwelling house of 8 rooms, cellar, cistern, spring, &c., a large lot, 150 feet front, fine fruit; on the river, within 30 minutes of the Galt House; the residence is well finished and in good order. Price $2,000. Terms easy, or will exchange for property in Jeffersonville, Ind. Apply to GRESHAM & ESSINGTON, No. 74 West Main street, near Third. se8 d6

FOR SALE—GROCERY STAND—Corner Fifteenth and Chestnut streets. It is one of the best stands in the city and doing a fine business. For further information apply to JOHN SHELLY, on the premises. se6 d6

FOR SALE—BREWERY—The property known as Zoller's Brewery, situated on Portland avenue, and has a fine brewery with all the apparatus complete, and can be made one of the best lager beer breweries in the city of Louisville. This place has a large front on Portland avenue and runs back to an alley; has a good saloon fronting on Portland avenue and also two good dwelling houses, with ice house, stables and other out-houses. The saloon is doing good trade and any person taking the place can build up a good trade with Portland and the city. We propose to sell all barrels, half barrels and kegs, wagons, horses, &c., to any one who may want to engage in the brewery business. This is a rare chance for an investment. For particulars inquire of W. H. LAWRENCE, 159 Jefferson street, bet. Fourth and Fifth streets. au29

FOR SALE—MY RESIDENCE—Broadway, bet. First and Second streets, No. 17. House contains ten rooms, kitchen, cellar, cistern, stable, carriage and coal house. Lot 30x210 feet to a large alley. Terms easy—ten years' credit if desired. Apply to W. B. HOKE, office of English & Hoke. my17 dtf

FOR SALE—BUGGY—A fine trotting buggy very light; made by one of the best makers; to be sold at auction at the sale stable of B. W. Jenkins & Co., without limit. au21 dtf

FOR SALE—THE STOCK, FIXTURES, &C., OF A LARGE RETAIL CONFECTIONERY, ICE CREAM, SALOON AND BAKERY—In the best business part of this city. Store and saloon fixtures are in splendid order; bake oven and utensils nearly new. Terms moderate. An enterprising man with some capital will find this a good chance to enter a nice, well established and prospering business. Inquire at this office. au7 dtf

FOR SALE—CHEAP—One frame house of six rooms, on Green street, bet. Tenth and Eleventh. One new cottage of four rooms, on Broadway, bet. Fourteenth and Fifteenth. Inquire at S. ROTHCHILD'S banking office, No. 74 Main st. au6 dtf

FOR SALE—STOCK—27 shares Taylorsville Turnpike Stock. For particulars inquire of W. H. LAWRENCE, No. 159 Jefferson street, between Fourth and Fifth. jy26 dtf

FOR SALE—BRICK HOUSE—In Germantown, one two-story brick house, containing bar-room and five rooms, with kitchen, cellar, stable and ten-pin alleys, all in good repair. Lot 95 feet front by 150 feet deep, to an alley. This is good property, and will be sold cheap. For particulars apply to W. H. LAWRENCE, 159 Jefferson street, between Fourth and Fifth. This property is situated on the corner of Logan and Cane streets. jy24dtf

FOR SALE—One of the best cottages in Portland, situated on Third street, between Grove and Ferry streets, lot 105 feet by 200 deep; has fine garden, fruit, &c. To be sold at a bargain. Has a cistern of 200 barrels. For particulars apply to W. H. LAWRENCE, 159 Jefferson, bet. Fourth and Fifth. je19 dtf

FOR SALE—HOUSE—1 two-story brick house on Walnut street, between Eleventh and Twelfth; lot 30 feet front by 195 feet deep to alley; house contains 6 rooms, kitchen, stable, good cistern and gas all through the house; has fine fruit trees and grape vines. For particulars apply to W. H. LAWRENCE, 159 Jefferson street, bet. Fourth and Fifth. my13 dtf

FOR SALE—LOT—One lot, 30 feet wide by 145 feet deep, situated on west side of the alley, bet. Harney and Duncan—Twentieth and Twenty-first streets. For particulars, inquire of MARKS & CO., 69 Third street. je16 dtf

FOR SALE—OLD TYPE—We have for sale, at a low price, 4,000 lbs. of old Type, to which the attention of Foundrymen and Machinists is directed. Apply at the Courier office. jy14 dtf

FOR SALE—HOUSE AND LOT—1 two-story frame house and lot on Walnut street, between Thirteenth and Fourteenth, south side. House contains 6 rooms and kitchen, coal house and stable, cellar, cistern, and all in good repair. Lot 30 feet front by 161 deep to 20-foot alley. For particulars inquire of W. H. LAWRENCE, 159 Jefferson street, between Fourth and Fifth. my13 dtf

FOR SALE—HOUSE AND LOTS—Some desirable lots in Portland, Ky.; also houses and lots in Portland. Apply to W. H. LAWRENCE, 159 Jefferson street, bet. Fourth and Fifth. my13 dtf

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—RESIDENCE—A desirable country cottage, delightfully located, half mile from Broadway on the Bardstown road, in good repair, containing 6 rooms and attic, large yard, stable, carriage-house, and coal-house. Kitchen detached from main building. Will be rented or leased for a term of years to a responsible tenant. Apply at first toll-gate on the Bardstown road. se13 d6*

FOR RENT—WOODLAND GARDEN—Proposals will be received until Dec. 15, 1868, for a lease for term of five years, commencing and possession given on the 1st day of January, 1869, of that incomparable place of public resort and amusement, in this city, known as the Woodland Garden. The premises can be examined on application to the present tenant, or to either of the undersigned. Security may be required for the faithful performance of the terms of the lease. Address WM. JOHNSTON, R. W. WOOLLEY, JAS. C. JOHNSTON, Louisville, Ky. se13 dtf

FOR RENT—RESIDENCE—A good house, containing six rooms, No. 122, south side of Chestnut street, between Floyd and Preston streets. Apply to J. G. WILSON, 198 West Jefferson street. se8 dtf

FOR RENT—A fine 3-story brick dwelling containing 12 rooms, newly papered and painted and in thorough order throughout; gas and water complete; location very desirable; will be rented to a good tenant on favorable terms. Apply to E. D. FRYER, Real Estate Agent, No. 163 Fourth street, Bamberger & Bloom Block. se6 dtf

FOR RENT—HOUSE—A pleasantly situated two-story brick dwelling house, No. 207 Broadway, between Hancock and Jackson streets, containing eight rooms and a good cellar, gas throughout, coal-house, carriage-house and stable, the entire buildings being in good condition. Possession given immediately. Apply to KAHN & WOLF, No. 270 Main street, between Seventh and Eighth streets. se2 dtf

FOR RENT—HOUSE—A pleasantly situated two-story brick dwelling house, No. 87 Jacob street, between Brook and Floyd. The house is nearly new and modern built; contains eight rooms, cellar, gas and water; carriage-house, stable and coal-house, all in good condition. Possession given on 16th September. Apply to KAHN & WOLF, 270 Main street, between Seventh and Eighth.

FOR RENT—THE STORE AND FIXTURES—On Jefferson street, adjoining the Academy of Music, suitable for any kind of fancy business. au25dtf

FOR RENT—RESIDENCE—A desirable residence, just thoroughly painted and newly papered, with twelve rooms, water, gas, a large yard, stable, carriage, coal-house, and servants' room above, will be rented or leased for a term of years to a responsible tenant. Apply on the premises, No. 80 south side of Broadway, between Brook and Floyd. jy7dtf

FOR RENT—ROOMS—Two elegant rooms, or parlors, on the second floor in Weisiger Block, suitable for offices. Terms reasonable. Apply at the office WEISIGER HALL, between 8 and 10 o'clock. aug4 dtf

DRY GOODS HOUSE.

AUCTION BY C. C. SPENCER.

I will, on Monday morning, Sept. 14, 1868, commencing at 10 o'clock, and continuing every day until closed out, offer the entire and complete stock of

DRY GOODS!

Belonging to Messrs. Crumbaugh & Hamilton,

No. 110 Fourth Street,

Embracing a Full Line of Fall and Winter Goods!

And advise all in need of such goods to be on hand and secure great bargains, as the goods must be sold without reserve.

N. B.---The store and fixtures for rent. Apply to HAMILTON & BROS., Northwest Corner of Main and Second streets.

se9 d2W&Su

BOARDING.

WANTED—BOARDERS—A gentleman and wife and several gentlemen, to board in a small private family, consisting of four, where there are no other boarders. Large, nice rooms, furnished or unfurnished. References given and required. Apply at this office, or address H., Postoffice. d1*

BOARDING—A gentleman and his wife, or two single gentlemen, can be accommodated with a fine large front room, with good board, in a private family. Apply at 109 Chestnut street, between Third an Fourth streets. jy9 deodtf

BOARDING—A gentleman and his wife, and one or two single gentlemen, can be accommodated with pleasant rooms and good board in a private family, at the southeast corner of Chestnut and Center streets. se11 d6*

STRAYED OR STOLEN.

STRAYED OR STOLEN—HORSE—On the night of September 3, a bay horse, about 15½ hands high, 5 years old. I will pay a liberal reward for his delivery to me, on the corner of Fifteenth and Kentucky. W. A. NALLY. se10 d4*

STOLEN—MARES—$100 REWARD—Taken from my stable on Tuesday night, 28th inst., a gray mare, 6 years old; red mark on left flank. Also, a dark bay mare, short tail, with white mark at root of tail; about 8 years old. $50 reward will be paid for the return of the mares and $50 for the detection of the thieves. H. C. MIDDLETON, Oakland Station, Warren county, Ky. jy30 dtf

FOR SALE--Horses & Mules

FOR SALE—MULES—60 head of good two-year old mules; also, large work mules, for sale in lots to suit. Goshen Postoffice, Oldham county, Ky. RICHARD WATERS. jy8 dtf

TAKEN UP.

TAKEN UP—THREE COLTS—On Saturday, September 5, 1868—two sorrel fillies about two years old, and one claybank horse colt about three years old. The owner can get the same by calling at LAVILLE'S lumber yard, corner Twelfth and Broadway, by proving property and paying charges. se12d3*

FOR SALE---COUNTRY.

FOR SALE—7,000 ACRES OF FINE LAND—Situated in Kentucky, within thirty miles of Louisville, convenient to railroad and steamboat landing, 600 acres cleared and in cultivation, the balance in good timber—white, black and red oak, poplar, beech, hickory and walnut. Good stream of water running through the place, good springs. Improvements are ample and abundant. This is very desirable property. Will sell part or the whole very cheap, and part on time to suit purchaser, or will EXCHANGE for other property. Apply to GRESHAM & ESSINGTON, 74 West Market street, near Third. se15 dtf

FOR SALE—A VERY DESIRABLE LITTLE FARM AND COUNTRY RESIDENCE—Situated at O'Bannon Station, 14 miles from the city, on the L. and F. Railroad. The farm contains 64½ acres of excellent land, 10 acres of which is in orchard, 28 acres in well set clover, 15 acres in fine timber. The orchard contains some of the finest varieties of fruit trees, and all in bearing. The house is a new modern-built gothic cottage, containing six rooms, two large halls, back porch, and kitchen attached; there is also a comfortable frame building for servants. The grounds around the house are handsomely laid off, and set with beautiful shrubbery and flowers; fine well of pure water, good stable, corn-crib, milk-house, carriage-house. Neighborhood the best in the State. Price liberal. Terms—One-third cash, balance on time. For particulars, inquire of MORRIS, SOUTHWICK & CO., No. 60 Jefferson street. se13 d3

FOR SALE—FARM—Well timbered and improved, near Beard's Station, Ky., containing about 75 acres. For further particulars, apply to J. H. BEARD, Beard's Station. se12 dtf

FOR SALE OR TRADE—FOR CITY PROPERTY—A FARM—Of 193 acres, situated near the Bardstown pike, 15 miles from the city. Improvements comfortable; well watered; a fine orchard of choice fruit. Apply to J. U. SHAFFER & CO., 79 Jefferson street. se12 dtf

FOR SALE—CHEAP—A nice cottage of 5 rooms with 4 acres of land, at Beard's Station, on the L. and C. R. R., 18 miles from the city. Price only $1500 one-third cash, balance in 6 and 12 months with interest and lien. Privilege of more land adjoining the above. Also, my fruit farm adjoining, of about 35 acres, with all modern improvements. Apply to SAMUEL HYMAN, on the premises, or to MORRIS, SOUTHWICK & CO., Jefferson st. au9 d2awtf W&Sat

FOR SALE—GREAT BARGAINS—25 farms from 50 to 500 acres; 5 farms suitable for fruit, from one to twelve miles from Charlestown, Ind.; also, 10 houses and lots in Charlestown. Apply to JAMES BOYER, Real Estate Agents, Charlestown, Ind. se9 deod1m*

FOR SALE—LAND—Near Eminence, Ky., 25 acres of good farming land, with new two-story house, suitable for boarders or a large family; contains eight rooms, two halls, conveniently arranged, with all necessary outbuildings; good frame stable, new and complete. Will sell on easy terms, to suit purchaser. There are good female schools and churches in the town. For terms, &c., apply to JAS. GUTHRIE, at Eminence, Ky. se5 deod2m*

FOR SALE—FARM—Sixty acres of desirable land, on Salt River Turnpike, fifteen miles below Louisville. Good two-story frame house, &c., &c. Address W. E. CRAYCROFT, Riverview, Ky., or C. H. WINTERSMITH, Louisville. au21 deod1m

FOR SALE—LAND—60 acres of land on the Brunerstown and Middletown county road, about ten miles from the city. This is good land, all fenced and under cultivation, with limited improvements. Will be sold entire or in lots to suit purchasers. Apply to WARFIELD, WEST & CO., 98 Jefferson street. aug 30 deod 10

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—A FARM—Of 110 acres good land, situated within 11 miles of the court-house, Jefferson county, Ky. Two-story frame house with 9 rooms, cellar, barn, corn-crib, carriage-house, log stable, a never-failing spring and stone spring-house; orchard of 300 trees; 300 grape vines; 75 acres cleared, balance in good timber; stream of water running through the place. Price $8,000. Terms—one-fourth cash, balance on time to suit purchaser. Will exchange for city property. Apply to GRESHAM & ESSINGTON, No. 74 West Main street, near Third. se11 d6

FOR SALE—A HANDSOME LITTLE COUNTRY SEAT—Containing 20 acres, in the vicinity of the Fair Grounds, fronting on the railroad. Will be sold cheap and on good time. Inquire of J. U. SHAFFER & CO., 79 Jefferson street. se9 dtf

FOR SALE—COUNTRY RESIDENCE—A beautiful country residence, situated on the Bardstown turnpike, just beyond the second toll-gate, five miles from the city; large new, elegantly finished house, in perfect order. Grounds beautifully set with trees, shrubbery and flowers. Seventeen acres of good land, with well-advanced crops; orchards and garden, with fruits, large and small, of different varieties. Purchasers are requested to call and examine for themselves. For further information apply to Mrs. JUDGE HUNTER, on the premises, or to J. U. SHAFFER & CO., Real Estate Agents, 79 Jefferson street. se5 dtf

FOR SALE—DESIRABLE COUNTRY RESIDENCE—And 116 Acres of Land ¾-mile from Pewee Valley Station, on the L. & F. R. R., and 13½ miles from Louisville, on the Ballardsville pike. Improvements are a good double modern style Frame Cottage—seven rooms and kitchen, good double cottage for servants, excellent barn and carriage-house and other out-buildings. The place is tastefully ornamented, and abounds in fruit of all kind adapted to this climate. Land is mostly in grass, with 20 acres woods pasture. It is a fine stock or fruit farm, embraces several fine building sites, convenient to never-failing springs of water, and high rolling ground.

Change in my business induces me to offer the above property at a bargain. Terms will be made easy. For further information apply to me on the premises, or to Messrs. Morris & Southwick, Louisville, Ky. WM. MOSES, Pewee Valley, Ky. ap15deodtf

FOR SALE—UNION COUNTY FARM—I offer for sale my farm, in Union county, Ky. It contains 213 acres; about 150 acres cleared and in a good state of cultivation. There are good houses, barns, &c. This farm lies within 1½ miles of St. Vincent's Academy, 8 miles from Uniontown, and 6 miles from Morganfield, the county seat. Liberal terms will be given a purchaser. For further information, apply to JOHN PAYNE, Sr., of Union county, or to myself, in Taylorsville, Ky. T. B. MILLS. jy16deod&w3m

FOR SALE—FARM—Dr. A. E. Geoghegan offers for sale his valuable and well-known hay farm, on Salt river turnpike, in Jefferson county, 15 miles from Louisville, and half a mile from the Ohio river. The above named farm contains 202 acres of land. This is one of the best improved hay farms in the State. A large, modern style, double frame cottage of 8 rooms, kitchen, &c.; all out-buildings and conveniences that could be desired; a very large hay shed, and improved beater hay press. 150 acres in meadow. Large orchard of all kinds of the most desirable fruit. As handsome a body of land as there is in the country, and in a very desirable neighborhood. Apply to Dr. A. E. GEOGHEGAN, on the premises—postoffice, River View, Ky.; or to C. H. WINTERSMITH, 262 West Jefferson street, Louisville. se10 deodtf

FOR SALE—FARM—100 acres of fine land in Indiana, in Clark county, 6½ miles from Jeffersonville, Ind—finest land in the State. Inquire of W. H. LAWRENCE, 159 Jefferson street. my22 dtf

FOR SALE—A FARM—Of 50 acres, situated in Jefferson county, Ky., within four miles of Louisville, a brick house with 5 rooms; stable, corn-crib, orchard, and a good-well of never-failing water; it is suitable for gardening purposes. Price $150 per acre. Will take one-third in city property. Apply to GRESHAM & ESSINGTON, No 74, West Main street, near Third. se8 dtf

FOR SALE—FARM—On easy terms, a small farm, containing 29 acres, comfortably improved, with a good orchard, &c., situated on the Newburg road, 2 miles from Broadway. Apply to J. U. SHAFFER & CO., 79 Jefferson street. se8 d5

FOR SALE—DISTILLERY—Having bought the distillery heretofore conducted by Messrs. Lewis & Co., in Meade county, Ky., I offer my former distillery in the same county, known as "Crystal Springs Distillery," for sale, together with all the apparatus, machinery, buildings, &c. This is one of the best distilleries in the State, and offers a good opportunity for any one wishing to engage in the business. For further particulars inquire of HENRY THIERMAN, Jr., Market street, between Sixth and Seventh. au19 dtf

FOR SALE—LAND—160 acres bottom land, five miles below Hickman, Ky.; for sale low; land very rich. Apply to W. H. LAWRENCE, 159 Jefferson street, between Fourth and Fifth. my15dtf

FOR SALE—LANDS—In Mississippi, near Natchez.
Lands in Missouri.
Lands in Indiana.
Lands in Ohio.
Apply to W. H. LAWRENCE,
my15 dtf 159 Jefferson st., bet. Fourth and Fifth.

FOR SALE—FARM—For sale or exchange for city property, a farm in Clark county, Indiana, in the edge of Charlestown. The farm contains one hundred acres, all under fence, and eighty acres cleared and in cultivation, and twenty acres in good timber. About eight hundred good bearing fruit trees of fine peaches, apples, &c. Strawberries, raspberries, and other small fruit. Six hundred grape-vines, all bearing. Good spring of pure water. A fine two-story brick house, containing seven rooms, kitchen, hall and porches. Good cellar, cistern, and outhouses. Good barn forty feet square. Good school and church within sight. Apply to W. H. LAWRENCE, 159 Jefferson street, between Fourth and Fifth. je30dtf

FOR SALE—FARM—Containing 140 acres, situated near New Haven, Ky.; has about 40 acres good farming land, good log house with 4 rooms, stable, &c., with good water; also 4,000 fruit trees of all kinds. If not sold will lease, but prefer selling. Have about 400 bush peaches and about 1 acre of excellent grapes for which I want a purchaser immediately. For particulars apply to W. H. LAWRENCE, No. 159 Jefferson street, between Fourth and Fifth. jy29 dtf

FOR SALE—FARM—Of 120 acres, situated one mile back of Hickman, Ky.; upon the place is one two-story log-house of 6 rooms, out-houses, except stabling; good orchard; very desirable for a nursery farm; will sell at one-third cash and balance on 6 and 12 months, or will exchange for city property. There are about 80 acres cleared. For particulars apply to W. H. LAWRENCE, 159 Jefferson street, between Fourth and Fifth. my8 dtf

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE—W. H. Lawrence has for sale the following lands, &c.:
Three fine farms in Indiana.
Ten farms in Kentucky.
Five farms in Missouri.
Ten farms in Kansas.
Five farms in Ohio.
Also the plantation of General G. B. Pillow, four miles from Columbia, Tenn., the finest property in the State of Tennessee. Houses and lots for sale in all parts of the city and Jefferson county. Call and examine. I will show all the city and county property I have for sale free of charge. I or my assistants will take all pains to explain and show the property I have for sale or rent. Please call and see me at 159 Jefferson street, between Fourth and Fifth.
jy6 W. H. LAWRENCE.

LOST.

LOST—POCKET-BOOK—On Friday, Sept. 11, a green Morocco pocket-book, containing $24 in bills and some silver change, with papers of no value to any one but the owner. The finder can have the $24 by returning the other contents of the book. G. W. FORD, No. 93 Fifth street, or to this office. se12 d2*

LOST—DOG—On Monday morning, a large pointer dog, of white color, with yellow spots; has yellow ears and a yellow spot on the forehead, and answers to the name of "King." A reward of $50 will be paid for his delivery at the Clay-street Station-house. Dr. GILPIN. se11 d3

AUCTION SALES.

TO-MORROW.

BY B. W. JENKINS & CO.,

Corner Fifth and Green streets.
Valuable Sixth-street Property.
AT AUCTION.

ON MONDAY, Sept. 14, at 5½ P. M., we will sell on the premises, situated on the west side of Sixth street, near York, one of the most desirable two-story brick houses and lot in that part of the city. The house contains four rooms, kitchen and servant's room, with cistern, cellar and all necessary out-houses, almost new and in good repair, and located near the Jewish synagogue.

Terms easy and made known at sale.
se11 d3 B. W. JENKINS & CO., Auctioneers.

BY HAYES & McNETT.

50 Feet New Hose, an Assortment of Chamber and Kitchen Furniture, Cook Stoves, Carpets, One Extra Fine Diamond Set Gold Watch, 1 English Cap Lever Watch and 16 Assorted Watches, Silver-plated Ware, &c.,
AT AUCTION.

ON MONDAY MORNING, Sept. 14, at 10 o'clock, at our auction-rooms, on Fifth street, near Jefferson, we will sell as above.
Terms cash.
se13 HAYES & McNETT, Auctioneers.

BY C. J. MATHEWS.

No. 226 Market street, bet. Sixth and Seventh.
Special Sale of Household Goods, of Every Description; also, a fine lot of Dry Goods, Clothing, Watches, Jewelry, &c.,
AT AUCTION.

ON MONDAY MORNING, Sept. 14, 1868, at 9½ o'clock, at auction-rooms.
Terms cash.
se13 C. J. MATHEWS, Auctioneer.

BY MOORE & MALLET.

No. 81 Fifth street.
The A No. 1 Saloon "Ben Franklin," at No. 7 Fourth street, east side, between Main and River, for sale,
AT AUCTION.

ON MONDAY MORNING, Sept. 14, 1868, at 10 o'clk, we will sell the stock, lease, and fixtures of the well-known saloon "Ben Franklin," situated at No. 7 Fourth street, east side. Sale positive and without reserve, as the owner is engaged in other business. The saloon has a good run of custom, and is a No. 1 stand, and well fitted up.
se11 MOORE & MALLET, Auctioneers.

BY PEARSON, MEDDIS & FERGUSON.

Washington-street Property,
AT AUCTION.

ON MONDAY, Sept. 14, at 5 o'clock, we will sell, on the premises, a two-story brick house and lot, on the south side of Washington street, between Jackson and Hancock. The lot is 19 10-12 feet by 91 feet.
Terms at sale.
se11 dtd PEARSON, MEDDIS & FURGUSON, Auctioneers.

BY MORRIS, SOUTHWICK & CO.

Neat Chestnut-street Family Residence,
AT AUCTION
ON THE PREMISES.

MONDAY, Sept. 14, at 5 o'clock P. M., that neat brick family dwelling, No. 215 Chestnut street, between Sixth and Seventh. This house contains 7 rooms, hall, porch, closets, gas and water throughout. Lot 30x110. Sale positive.
Terms at time and place.
se10 MORRIS, SOUTHWICK & CO., Auctioneers.

FUTURE SALES.

THREE DAYS' AUCTION SALES

BY THOMAS ANDERSON & CO.

TUESDAY, September 15th, at 10 o'clock A. M., a variety of boots and shoes, fresh stock, received since our last sales; also invoices men's and boys' soft hats.

WEDNESDAY and THURSDAY, September 16 and 17, at 9½ A. M., each day, invoices staple and fancy dry goods, notions, stock goods, &c.; also an assortment of clothing, hats, &c.
Terms cash. THOS. ANDERSON & CO.,
se13 Auctioneers.

BY S. G. HENRY & CO.

First Large Fall Sale for 1868.

TUESDAY morning, September 15, at 10 o'clock, without reserve for cash,
200 lots staple and fancy dry goods,
Fall and winter clothing, underwear,
Furnishing goods, hats and gloves.

WEDNESDAY morning, at 10 o'clock, 1,000 cases and cartoons of first-class boots, brogans, balmorals and shoes; ladies' and misses' fall and winter wear and extra home-made serge goods, all fresh stock and comprising one of the largest and best assortments offered this season.
se13 S. G. HENRY & CO., Auctioneers.

BY JOSEPH BUCKEL.

266 Market street, between Seventh and Eighth.
AT AUCTION.

ON TUESDAY AFTERNOON, Sept. 15, at 4½ o'clk, on the premises, No. 576 Grayson street, between Nineteenth and Twentieth, a two-story frame house of four rooms, with cistern, cellar, &c. Immediately after this sale, I will sell a frame cottage of two rooms and kitchen, with cistern, cellar, and stable, corner Twentieth and Walnut. Lot 30x96. This property will be sold without reserve, on account of the owner leaving the city.
se13 JOSEPH BUCKEL, Auctioneer.

BY PEARSON, MEDDIS & FERGUSON.

150 Main street.
Valuable Bank-street Property.
AT AUCTION.

ON THURSDAY, Sept. 17, at 4 o'clock, we will sell, at auction, a large and substantial brick house, containing 9 rooms, situated on the north side of Bank street, at the northeast corner of Second-cross-street. The lot fronts on Bank street 100 feet, running back same width 315 feet.
Terms—One-third cash; balance in 1 and 2 years with interest and lien.
se12 dtd PEARSON, MEDDIS & FERGUSON.

BY MORRIS, SOUTHWICK & CO.

Elegant Private Residence
AT AUCTION,
ON THE PREMISES.

TUESDAY, September 15, at 5 o'clock P. M., that desirable and well-located private dwelling, No. 99 Chestnut street, between Third and Fourth, contains 10 rooms, bath room, pantries, closets, hall, cellar, cistern, gas and water in the house, and in fact every modern convenience necessary to make it a pleasant and desirable home. Lot 47½x166 to a wide alley. Splendid brick stable and carriage house, with servants' room over; yard well set in flowers and shrubbery. As the owner, Mr. McFerran, is about removing to the country, he has instructed us to sell without any restrictions whatever.
Terms of sale liberal.
se10 MORRIS, SOUTHWICK & CO., Auct'rs.

WHARTON & CO.

Auction-rooms No. 71 Fourth street, between Main and Market.
Large Sale of Elegant Parlor and Chamber Furniture, Superior Rosewood Piano (7 octave), fine Gold Watch, Oil Paintings, and Household Furniture,
AT AUCTION.

ON TUESDAY MORNING, Sept. 15, at 10 o'clock, we will sell at auction, at a private residence, No. 16 Green street, between First and Second, south side, all the furniture therein contained, consisting in part of—
Parlor Chairs, Sofa-bottom Rockers,
Marble-slab Table,
Fine Lace Curtains,
Fine 7-octave Piano (Ambler's make), No. 1 article
Fine Brussels, three-ply, and other Carpets;
Hall Oil Cloth, Hat Rack,
Stair Carpet and Rods,
Fine Oil Paintings,
Sofa Lounges, Chairs,
Superior Dinner and Tea Sets,
Feather Beds and Bedding,
Hair, Shuck, and Spring Mattresses,
Bureaus, and Window Blinds,
This is a No. 1 lot of furniture, to which the attention of housekeepers, and ladies especially is invited. Furniture dealers will of course be on hand.
The fine piano and gold watch will be sold at precisely 11 o'clock A. M.
Terms cash.
se10 d6 WHARTON & CO., Auctioneers.

PUBLIC SALES.

Capital Hotel for Sale!

DESIROUS of changing our location and business, we will offer this desirable hotel property for sale for one month. It is useless for us to give a description of this magnificent building—everybody in this State knows the house, its capacity, reputation, &c. Any one wishing to purchase will call on us at Frankfort, Ky., and we will take great pleasure in showing them through the house; it is thoroughly furnished from basement to attic. Call on us and see for yourself. Improved city property will be taken in exchange in part for Hotel property. GRAY & SAFFELL, Prop'rs. au16 deod1m

Franklin County Stock Farm at Auction.

ON the L. and F. R. R., 4 miles west of Frankfort, 1½ miles from Benson Depot, containing 331 acres—255 under fence, 190 in grass (timothy, clover, and blue grass), 40 in corn, &c., balance timber. Improvements—Frame house of 10 rooms, barn, stabling, ice-house, smoke-house, &c.; young orchard of 200 trees. Farm well watered. For sale low, or in trade for Louisville, Cincinnati, or Memphis improved property. If not previously disposed of, will be offered at auction on TUESDAY, the 22d of September. Terms to suit purchaser. At the same time and place, will be sold the stock, crop, implements, furniture, &c. Terms—$20 and under, cash; sums over that amount, 6 months' credit. For further information, apply to Mr. JOS. W. SLEE, Benson, Ky., or to me, at Memphis.
au30 d20* JOSEPH ELLIOTT.

Copper Plate, Wedding, Visiting and Party Cards, engraved and printed in the latest Styles, at MADDEN'S, 105 Jefferson street, betw. Third and Fourth.

Special attention given to coloring initials, monograms and crests, on paper.
Initials embossed on note paper and envelope free of charge. au9dtim

H. VERHOEFF, Jr. G. VERHOEFF

VERHOEFF BROTHERS
Commission Merchants,
Grain and Flour Dealers,
No. 9 Main Street,
LOUISVILLE, KY.

HIGHEST CASH PRICE paid for all kinds of grain delivered on railroads leading to the city and Ohio river. se8 dtocl

The Fine Race Horse
DONERAIL.
(By Lexington dam Crisis, by Imp. Margrave.)

WILL make this season (1868) at Woodlawn Race Course, at $25. For particulars apply to H. W. FARRIS

DR. LIMERICK'S

Chill Cure!

A Wonderful Discovery in Medicine

THE MOST SUCCESSFUL REMEDY FOR FEVER AND AGUE EVER KNOWN.

Eminent Physicians Prescribe It.

THOUSANDS WHO HAVE USED IT TESTIFY TO ITS MERITS.

Contains No Quinine or Arsenic, nor Any Other Deleterious Substance Whatever.

CANNOT POSSIBLY INJURE THE MOST DELICATE PATIENTS.

All who have had chills and fever, and taken quinine or arsenic (which are the principal ingredients of most of the medicines now in use), are aware that the remedies often leave the system in an unhealthy condition, making it more difficult to relieve it of their effects than of the original disease. Limerick's Chill Cure leaves the system in a perfectly healthy condition, with no bad effects in any way to be worn off.

Read Certificates of Well-known Citizens.

We call special attention to the certificate of W. N. Haldeman, editor of the Louisville Courier:

OFFICE OF THE LOUISVILLE COURIER,
LOUISVILLE, March 5, 1868.

DR. LIMERICK—DEAR SIR—I waive a rule I have observed for many years—the value of your remedy prompting me to say what I know of your Chill Cure. The private assurances of its efficacy I had from Mr. John T. Morris, a gentleman I have known intimately for more than ten years, and for whose worth and reliability I cheerfully vouch, and the good results of its effects I had observed on Mr. R. W. Meredith, who, for more than fifteen years, has been foreman of my office, induced me to test it in my family. The results have been entirely satisfactory. The first case was of two years' standing, in which I believe every known remedy had been tried with temporary relief—the chills returning periodically, and seemingly with increased severity. Your Cure broke them at once, and there has been no recurrence of them for more than six months. The other case was of a milder form, and yielded more readily to other remedies, but the chill would return at intervals until your medicine was used, since which time, now several months, they have entirely disappeared. From the opportunity I have had to judge, I do not hesitate to express my belief that your Chill Cure is a valuable specific, and performs all you promise for it.
Very respectfully, W. N. HALDEMAN.

Testimony of a Well-known Physician.

The following letter is from a physician of large practice in this city, and whose experience with chills has been unusually extensive. It is rarely any medicine has the merit to induce such a testimonial as this in behalf of Limerick's Chill Cure:

LOUISVILLE, KY., June 29, 1868.

DR. LIMERICK—DEAR SIR—I was called on to visit a patient who had been suffering with chills and fever for upward of two years, and could get no relief for more than two weeks at a time, although she had employed some of the best physicians in the city, and had taken every patent medicine she could hear of. When I saw her she was very low, suffering with irritable stomach, diarrhea, swelling of the limbs, and a dreadful cough. I prescribed your excellent medicine, in half doses for four days, which, to my astonishment, performed a permanent cure. She has not had a chill nor a sign of one since, and is now stout and well. I recommend it most cheerfully to all afflicted with that aggravating disease—the chills—as a safe and sure cure. Yours, truly, G. S. WHIPPLE, M. D.

P. S.—I have used it in a number of cases since, and it has invariably performed a permanent cure. I have never seen anything equal it, although I have been prescribing for the chills for 20 years. G. S. W.

This is to certify that we have used Dr. Limerick's Chill Cure, and believe it to be more effective than quinine or any other chill remedy known—it having made a permanent cure with us after months' trial of other remedies had failed.
JOHN T. MORRIS,
C. C. HUTCHINSON,
DR. S. YATES,
A. L. HARDIN,
W. R. HAMILTON,
R. W. MEREDITH.

LIMERICK'S

Chill Cure!

Is the Only Known Remedy that Makes a Permanent Cure.

THE CHILL ONCE BROKEN DOES NOT RETURN.

Manufactured and for Sale by

Limerick & Wintersmith,

NO. 262 WEST JEFFERSON.

NEAR SEVENTH.

FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

Price, $1.00 per Bottle.

DAILY COURIER.
Sunday & Monday, - - Sept. 13 & 14.

LOCAL ODDS AND ENDS.

☞ The Farmers' Club had no meeting yesterday, on account of the fair.

☞ The rains during the past few days came very inopportunely for the fair.

☞ Jefferson street has been literally crowded every evening during the past week by persons returning from the fair.

☞ One of the finest fields of corn to be found in Kentucky is now growing between here and the fair grounds.

☞ A large number of pockets were picked during the State fair.

☞ Tom. Carter, getting on a disorderly drunk yesterday, got into the First-street station-house.

☞ Jacob Sanders was the only man put in jail during daylight yesterday for being drunk.

☞ Ed. Blanquell, charged with stealing a harness, was released from jail yesterday on city bail.

☞ A small bag of table salt, moistened with water, is a good remedy for the bite of a spider.

☞ John Overton, Esq., owner of the mammoth Maxwell House at Nashville, and one of the wealthiest citizens of Tennessee, was in the city yesterday.

☞ The rush upon the public schools continues. Last week was spent in organizing and classifying, and they will get regularly to work to-morrow morning. Parents are requested to have their children on time promptly at 8½ o'clock.

☞ The number of tickets for the select cotillon party at Masonic Temple to-morrow night is limited, and have nearly all been disposed of. It promises to be an exceedingly pleasant affair.

☞ Louisville merchants are beginning to advertise largely in Tennessee and other Southern papers, and are bidding high for Southern trade.

☞ Lake's Hippo-Olympiad, which is to open in this city next Thursday night, is advertised to have two hundred and forty men and horses.

☞ As the oyster season is just setting in, it may be interesting to persons who are fond of Saddle Rock oysters to know that there are no such mollusks in existence. The famous Saddle Rock beds have given out long since.

☞ Is a Good Templar justifiable in eating a watermelon that has been cut by a knife that is used in a bar-room for the purpose of cutting lemons to be used in compounding whisky-punches? We pause for a reply.

☞ The police question now before the Charter Convention is a very important one, and is the leading subject of discussion in local affairs.

☞ John Burden and James Kendall are to be tried to-morrow morning before Justice Clement on a peace warrant sworn out by Mrs. Burden, the burden of whose song is that her husband knocked her down because he was jealous, and Kendall stood by and said "Good boy!"

☞ Of course the usual crowd of "young bloods" that gather around the church doors and on the adjacent corners will be on hand to-day. The muddy streets serve as an incentive to their curiosity.

☞ Property-owners at the corner of Second and Jefferson streets complain of an immense puddle of water, occasioned by a defective street. It has been there so long they declare the frogs can be heard singing from it on still nights.

☞ An Irishman catching sight of an advertising card, got up to resemble a gold piece on one side, with a sudden rush seized the prize, turned it over, and with the most comical look said: "Be gorry, when I saw that I thought Seymour was elected, sure."

☞ Quite a disturbance occurred in one part of the audience at the fair yesterday afternoon, just as the tournament commenced, but it was quickly quieted by the interference of the police, and the cry of "nobody hurt" was heard. The vast audience was soon seated again, and the affair was forgotten in the excitement of the tournament.

☞ An experienced cotton raiser recommends the following riddance for the cotton worm: "Mix together a quantity of tar and sulphur, say 2 ounces of sulphur to 1 quart of tar for every five acres of cotton. Place the mixture on an old stump or log if convenient, and burn it between sunset and dark. It has proved successful in destroying the worm, and is worth trying."

☞ The excursion train of the Louisville & Nashville Railroad, which will be run to and from the Marion County Fair, will leave here at 6:30 A. M., and arrive in Lebanon at 9:20 A. M.; returning it will leave Lebanon at 4:55 P. M., and arrive in Louisville at 8:30 P. M. The fair will open on Tuesday, and the fare for the round trip will be $4 00.

DEPREDATIONS ON BLACK CREEK.

High-handed Operations of a Band of Ruffians.

ORGANIZATION OF A VIGILANCE COMMITTEE.

From a gentleman who arrived in the city yesterday, we learn that there is a deplorable condition of affairs existing in the neighborhood of the head waters of Black creek, in Spencer and Bullitt counties. A small band of mounted brigands have for some time been scouring the country, robbing and plundering the defenseless, and spreading terror in every direction.

A night or two since three of them reined up before the house of a Mr. Smock, and going in, called for supper, to which call Mr. Smock replied that he had nothing for them. They persisted in the demand and some bread and milk were set before them. While they were eating, the niece of Mr. Smock, who lives in the same house with her uncle, acting as his housekeeper, had occasion to leave the room and go up stairs. As soon as she had gone, the three ruffians drew revolvers and demanded their host's money, but his niece immediately coming down the stairs, hearing the high words that followed, went hastily back and from an upper window raised an alarm which brought a number of neighbors to the spot, not, however, before the villainous trio had decamped. A pursuit was at once instituted, and after a chase of about two miles the trail of the marauders was lost. One of them, in his haste to make good his escape, dropped and lost a revolver.

The people of the neighborhood subsequently held a meeting with a view of organizing a Vigilance Committee, and they expect to act promptly in ridding the country of the outlaws. They do not propose to inaugurate mob law, but will use every exertion to secure the arrest of the offenders, and when this much is accomplished they will turn the prisoners over to the civil authorities. The country that is the scene of the depredations is very wild and hilly, affording the lawless every facility for concealment after their marauding expeditions, but the Vigilance Committee will doubtless soon bring some of them to justice.

The Police Case in the Court of Appeals.

Just before adjourning in June last the Court of Appeals granted the counsel of the Mayor time until after recess within which to file a petition for rehearing. Up to the meeting of the court on the 10th inst. no petition for rehearing had been filed, although the lawyers have had nothing to do for two months past, it being the usual vacation time. On the 10th, another of the Mayor's counsel applied for and obtained further time of one week within which to file the petition for rehearing. At the expiration of that time it is supposed the other of the Mayor's counsel will get further time. Before the time expires the court will adjourn, and in the meantime, the General Council makes the pendency of the suit a pretext for not paying the Police Commissioners or their employes anything, and the speculation in their claims goes on. Forty per cent. per annum of the claims from this source goes into the pockets of speculators, rather than the hands of the poor men who earn the wages, and, of course, every delay in the Court of Appeals, or elsewhere, inures to the benefit of the speculator. We hope to see this thing ended, and our police paid their earnings to themselves.

PRISONERS SENTENCED.—The following named prisoners, convicted during the present term of the Circuit Court, were on yesterday sentenced to confinement in the Penitentiary, as follows, viz:
Daniel Winter, burglary; 5 years.
Thomas Carrigan, larceny; 3 years.
John Johnson, larceny; 1 year.
Jack Robinson, hogstealing; 2 years.
J. M. Young, robbery; 3 years.
James A. Miner, larceny; 4 years.
Johnson and Robinson are colored men.

THE OLDEST WOMAN.—A tombstone for the grave of Mrs. Barclay, of Bullitt county, who died some time ago at the advanced age of 102 years, was shipped a few days ago from the marble-works of Pool & Co., north side of Jefferson street. This extraordinary woman was a Pennsylvanian by birth, and emigrated to Bullitt county fifty-six years ago. She danced with her grandchildren on her one hundredth birth-day, and retained all her faculties up to the day of her death.

LOUISVILLE AND NASHVILLE RAILROAD.—The fall schedule on this road goes into effect to-day. No changes are made in time of departure of trains from Louisville. The Nashville and Memphis trains will arrive at 4 A. M. and 1:15 P. M., Crab Orchard Express at 12:50 P. M., and Bardstown Accommodation at 8:30 A. M. For connections South see card of the company.

THE MARION COUNTY FAIR.—During the Marion County Fair, which commences on Tuesday next, the L. & N. R. R. will run an accommodation train expressly for those who wish to attend, leaving here at 6:30 every morning, and arriving hence on its return at 8.30 P. M.

PERSONAL.—Judge Newell, of Texas; General Thomas Duncan, U. S. A., and Col. E. H. Leib, Dr. D. B. Cliffe, Jno. Overton, Esq., Capt. Wm. Stockell, and W. S. Whiteman, Esq., of Nashville, were among the guests at the Louisville Hotel yesterday.

JURY COMMISSIONERS.—J. M. Monohan, B. F. Guthrie and John S. Hubbard were on yesterday appointed Jury Commissioners of the Jefferson Circuit Court.

☞ A recent writer pronounces Louisville the central metropolis of the great food-producing section of the country.

Real Estate Sales.

The following is a list of sales of real estate made during the last ten days by Messrs. Pearson, Meddis & Ferguson:

62½ feet by 175 on Laurel, between Preston and Jackson streets, to Dr. Metcalf, for $2,500.

40 by 195, with improvements, Market, between Twelfth and Thirteenth streets, to E. Lockhart, $11,000.

70 by 200, east side of First, between St. Catherine and St. Joseph streets, to M. M. Rhorer, for $3,500.

70 by 200, on Montgomery street, Portland, to M. M. Rhorer, for $1,400.

Cottage on Twelfth, between Madison and Chestnut streets, to ——, for $900.

Ten acres on First street, to James M. Bryant and Theodore Harris, for $20,000.

120 by 195, corner of Twenty-fourth and Main streets, to Robert Dunlop, for $5,250.

34 10-12 by 205, Fourth, between York and Breckinridge streets, to Julia Rawson, for $12,000.

[For the Louisville Courier.]

Mrs. Letitia Todd.

The death of this noble-hearted woman can but awaken feelings of the deepest sorrow. She died on the 21st of July last at the residence of her son-in-law, D. M. Griffith, Esq., at Owensboro, Ky. Very few women who have ever lived have been so truly and deeply loved. Every soft and tender and pure and holy sentiment is associated with her name. She seemed to combine in herself all the noblest and most loveable qualities of her sex.

A brief sketch of her life cannot fail to be of interest to the reader. She was born on the 11th of January, 1799, at Traveler's Rest, Lincoln county, Ky., noted for its hospitality in the early history of the State. She sprang from one of the most illustrious families in the nation, and was in every respect worthy of her ancestral distinction.

She was the daughter of Gov. Isaac Shelby, whose fame and character have become part of the common property of our country, and whose lofty courage, stern integrity, heroic daring and unselfish devotion to the principles of civil and religious liberty made him at once the highest type of human nature and secured for him universal admiration and esteem. His father, Gen. Evan Shelby, was the first general officer ever appointed on the Western waters. General Evan Shelby distinguished himself in the sanguinary battle fought on the 10th of October, at the mouth of the Kanawha, which resulted in a complete overthrow of the Indian power on the frontier up to the breaking out of the American Revolution. He also lead the memorable expedition against the Chicamaugian towns on the Tennessee, in which he was accompanied by all his sons John, Isaac, Moses, James and Evan.

Mrs. Todd's maternal grandfather was Nathaniel Hart, that sterling patriot to whose instrumentality we are indebted for the formation of the celebrated Henderson Company, that successfully established the first settlement in the Kentucky wilderness. He was a noble and a gallant soldier, and one of whom Kentuckians will ever speak in terms of the highest praise.

The subject of our sketch grew up among a race of people who shrunk not from the hardships and dangers of a pioneer life, whose sense of duty was laid upon a broader and deeper foundation than the mere compliance with the forms and technicalities of law, a people whose women and children were accustomed to athletic exercises and to the severest tests of courage and self-denial. It was no uncommon thing for her mother to watch on the fence with her rifle while her husband was plowing in the field to warn him of the approach of the enemy. This was but one of the many peculiarities of character that marked so conspicuously the life of that great race the earlier settlers of our proud old Commonwealth, the race that played such a noble part in the drama of those days that tried men's souls.

The early training of Mrs. Todd was eminently calculated to prepare her, both in mind and body, for the eventful career she was destined to lead in after life. She was at one time a pupil of the celebrated Dr. Priestly, but the larger and more valuable part of her education was acquired in the sacred precincts of home, under the guidance of her excellent mother, aided by three sisters, equally distinguished in mind and unaffected manners. And, indeed, what seminary can equal that of the home circle? The education it gives is infinitely more precious and durable than all the lessons of wisdom acquired in the classic halls of colleges and universities, for the learning of the university may fade from memory, or play only in the ascending beam of an artificial light, but the sacred lessons of the fireside, bathed in love's pure fountain, penetrate into the inmost recesses of the heart, making it as it were and inviolate sanctuary where no evil can enter, but where the germ of all that is high and noble and pure and worthy in life is fostered and encouraged, where the soul itself is strengthened and purified for the expanding glories of eternity.

But space requires us to be brief. Passing into early womanhood with a deportment elevated by strong common sense and a noble refinement—at a period when her father was chosen a second time Governor—she immediately became a prize of the deepest interest.

In person she was tall and commanding. There was a kind of majesty about the turn of her head and the gentle slope of her shoulders that attracted the attention of the most ordinary observer. Her brow was arched in the style of the family. Her eye was rich and luminous, but of a peculiar softness and beauty of expression, and exactly of the same color as that of her venerated father, of whom she was a beautiful likeness. Her nose was remarkable for its just proportions. The classic contour of her profile might be termed Grecian, for it was but slightly aquiline. Her mouth was finely chiseled. There was a delicate curve about the upper lip, indicative of great decision of character. Her complexion was clear and transparent, and of exquisite whiteness.

A picture taken of her at the age of 47 shows unmistakably she had lost but little of that beauty for which she was so much admired at the age of twenty, a specimen of which was preserved by the distinguished Jovette.

The society of Frankfort, the capital of the State, was at that time second to no other in the Western country, and it was but natural that a lady combining so many excellencies of person, of mind and of heart should receive every attention from the brilliant circle by which she was surrounded. She excelled in conversation, and lent a charm of beauty to every subject on which she touched. She was graceful and dignified in all her actions, and impressed every one who drew near her with the lofty grace and purity of her soul. Many distinguished gentlemen sought to win this rare gem. Under circumstances, however, approaching a romance, she formed her first attachment with Col. Chas. Shelby Todd, the gentleman to whom she was afterward married. He was an officer in the war of 1812. He graduated with distinction at the celebrated University of William and Mary in Virginia. He was gifted with a fine personal appearance and attractive manners, and being a lawyer of no ordinary talent, with a mind stored with a vast amount of knowledge, both of a literary and scientific character, as might be expected, he made a deep and lasting impression upon her heart.

Having been denied a furlough until other officers longer on the frontier were allowed leave of absence, he addressed her in an open letter inclosed to her father.

Gov. Shelby withheld the letter and declined the request to visit the family for the purpose therein indicated, but an unexpected discovery by her of the letter led to an explanation, evincing such devotion to him that a cordial consent to the request was forwarded. Such was her patriotic feeling, though conferring upon her chosen friend an undying love, she would not consent to marry as long as the war should continue. The war was soon brought to a close as well for the public good as for their individual happiness.

They were married on the 16th of June, 1816, on the anniversary of the declaration of the war. They established themselves at Frankfort, Ky., where her husband, in addition to his professional career, was made Secretary of State to Gov. Madison, who died in about six weeks after his inauguration.

The next and succeeding year Col. Todd was elected under flattering circumstances to the Legislature, and they looked forward to a happy future. An unfortunate connection as a secret partner in a commercial house interrupted this bright vision. The unexpected death of the acting partner involved him, without personal reproach, to an extent which induced him to accept the invitation of President Monroe to proceed in 1820 on a confidential mission to Colombia, in South America, which was renewed in 1822, being absent on the latter occasion two years. This mortifying reverse in her husband's affairs, and the sacrifice she encountered in parting from him during a perilous mission, developed the true magnanimity of her soul, and elicited the highest commendation of her venerated father-in-law, the late Judge Todd, of the Supreme Court of the United States, who assisted her in breaking up her establishment at Frankfort, and returning to the bosom of her revered parents.

At the close of his mission Col. Todd removed to Shelby county, where he commenced the cultivation of a beautiful tract of land which he made the admiration of all the agriculturists in the State. In this noble pursuit he was aided no little by the strong sense, untiring industry and wise management of his beloved wife. She had inherited to a rare degree those habits of domestic economy for which her mother was so distinguished as to call forth the eloquence of Clay in Congress.

In 1829 Mrs. Todd became deeply impressed with her religious obligations. Her life had been an exemplary one, but it was not enough for her to live virtuously. She would become a disciple of Christ. Her name must be enrolled among those who loved and labored for the Lord. She would do good all the rest of her days.

She became a member of the Presbyterian church and now her whole life seemed to breathe of heaven and happiness. Her husband a short time afterward joined her in this holy work.

In 1841 Col. Todd was appointed minister to the Court of St. Petersburg. During his absence in Russia the duties of his home and family devolved upon his wife, but in the midst of all her cares her management was in no instance at fault. It is needless, however, for us to dwell upon her domestic virtues, for they endeared her to every one who knew her.

In her intercourse with society she was modest and unassuming. She cared little for the vanities of the world. A bright and beautiful spirit seemed ever to prompt all her actions and to control all her desires.

No attempt will be made here to speak of the incalculable advantages her husband derived from her counsel and influence in his career as a soldier and statesman. She understood as if by intuition that a wife's duty was that of a helpmate, and she was to him a helpmate in the fullest sense of the word.

A kind providence gave to them twelve living children, eight of whom arrived to maturity highly educated in mind and morals, and of a personal appearance and address of which no other parents in the State, of the same number, could probably boast.

We must not forget to mention the deep domestic affliction she encountered in 1832, in the death of three children in one week, by scarlet fever, a son of two years, another of four, and a daughter of ten years. It was a mysterious visitation, from which her anguished heart had scarcely recovered many years afterward when the same special Providence took to himself her noble son John, at 26 years of age.

The seven surviving children reside, the eldest a widow with her son-in-law, Judge Posey, at Baton Rouge, La.; another daughter, the wife of Dr. Carter, of New Orleans; two daughters and a son at Owensboro, Ky., the eldest son, named for Governor Shelby, in Louisville, and a second son, named for Judge Todd, in Shelby county, Ky., all rendering thirty grand children and two great grand children.

Mrs. Todd's remains are buried by the side of the monument of their beloved and gifted son, at Owensboro, Ky., where now she sleeps well, and where alas too soon must rest that brave and noble heart that now so poignantly mourns her loss and for more than half a century loved her with a love not of earth, but of some fairer realm. We wish it were in our power to offer words of consolation to him. We cannot remind him of the sweet remembrances of the past, for a sorrow's crown of sorrow is remembering happier things, but there is a home beyond this world where dwells in immortal youth the spirit of his lost love, awaiting the hour when their destinies shall again be united.

Mortuary Report.

HEALTH OFFICE,
LOUISVILLE, KY., Sept. 12.

The following is the mortuary report for the week ending Sept. 12, 1868:

Cholera Infantum	5	Dysentery	1
Consumption	9	Gun-shot Wound	1
Inanition	2	Metro-Peritonitis	1
Capillary Bronchitis	1	Old age	1
Cynanche Trachealis	1	Still-born	1
Dropsy	1	Unknown	5
		Total	29
SEX.			
Male	12	Female	17
		Total	29
COLOR.			
White	18	Black	11
		Total	29
NATIVITY.			
Germany	1	Ireland	2
		America	26
		Total	29
Under 2 years	13	40 to 50 years	2
2 to 5 years	1	50 to 60 years	0
5 to 10 years	0	60 to 70 years	2
10 to 20 years	2	70 and over	1
20 to 30 years	4	Unknown	0
30 to 40 years	4		
		Total	29
Without medical attention			13

SAMUEL MANLY, Sec'y B. H.

MASONIC.

LODGE MEETINGS THE ENSUING WEEK.—King Solomon's R. A. C., No. 18, will meet on Monday evening; Clarke Lodge No. 51, on Thursday evening; Willis Stewart Lodge No. 224, on Monday evening; Excelsior Lodge No. 258, on Tuesday evening; Falls City Lodge No. 376, on Tuesday evening; Louisville Lodge No. 400, on Friday evening.

AGE OF THE LODGES OF LOUISVILLE.—The recent celebration of the fiftieth anniversary of the organization of Clarke Lodge No. 51 in this city has led the members of the various lodges to inquire into the circumstances connected with their formation, with a view to celebrate in an appropriate manner the return of a decade in their history. We annex, according to seniority, the date of the organization of the lodges in this city, with the number of members returned to the Grand Lodge at its last session.

ABRAHAM'S LODGE No. 8 was set to work under a dispensation from Grand Master Morrison Dec. 21, 1801; chartered April, 1802. The annual report to the last Grand Lodge shows 147 members.

CLARKE LODGE No. 51 was chartered September 3, 1818, and reports 181 members.

MT. MORIAH LODGE No. 106 received a dispensation January 15, 1839, chartered August, 1839; reports 96 members.

MT. ZION LODGE No. 147, chartered September, 1846; reports 129 members.

LEWIS LODGE No. 191, Portland, chartered August, 1850; returns 32 members.

COMPASS LODGE No. 223, chartered August 27, 1851; reports 89 members.

WILLIS STEWART LODGE No. 224, chartered August, 1851; reports 71 members.

SAINT GEORGE'S LODGE No. 239 was chartered August, 1852, reports last year 71 members.

EXCELSIOR LODGE No. 258, chartered August, 1853, reports 134 members.

ROBINSON LODGE No. 266, chartered August, 1853, reports 102 members.

PRESTON LODGE No. 281, chartered August, 1854, reports 101 members.

FALLS CITY LODGE No. 376, chartered August, 1860, reports 74 members.

LOUISVILLE LODGE No. 400, chartered August, 1865, reports 97 members.

THE GRAND conclave of Knight Templars, to take place in St. Louis next week, will be a grand affair. Commanderies from every section of the United States will be represented. The Grand Consistory of the A. and A. S. Rite (Southern jurisdiction) holds an emergent assemblage. Eminent Sir W. A. Warner, Grand Generalissimo of the Grand Commandery of Kentucky, left on the cars yesterday. Henry W. Gray, Esq., 33° of the Grand Consistory, with other distinguished Masons, will take their departure on Monday next.

THE WIDOWS' AND ORPHANS' HOME.—We are gratified to learn that the work of soliciting aid in behalf of this noble and philanthropic Masonic enterprise is being renewed with commendable zeal by the Board of Trustees. Brother Alex. Evans, the agent of the Board, will leave to-morrow on a tour to the lodges in the western portion of the State, and from his well-known energy and devotion to the good work we can confidently calculate upon a favorable report. Brother John W. Cowling is the home agent. In connection with the above, we give as a matter of interest, showing the present condition and the prospects of the success of the undertaking, the following response to a sentiment given at the splendid banquet held in commemoration of the semi-centennial anniversary of Clarke Lodge, on the 3d inst. Bro. Cowling has identified himself with this noble charity, and his remarks embodied the previous efforts of his co-laborers, and the anticipations of all now engaged in rearing this monument of Masonic benevolence:

BRO. COWLING'S REMARKS.

I thank you for the compliment in calling on me to respond to this sentiment. I am pleased to think that my labors in the interests of Widows' and Orphans' Homes are so recognized by this powerful body of the fraternity—that my name should be coupled with the toast that has just been drunk. But I believe that the compliment is due also to my years, or I should not be so selected from the worthy brothers who have so zealously labored with me to raise this enduring monument of Masonic charity. Without their assistance I should not have been able to say to-day that the idea of such an institution, such as it is proposed to found, which was expressed not two years ago, has approached so far toward its realization. I could not have said so, brethren, had not the board you all selected to transact the business affairs of this institution shown that wisdom which has characterized their actions. To them, my brethren, and the confidence which is reposed in their integrity and sagacity by the Masons of Kentucky, is due in a great degree the measure of success we have met. Nor could I have reported such progress as we have made had not you, my brethren, responded so well to the appeals we made to you—had not the Masons throughout this jurisdiction seconded our efforts as they have done. Our success has been, and must continue to be, due to the willing hands who join in the work. We have found these, brethren, and we can confidently assert to-day that the Masonic Widows' and Orphans' Home will be reared. Two years have gone by, and one-third of the amount necessary to finish the work has been subscribed, but I do not believe that it must be inferred from this that four more are necessary to accomplish the remainder. I believe that more than half has been achieved in the work that has already been done. I believe that we have done enough to fully convince the brethren of the practicability of our enterprise. No man may say now that he is called upon to help build a chimera, so many have believed that it is feasible, and have acted upon that belief; and each day must witness the conversion of those doubting brothers, who, while they were willing to give their money to a charity such as this which was established, held back because they believed its completion was visionary. Each one that is added to the ranks, not only helps by his individual subscription, but gives additional security to the enterprise, and induces others to join it.

I hope, too, that we have succeeded in removing another difficulty from our path, which has hitherto impeded us greatly—I mean the opposition to the localization of the home in or near Louisville. The fraternity must not forget that some site must be selected; and, in choosing Louisville, it was with no idea than the benefits of the institution should be confined to this section alone. It was chosen because it was believed that it was the most eligible place to erect an institution which would fully carry out what its name purports, the Widows' and Orphans' Home of the State of Kentucky. Many honest brethren believing in the necessity of such a home, and willing to cooperate in one which they believe will shed its benefits upon those in whom they have an interest, will not give their aid to this for fear they will get no return. This impression we have endeavored to remove, and must continue to do so. I wish to heaven that such a home as we propose to build could be founded in every county in the State, but, while there can at least in the beginning be but one, it must be when it can best extend its protection throughout the State, and that point we believe is here, and the brethren must yield this in time, and give up their varied private judgment on this and other matters pertaining to the home, to the board who will weigh all matters carefully and decide as the true interests of the home may dictate. Clashing opinion must be harmonized, and we think none are better able to do this, and to decide upon the policy which should direct our course, than the gentlemen whom the fraternity have selected for this very purpose.

But, my brethren, I did not intend to be the soliciting agent of the home to-day. I wished only in response to the toast to thank you and the Masons of Kentucky, in behalf of the board and my brothers in the work, for the aid you have rendered the enterprise, and to indorse the sentiment uttered that the institution may indeed afford an asylum from want and care for those who must be the first object of a Mason's care. I have labored with my whole heart in this matter and I pray that God may spare me to witness the completion of that work. Do you all work with us, my brethren? Yet more. Rear this home where want cannot come, where the poor widow will be free from the cold charities of the world, where the child of some dead mother may receive the protection and instruction he would have received from his father's hands. Labor, in this direction, my brethren, and you follow the course of the truest Masonry. Again I thank you for all that you have done.

ROSH ASHANAH.

Celebration of the Jewish New Year.

THE HOLY FEAST.

The "Day of Memorial."

On Wednesday evening commences the Jewish New Year, it being the first day of *Tishri* 5629, and is called the "Day of Remembrance," and also the day of blowing of the cornet—the cornet being the sign proclaiming God as the Ruler of the Universe—it is a reminder of the ever memorable time when the law was given from Mount Sinai amidst the blowing of the cornet, and also intended to serve as an appeal for repentance and conversion.

Maimonides, the great Rabbi of the thirteenth century, said that the sound of the cornet was to say "Awake ye who sleep! Remember the Creator! Investigate your conduct and repent!"

This is considered by the Jews as one of their most holy feasts, and is called "Rosh Ashanah." The days of the feast are Thursday and Friday, the 17th and 18th inst., but the observance of the solemn occasion commences the evening previous, it being their invariable custom to celebrate all their Sabbaths and festivals from sunset to sunset, not alone because in some of their ordinances the words are to be found "from evening to evening shall ye celebrate," &c., but in consequence of the record "the evening and the morning were one day," they compute the day as commencing from evening, or what is generally termed six o'clock P. M.

The origin of the New Year observance is to be found in the 23d chapter of Leviticus: "And the Lord spake unto Moses saying, In the seventh month, in the first day of the month, shall ye have a Sabbath, a memorial of blowing of trumpets, a holy convocation." The term *seventh* month is used because from the time of the departure from Egypt the ecclesiastical year was made to begin at *Nissan*, to commemorate the month wherein their glorious deliverance had been wrought. *Tishri*, although thus counted as the seventh month in religious observances, is nevertheless the first month of the year, and the anniversary of the creation of the world.

The cornets or trumpets which were sounded on the New Year were not those of silver, which had been made for use in the Tabernacle, but were made of ram's horns, a memorial of the animal which was offered instead of Isaac when Jehovah tested Abraham's faith, and the anniversary of which event is on the second day of the New Year.

The day is also called a day of *memorial*, because at the close of one year and the commencement of the next all mankind should bring to mind their actions of the past, and after a solemn review of faults and frailties enter, as it were, anew into a covenant with his Maker, the great King of Kings, Creator and Governor of the whole Universe.

The new year also commences the ten days of penitence, the last of which is called "Yom Kipur," or day of atonement, of which we will give our readers an account in due time.

The services are of the most solemn and impressive character, and even the lukewarm Israelite always unites with his brethren in the faithful observance of the "Day of Memorial."

There will be divine service held in the Temple, on Sixth and Broadway, on Wednesday and Thursday evenings and Thursday and Friday mornings.

GOOD HEALTH.—The report of the Board of Health for the present week shows a remarkably good condition of health, the number of deaths amounting to only 29. No city in the Union can show as clean a statement, in proportion to population—29 deaths in one week out of a population of 120,000.

[For the Louisville Courier.]

LOUISVILLE, THE FALLS CITY.

Is She Worthy of Her Location!—Her Manufactories—Her Contemplated Park—Sacrilegious Neglect of Golden Opportunities Offered by the Creator.

Our beneficent Father sometimes in the plenitude of His paternal goodness and power places at the disposal of His favored children signal means for the accomplishment of some end essential to their well-being and prosperity, the neglect of which special agency, by their acceptance of one less expedient and practicable, seems as it were an ungrateful, contemptuous omission, unworthy the offspring of such a kind and all-wise Parent.

Thus, when John Smith erects an extensive manufactory at the foot of a great cataract, and instead of seizing this mighty water giant in his wild, desperate leap over the tall precipice, and harnessing him in spite of his rage, power and blinding cloud of misty breath, and thus making the Titan's miraculous strength subservient to his will and human progress; when he, on the contrary, refusing to attempt the control of this aquatic Hercules, places a steam-engine in his building, and relies on this agent to turn his machinery, he acts at least ludicrously in the eyes of his fellow-man, if not criminally in the eyes of his Maker.

Citizens of Louisville, you would pronounce such a singular individual crazy, and "laugh him to scorn." *Quid rides! mutato nomine de te fabula narratur.*

People that live in glass houses should not throw stones. See that you get the beam out of your own eye before you attempt to take the mote out of Mr. Smith's eye; or he may comically draw down its under lid with his forefinger, and ask you derisively if you "see any green there," and advise you to practise your theory before you preach it.

Yes, fellow-citizens, your lot has been cast in a large, wealthy, rapidly growing city, situated on a large river. The Great Architect has erected an immovable barrier across this broad stream, and over the natural mill-dam poured a resistless element, powerful and abundant enough to move the machinery of every factory on this sublunary globe, for a flow of water sufficient to turn the wheels of one is sufficient to turn the wheels of a myriad.

And yet we boast of scores of mills, factories and foundries worked by the steam engine, and not one worked by the Falls of the Ohio! Since yesterday, millions on millions of this precious fluid have wasted away, as it were, leaping over this great stone wall which the Almighty, in His kind providence, has built for us, and which would have cost us millions on millions of dollars and years on years of incessant labor and toil—leaping over the rugged rocks, plunging and dashing away, and spitting their froth and foam at us in derision of our apathy and lethargy, to mingle their waters finally in the Gulf of Mexico, without having once been bridled, driven, and then turned loose at our option, to give place to fresh successors, as the Indians and Mexicans use their wild horses, that gallop unrestrained over the plains, until the lasso tames their impetuous strength.

Those fleeting waves have gone now forever from our grasp, 'tis true, fit emblem of flighty time, which once past can never be recalled. But this considerate river, as time is often wont, still rolls on, still gives us another chance. Will we improve this golden opportunity offered us by the Creator?

Neglect would seem almost a moral sin.

But wonderfully lavish of his signal favors to us, his unappreciative children, our benevolent Father has created, near at hand, for our enjoyment an extensive and beautiful park. He has adorned it with every variety of scenery, every diversity of landscape. He has poured from "the hollow of his hand" the great Ohio to lave the grassy tree-fringed borders of this fairy-land, and to reflect both them and the blue sky above, as if it would bring heaven and earth together in its bright mirror, and mingle celestial scenery with earthly landscapes in one fair and beauteous picture.

Ages ago, perhaps "when the morning stars sang together and all the sons of God shouted for joy," he erected here, too, a rocky barrier, solid as granite, (probably long before this river had cut its present channel), as an immovable breakwater, forbidding this mighty stream to enlarge its domain, when in some capricious mood it swept by a raging flood, foaming like cavalry in a terrific charge. And those rugged cliffs stand there to-day monuments of divine beneficence, as old and gray as ancient, hoary Time himself.

And in the rear of this long, serried line stand, firm and motionless as an army division in reserve, lengthy rows of hills, rearing aloft still higher their green-plumed heads.

And here over hundreds of broad acres He has planted the forest primeval. Trees of every size, hight, variety, and shape are growing.

Here stands a grand old monarch of a thousand years, around whose lofty brow the lightnings have oft times gilded a temporary crown.

Yonder are several grouped together like friends in pleasant intercourse.

In other directions are dense, inextricable masses, as intermingled as a regiment of soldiers a few moments after the order "break ranks" is given.

Down the hillsides, into the green valleys and dark glens, playfully glide the silvery streams, like shining snakes, now basking in the sun, now seeking to hide themselves from the light of day.

Bright, modest flowers are smiling everywhere—
"Born to blush unseen
And waste their fragrance on the desert air—"
flowers of which Holy Writ declares that Solomon in all his glory was not arrayed like one of these.

And over the extensive, undulating plains nature has spread a texture more fresh and beautiful than any Brussels. Here then He offers us another golden opportunity. Surely, our neglect and rejection would seem a lack of gratitude, or at least a sad want of proper appreciation. But, ere long, we shall doubtless improve both of the great opportunities offered to us.

Why do you laugh? The name being changed the story is told of you.—Horace.

JAY UU. BEE.

THE COURTS.

JEFFERSON CIRCUIT COURT.

HON. H. W. BRUCE, PRESIDING JUDGE.

The court met yesterday at the regular hour. It was the last day of the term.

The grand jury returned into court indictments against the following named parties, viz:
John Ferguson, manslaughter.
James Reisse and Chris. Reiff, larceny.
Frederick Bagel, larceny.
Same, larceny.
John and Margaret Haydon, larceny.
H. C. Cloud, larceny.
Wm. Elschelt and George Weems, assault and battery.
John Southard and James Spaulding, larceny.
James Masterson, obtaining property by false pretenses.
John Reidder, assault with intent to rob.
E. C. Popplestone, obtaining property by false pretenses.
R. L. Stogdell (colored), same charge.
Edward Blanquiel, larceny.

The grand jury, having no further business before them, were discharged.

The grand jury having adjourned without indicting them, the following named parties were discharged, viz:
Thomas E. Golding, John Walker, Emma Byers, Wm. Jackson, John J. Crittenden, Robert Reed, Henry Vetter.

Indictments against the following-named parties were continued to the next term:
John O'Connell, James Corby, John McNamara, Wm. Davis, Frank King, —— Burrah.

Commonwealth against Constantine Frazier; continued, and bail fixed at $150.

The recognizance of H. C. Cloud was declared forfeited.

Commonwealth against John Haydon, larceny; continued, and capias awarded.

Same against Frederich Bagel; continued, and bail fixed at $200.

Same against same; same entry.

Same against James Reisse and Chris. Reiff, larceny; continued and capias ordered. The bail of Reisse was fixed at $200, and that of Reiff at $100.

J. M. Monohan, B. F. Guthrie and John S. Hubbard were appointed jury commissioners of this court.

Commonwealth against Charles Smith; bail fixed at $200.

Same against James A. Miner, larceny. The accused is charged with stealing $1880 in United States treasury notes, the property of R. F. Woodard, from the possession of George Burch. To this charge Miner pleaded guilty, and craved mercy at the hands of the jury. The jury fixed his punishment at four years' confinement in the penitentiary.

Same against Gotleib Janerik, indictment for rape. Continued.

Same against Henry French. Continued.

Same against John McNamara. Continued.

Same against John Walter, alias Wood. Continued.

Same against Jacob and Chris. Kaufman; cow-stealing. The recognizance of Chris. Kaufman was forfeited, and a capias was awarded against him. Jacob Kaufman entered into recognizance for his appearance. The case was continued to the next term.

Same against Frank Norly; continued.

Same against R. L. Stogdell, obtaining property by false pretenses; continued.

Same against Henry Slocum; continued.

Same against Henry Brown; continued.

Same against John Ferguson, manslaughter; continued; bail fixed at $1,000.

Same against Wm. Elschelt and George Weems, assault and battery; continued, and summons ordered.

Same against John Southard and Jas. Spalding; continued. Southard was recognized to appear in $600.

Same against James Masterson, continued; bail fixed at $300.

Same against John Reedher, assault, with intent to rob; recognizance of accused was forfeited. A capias was ordered against him, and the case continued to the next term.

Same against E. C. Popplestone, obtaining property by false pretenses; same entry.

Same against Norly and Lewis, dismissed.

Same against Calhoun Fisher, larceny; bail fixed at $300.

Same against Julia Fry (colored), larceny, continued; accused recognized in the sum of $100.

At 12 o'clock the following named prisoners, convicted during the present term, were sentenced in accordance with the verdict of the jury in their several cases:
Daniel Winter, burglary; five years.
Thomas Corrigan, burglary; three years.
John Johnson, larceny; one year.
Jack Robinson, hog stealing; two years.
J. M. Young, robbery; three years.
James A. Miner, larceny; four years.

Of these, John Johnson and Jack Robinson are colored. Corrigan is a young man of about twenty. In answer to the usual questions addressed to them by the court, Winter replied that his punishment exceeded his offense; and Johnson said he was not guilty; that he was compelled to go to trial before he was ready.

The court then adjourned to the November term, which meets on the third Monday in November, and is fixed by law to continue three weeks.

LOUISVILLE CITY COURT.

HON. E. S. CRAIG, PRESIDING JUDGE.

The court met on yesterday at the usual hour.

Andy Whitman, assault and battery on Conrad Woerner, and carrying a concealed deadly weapon; held in $100 to answer.

Margaret Smith, on ordinance warrant; dismissed for want of jurisdiction.

Julius Feil, assault and battery on Louisa Noethlich; continued to Tuesday. Defendant's own bond taken till then—in the sum of $100.

John Southard, committed on the 2d inst. on the charge of robbery, gave bail in $600 to answer.

Charles Davis and Charles Owens, injuring and defacing property of Wm. Lake. The accused were required to give bail in the sum of $100 to await the action of the grand jury.

The following parties, presented on the charge of drunkenness and disorderly conduct, were each discharged: Geo. W. Wilcox, Fred. Merthe, Charles Shannon, George M. West.

The following parties, presented on the same charge, were fined as follows: John Harlan $3, Joseph Bennett $3.

Lizzie Morgan, presented on the charge of stealing property worth over $4, was discharged.

Raphael Miles, charged with stealing $5 in gold coin from Michael Glass; continued till Monday.

B. Lee and Ann McCarthy were presented as suspected felons. This charge, however, was abandoned. They were then presented for stealing a watch from George McCampbell, worth over $4. After a hearing they were discharged. They were then again presented as suspected felons, which, after being heard, was sustained. They were required to give bond in $500 for six months. McCarthy's own bond was taken.

Bob Johnson, committed on the 29th ult. for stealing water-melons, was held to answer in the sum of $100.

Louisa Lee, Mary Russell, and Wm. Russell were presented as suspected felons. After a hearing, they were required to give bond each in the sum of $500 for six months. Wm. Russell's own bond was taken.

The court then adjourned.

☞ Nobody is responsible for the Grecian bend. The idiot females who practice it do so on their own hook, or, as the expression has been etherialized, on their personal curve.

River News.

BOATS LEAVING TO-DAY.
(For particulars see advertisements.)

Cincinnati	GEN. LYTLE	3 P. M.
Evansville	J. P. WEBB	10 A. M.
St. Louis	ABEONA	12 M.

ARRIVALS—September 12.

Minnie, St. Louis.
Gen. Buell, Cin.
Morning Star, Henderson.
America, St. Louis.
J. R. Pratt, Aurora.
United States, Cin.
Leonora No. 2, Madison.
Camelia, Cin.
Cora S, Cin.

DEPARTURES—September 12.

Minnie, Cin.
Gen. Buell, Cin.
Morning Star, Henderson.
America, Cin.
Cora S, Memphis.
United States, Cin.
Leonora No. 2, Madison.
Camelia, St. Louis.
Tempest, White river.
Tennessee, Cairo.

BOATS IN PORT.

Tyrone, city wharf.
Falls City, city wharf.
Bermuda, city wharf.
Tarascon, Portland.

PITTSBURG, Sept. 12.
River 7 feet 7 inches, and rising. Weather clear. Thermometer 76.

CINCINNATI, Sept. 12.
The river has risen 37 inches; now 18 feet 3 inches in the channel. Heavy rain last evening; now cloudy. Thermometer 78.

THE RIVER continues to rise rapidly at this point, with 7½ feet water in the canal, 5½ feet water in the chute, and 4½ feet water on the rocks last evening—a rise of 18 inches since our last report. At noon yesterday the river was rising at Pittsburg and Cincinnati. More rain fell yesterday morning. In the afternoon there were a few hours of sunshine, but at night the skies promised more rain. Business on the landing was brisk. The rise in the river has infused new life into our steamboatmen, and they are making active preparations for the fall campaign. Many of these were skeptical as to the extent of the rise, but yesterday dispelled all doubts and they are confident that there will be no more dead low water this season. The business of the past week makes a pretty good show, notwithstanding the cry of dull times. To Southern ports alone 970 tons of freight were shipped on the following steamers: Tempest, Milbrey, Cora S. and Peytona and barges. Several large steamers are announced to enter the New Orleans trade next week, and lively times may be expected.

☞ The J. P. Webb is advertised to leave the city wharf at noon to-day for Evansville.

☞ The Abeona will leave for St. Louis at noon to-day for St. Louis.

☞ The Palestine is the Henderson packet Monday evening.

☞ The P. W. Strader, now lying at New Albany, will come over to the wharf and load for New Orleans, leaving about Thursday.

☞ The John Kilgour, at present laid up at Cairo, will come up to this port to resume her place in the New Orleans trade, and will leave here on Saturday next.

☞ The Pink Varble went over to Jeffersonville to receive 100 tons of Red river freight. She will leave for Red river direct on Tuesday.

☞ The St. Mary's will come up over the falls to-morrow to load for New Orleans, to leave on Wednesday. She is in splendid order.

☞ The Tennessee left for Cairo yesterday with a fair trip. She had 60 head of mules for re-shipment on the Belle Lee.

☞ The Cora S. received 100 tons of freight here yesterday, and passed down over the falls.

☞ The Judge Fletcher, which boat has been lying at Jeffersonville for some time undergoing repairs, will come over to the city wharf to-morrow to load for New Orleans.

☞ The Dove will arrive from Kentucky river to-day.

☞ The Belle Lee will leave Cairo on Tuesday evening for New Orleans. She will open the campaign with a splendid trip. The Tempest and Cora S. left here yesterday with 520 tons of freight for her, and for which she has been notified to reserve room.

☞ The Tempest left for White river last evening with a booming trip; guards flat in the water and full of people. She has 150 tons of Arkansas river freight, which is to be delivered at the mouth of White river for Adams' Arkansas river packets.

☞ Captain Yerkes arrived on the Cora S. yesterday. The Norman came off the docks last evening, and will be turned over to him on Monday.

☞ The propeller Trade Palace went over to Jeffersonville yesterday to take on a lot of cement.

☞ A dispatch to Captain Pink Varble states that the Albion will leave here on Monday for Pomeroy, and will tow empty barges or take freight.

☞ The Bermuda will come up to the landing to-morrow to load for White river and will leave Wednesday. Geo. Dickinson will command and Geo. Patterson goes in the office.

☞ Another large section of the trestle work, used in building the bridge piers, was swept away by the river yesterday. It was expected that the remaining portions would be carried away last night.

☞ We are authorized by Capt. Berry to state that the Falls City will resume her place in the Green river trade on Wednesday, the 23d inst. She has been put in thorough repair, and looks as pretty as a picture.

☞ It is a settled fact that the Cincinnati merchants will place two boats in the Tennessee river trade, and will spare no exertions to gain the trade of that rich section of country. What action will our merchants take in regard to that trade? Do they propose to let it slip through their fingers? We have packets fitted for the trade lying idle at the wharf, but the owners need some assurance that they will be sustained. Will the merchants give it, and thus secure a lucrative trade?

☞ The Le Claire, which sunk below Brandenburg about a year ago, and recently raised by Captain Tom Ballard, who purchased her, was towed up to the Portland wharf. Capt. B. intends to reconstruct her.

☞ It is rumored that Captain Gus. Earhart is in Cincinnati, to try to purchase the Louisiana.

☞ At Cincinnati, Friday, Capt. James S. Wise purchased the Robert Moore from Capt. Wash. Kerr for $8,000. She will take the place of the Pine Grove, recently burned, in the Nashville trade.

From Our Exchanges.

☞ The Cincinnati Commercial of yesterday says:

Capt. Greer, of the Pine Bluff, left for Louisville yesterday, to secure a larger steamer for the Kanawha trade, in place of the Pine Bluff. He has an eye on the Bermuda. The side-wheel Blue Wing would make an excellent Kanawha packet. On Thursday, at 8 A. M., the towboat Jim Watson, bound up, when just above Franklin Furnace, broke her water-wheel shaft in the larboard journal, and was compelled to lay by, on the Kentucky shore, at that point, until the necessary repairs are made. Her crew arrived yesterday on the Pine Bluff.

☞ The Gazette of the same date says:

With an occasional gleam of sunshine, the sky was clouded nearly all day yesterday. After dark a heavy shower of rain began to fall, which continued up to a late hour.

Business was decidedly good. The rise in the river appeared to infuse new life into everything. Shipments were lively to all points except Nashville. Orders from the Cumberland appear to come in slowly. For Pittsburg and St. Louis, movements in freight were particularly lively. To the former point, however, rates are low. There will be considerable competition for St. Louis freight next week. Rates to points on the lower Ohio will decline within the next six days. The same may be said in regard to New Orleans. Merchants, however, will give preference to Cincinnati boats.

The river is rising rapidly. At six o'clock last evening the marks on the bridge abutment showed 16 feet in the channel, and 86 feet space for passing steamers. Compared with the metal marks at the water-works the previous evening, this shows a rise of four feet in 24 hours. All the upper streams, Licking and Kentucky rivers are pouring out heavily.

The Major Anderson will be given up to her new owners early next week, and will be introduced into the Wheeling trade next Friday, in place of the Potomac, in charge of the popular officers and crew of the latter—Capt. Chas. Muhleman in command, and Mr. Chas. Young in the office. There is no better packet steamer than the Anderson, being swift running, easy to handle, and comfortable for passengers.

There are two different parties, representing different packet lines, contemplating the purchase of the Memphis Packet Company's steamer Golden Eagle.

The committee of correspondence on the Congressional excursion will meet on 'Change to-day noon. The committee from the City Council on the same subject will meet with them.

☞ The St. Louis Times of Friday says:

The rainy weather seems to hold full sway lately, it having been raining almost incessantly the whole week. Yesterday morning was an exceedingly disagreeable, dreary and wet one. So much rain naturally prevents business from being brisk. Business on the levee yesterday afternoon, owing to clear skies, was more active than all the preceding days of the week. The Rubicon, for Vicksburg, had a good trip despite the weather. The upper Mississippi packets had moderately fair trips. The Belle Vernon and Leni Leoti for the Ohio river received a fair amount of freight. The river at this point is rising very slowly, during the last twenty-four hours the rise only amounting to two inches. The Missouri at Omaha is falling slowly, with three feet in the channel between there and St. Joe. Below St. Joe the river has fallen three and a half feet in the channel. The Illinois river is improving slowly, while White river has a good depth in the channel. The Arkansas is low, with thirty inches to Little Rock.

☞ The Republican of the same date says:

Capt. John Tobin has "swapped" the magnificent steamer Frank Pargoud to the Vicksburg and New Orleans Packet Company for the steamer Gov. H. W. Allen, each getting the best of the bargain, for each had a boat that was not adapted to the trade in which she was engaged. It is not to be supposed, however, that the trade was even.

The managers of the Keokuk Packet Company, Northern Line and White Collar Line, have effected an arrangement with Major General Warren, by which they secure the loan of one of Long's scrapers to be used in deepening the channel over the various sand-bars between this city and Keokuk. It is thought that the channel depth can be increased at least twelve inches by the use of the scraper. The machine will be at work in about ten days. This movement was initiated by Capt. John S. McCune, President of the Keokuk Packet Company, but the expense attending the fitting up and working of the scraper will be borne equally by the packet companies above named.

STEAMBOATS.

Tennessee and Cumberland River Freight.

FOR the lowest through rates for the above rivers, call on Messrs. Judge & Forsee. All contracts for freights made by them will be carried out, and goods delivered according to original bill of lading.
se12 dtf FOWLER, LEE & CO., Transfer Agents, Paducah, Ky.

For New Orleans and Red River, Direct.
PINK VARBLE....MONTGOMERY, Master,
Will leave as above on Tuesday, the 15th, at 5 P. M.
MONTCALM & LEVI, Agents.

For Memphis and White and Black Rivers.
BERMUDA..........DICKINSON, Master,
Will leave as above on Thursday, the 17th, at 5 P. M.
MONTCALM & LEVI, Agents.

Regular Express Line
For Evansville, Cairo and St. Louis
ABEONA..............H. VINTON, Master,
Will leave as above on This Day, the 13th, at 10 A. M., from city wharf.
MONTCALM & LEVI, Agents.

For Cairo, Memphis, Vicksburg, and New Orleans.
JUDGE FLETCHER........PHELPS, Master,
Will leave as above on Wednesday, the 16th, at 5 P. M., from city wharf.
T. M. ERWIN & CO., Agents.

For Memphis and White River.
BERMUDA..........G. DICKINSON, Master,
Will leave as above on Wednesday, the 16th, at 5 P. M., from city wharf.
T. M. ERWIN & CO., Agents.

For New Orleans and Red River.
PINK VARBLE....MONTGOMERY, Master,
Will leave as above on Tuesday, the 15th, at 5 P. M., from city wharf.
T. M. ERWIN & CO., Agents.

For Cairo, Memphis, New Orleans, and Red River.
PINK VARBLE..........DICKINSON, Master,
Will leave as above on Tuesday, the 15th, at 5 P. M.
MOORHEAD & CO., Agents.

For Clarksville and Nashville.
G. A. THOMPSON..............——, Master,
Will leave as above on Sunday, the 13th, at 12 M.
MONTCALM & LEVI, Agents.

For New Orleans and Red River, Direct.
PINK VARBLE....MONTGOMERY, Master,
Will leave as above on Tuesday, the 15th, at 5 P. M., from city wharf.
JUDGE & FORSEE, Agents.

For Memphis and White and Black Rivers.
BERMUDA..........DICKINSON, Master,
Will leave as above on Wednesday, the 16th, at 5 P. M.
MOORHEAD & CO., Agents.

FOR CAIRO AND NEW ORLEANS.
Fall and Winter Arrangement.

The unsurpassed passenger steamers LADY GAY, Capt. John H. Burk, and RUTH, Capt. B. R. Pegram, will leave Cairo for New Orleans on the arrival of 4 P. M. train, every Saturday, as follows:

LADY GAY, Saturday, September 19; October 3, 17, and 31; November 14 and 28; December 12 and 26.

RUTH, Saturday, September 26; October 10 and 24; November 7 and 21; December 5 and 19.

To secure state rooms and for further information apply to CHARLES T. HINDE, Agent, Cairo.
JNO. W. CARROLL, Agent, St. Louis.
sep11 dtf J. D. WOODS, Agent, New Orleans.

AMUSEMENTS.

Louisville Theater.

COR. FOURTH AND GREEN STREETS.

Zorastre, or the Jewelers of the Sea.

☞ Grand Matinee every Saturday. se10 dtf

Dancing!

MONS. and MAD. MUELLER'S PARISIAN DANCING ACADEMY, at WEISIGER HALL, Louisville, Ky., will be open every Friday & Saturday, from 3 to 6 P. M., for ladies, misses, and masters, commencing on SATURDAY, Sept. 19, at 3 P. M. Ladies' and gentlemen's class every Thursday and Friday evening, from 8 to 10 o'clock, commencing THURSDAY, Sept. 24, at 8 P. M. All the new dances of Europe and America will be introduced. Applications received at the hall, and at Mons. MUELLER'S residence, 296 Chestnut street, bet. Fifth and Sixth. se6 d3

DANCING.

MR. WASTELL respectfully informs the ladies of Louisville that his academy will open on FRIDAY, Sept. 11, in the Masonic Temple. Hours of tuition: Fridays, from 3 to 5 P. M.; and Saturdays, 10 to 12 A. M. and from 3 to 5 P. M. Terms per quarter of 12 weeks, $12, payable in advance. Quarter commences from date of entrance. se6 d11

PICNICS.

THE public is respectfully informed that the splendid and capacious steam ferryboat, John Shallcross, is now fitted up for the accommodation of picnic parties, with seats capable of accommodating seven hundred persons in the shade of her ample decks and cabins, secure from the burning rays of the sun and affording sufficient space for dancing and other amusements. Offering at once the most complete and agreeable means of conveyance to and from the cool and beautiful woods and springs upon the banks of the Ohio in this vicinity.

Terms moderate. Apply to H. JOHNSTON, Superintendent, Ferry office, Jeffersonville.
jy19deod2m

Coming! Coming!

THE LAST OF THE SEASON.

THE "BOSS" OF ALL SHOWS.

LOOK OUT FOR THE THOROUGH-BRED

BILL LAKE'S

HIPPOOLYMPIAD

—AND—

MAMMOTH CIRCUS!

WILL exhibit at Louisville, corner of East and Walnut streets, for

Three Days Only!

Commencing Thursday Evening, September 17, at 7½ o'clock.

ALL BARE-BACK RIDERS.

Look Out for a Flood!

This establishment was organized 27 years ago, and added to every year until it has become the

Largest and Best Circus on Earth,

Comprising 240 Men and Horses,

Emphatically pronounced by everybody to be

The CHAMPION COMPANY

OF AMERICA.

No wholesale humbug or combination, but one genuine single circus, forming a

A GRAND OLYMPIAN ORGANIZATION!

Constituting the ne plus ultra of equestrian and amphitheatrical excellence, arranged in the most magnificent proportions, without regard to expense, and in the features of

Graceful Equestriennes,
Indomitable Acrobats,
Dashing Horsemen,

Coryphees, pantomimists, hippo-dramatists, clowns, voltigeurs, and equerries, the Hippoolympiad can defy any other traveling exhibition East, West, North or South.

This is the only traveling exhibition in the world that does all it advertises, and only big concern of the kind and character that will visit Louisville and Southwestern Kentucky this season.

Remember, the largest and best circus in America is coming. Don't mistake day and date.

Thursday, Friday, and Saturday,

SEPTEMBER 17, 18, & 19.

Grand Matinees on Friday and Saturday, at half-past one o'clock.

☞ Admission 55 cents; Children 25 cents.
Doors open at 1 and 7 P. M.
J. A. BAILEY, Agent.
se9 d7W F Su Tu Th F & Sat

For New Orleans and Ouachita River.
LOTAWANNA..............——, Master,
Will leave as above on Tuesday the 15th, at 5 P. M.
MOORHEAD & CO., Agents.

For Cairo, Memphis, and New Orleans.
ST. MARYS..............SWEENEY, Master,
Will leave as above on Wednesday the 16th, at 5 P. M.
MOORHEAD & CO., Agents.

For Memphis, Vicksburg, and New Orleans, Direct.
ST. MARYS..........C. SWEENEY, Master,
Will leave as above on Wednesday the 16th, at 5 P. M.
JUDGE & FORSEE, Agents.

For New Orleans from Cairo.
MAGENTA..........FRANK. HICKS, Master,
Will leave Cairo on Monday, September 14, and Memphis on Wednesday, September 16, on the arrival of the trains.
The Mississippi will leave one week later.

Memphis and White River Independent Packet

DES ARC,

JNO. D. ELLIOTT..............Master.
JOE ELLIOTT and MAT. A. GLASS......Clerks.

Leaves Memphis for White river and all way points every Tuesday at 6 P. M. Through bills of lading given to all points on White, Little Red and Black rivers at lowest rates. Apply to
MANN W. SATTERWHITE, Agent,
au28 d1m No. 56 Fourth street, below Main.

TOWING.

HAVING purchased the steam tug W. J. May, I am prepared to do all kinds of towing at all times. Orders left at the office of Varble & May will be promptly attended to.
au11 d1m CAPT. RICHARD VARBLE.

For Vicksburg and New Orleans.

BELLE LEE,

A. McGILL, Master..............A. MARTIN, Clerk,
Will leave as above from Cairo on Tuesday, Sept. 15, and Memphis on Thursday, Sept. 17, on the arrival of the train from the East and North. Passage and rooms can be secured by applying to
T. M. ERWIN & CO.,
MOORHEAD & CO., Agents.

FOR CINCINNATI.

OLD RELIABLE

U. STATES MAIL LINE STEAMERS.

FARE $3 50, including meals and state-room—☞ one dollar less than by railroad. ☜

UNITED STATES MAIL MORNING LINE AT 12 A. M. One of the magnificent steamers
MAJ. ANDERSON..........R. M. WADE, Master,
GEN. BUELL..........E. P. CRIDER, Master,
landing at all intermediate points.

EVENING LINE AT 3 P. M. One of the new and splendid double-decked palace steamers
AMERICA..........D. WHITTEN, Master,
UNITED STATES..........FRANK CARTER, Master
landing only at Madison.

☞ Both lines making sure connections at Cincinnati with all the early morning trains for the Eastern cities.

☞ Eastern passengers by this route have but one change from Louisville to New York, Philadelphia, and Baltimore.

☞ Have one night and two hundred and fifty miles less railroad travel than by any other route from Louisville.

☞ Tickets for sale and baggage checked on board the steamers for all points East.

☞ All the above boats leave from the Company's Wharf-boat, foot of Third street.
je14 dtf JOE CAMPION, Agent.

For Mobile and Texas Ports.

MORGAN LINES U. S. MAIL STEAMERS,

From New Orleans to Mobile, daily; Galveston and Indianola, tri-weekly; and Brazos Santiago, every Saturday.

Marine risks assured by Mr. Morgan on goods for his steamers, at half the rates adopted by the New Orleans Underwriters, July 1, 1868.

Tariffs of freight from New Orleans to all of the above ports, and bills of lading signed to Mobile only, by B. C. LEVI, Agent,
au11 d1m No. 20 Fourth street, Louisville.

Memphis, White River, and Little Rock United States Mail Line

PACKET COMPANY.

The splendid side-wheel passenger steamers LIBERTY No. 2, COMMERCIAL and MAYFLOWER leave Memphis every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 5 P. M. for all points on White river, connecting at Duvall's Bluff with the Memphis and Little Rock Railroad for Little Rock and Hot Springs.

☞ Time from Memphis to Little Rock 48 hours.

Freight receipted through to all points on the above line. [au21 d3m] JUDGE & FORSEE, Agents.

C. CAMPBELL,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

NO. 68 THIRD STREET,

BETWEEN MAIN AND MARKET, is just receiving a new supply of Spring and Summer Goods.
ap29 deodtf

ISAAC CROMIE,

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

Best Pittsburg and Youghiogheny

COAL.

ORDERS promptly filled at the lowest market rates and of the best quality of coal.

Principal office north side Market, near Third st. Branch offices, Fifth street, at J. P. Cromie's ice depot, and corner Thirteenth and Main streets.

Scales at river, foot of Preston street. dtf

DAILY COURIER.

Sunday & Monday, - - Sept. 13 & 14.

WASHINGTON.

A SEPTEMBER SESSION PROBABLE

The Tennessee Delegation.

THEY ARE SUSPICIOUS OF THE EXECUTIVE.

Some of Their Ridiculous Kuklux Stories.

The Trial of John Surratt.

Advices from Maine.

THE DEMOCRACY WORKING.

&c., &c., &c.

[Special Telegraphic Correspondence of the Louisville Courier.]

THE SEPTEMBER SESSION.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 12.—If the wishes of a majority of the Radical members of Congress are consulted, Congress will be called together this month. There are about sixteen members here now, and without an exception they want a meeting, but, to take another recess and probably to meet again after the October elections, if any party exigency shall require it. From present indications it is most likely that Congress will meet on the 21st.

THE TENNESSEE DELEGATION

are apparently pleased with the President's orders to furnish Federal troops to maintain order in that State; nevertheless they are suspicious of the Executive, and declare that, if the troops don't sustain the civil authorities, the militia will be called into service. In reply to the question whether, in the event of any conflict of views between Brownlow and the General commanding the department, what would be expected from the latter. They indicated that they had some confidence in Thomas, but as he is on a court of inquiry which meets here in October to examine into General Dyer's case, his department may be temporarily in command of some other officer.

General Thomas will at once be advised that any number of troops will be at his command, and to maintain peace and order in that State.

KUKLUX.

This committee have been badly scared by the Kuklux, whom they represent of savage and bloody intentions. The committee *asseverate* that the Kuklux lately skinned a negro alive, solely because he was a Radical. When asked why they didn't put this in their report to the President, they said they feared nobody would believe it.

SURRATT.

Surratt's counsel will demand a trial for their client on the 21st of September, on the indictment for murder. The counsel for the defense will be ready to go on with the trial on the day named, and there is an impression that a trial on one or the other of the indictments will certainly take place. Surratt has, since his release, been spending his time among relatives and friends in Prince George and Montgomery counties, Md., and in this city.

KENTUCKY STATE AGENCY.

The business of the Kentucky State Agency has been temporarily suspended in consequence of the death of a child of Colonel Pennebaker, and also a child of his assistant, Captain Humphrey.

ADVICES FROM MAINE

claim that the Democracy will reduce the majority given for Lincoln. The Democracy expect large gains in the lumber and ship-building regions.

COLORADO.

A Voice from the Far West

COLORADO SPEAKS.

A Democratic Victory.

NEW YORK, Sept. 12.—A dispatch from the Chairman of the Democratic Central Committee of Colorado states that Mr. Belden, a Democrat, is elected Delegate to Congress from that Territory.

NASHVILLE.

THE LEGISLATIVE COMMITTEE HEARD FROM.

United States Troops for Tennessee.

Militia to be Called Out on Tuesday.

THE CAPITAL SWARMING WITH NEGROES.

Other Matters in the Much-governed Commonwealth.

NASHVILLE, Sept. 19—The following dispatch addressed to the speakers of the Senate and the House, was received to-day from the Legislature committee, who went to see the President:

"The President will sustain the civil authorities. Orders have been issued department commanders to sustain and aid the civil authorities, and sufficient force will be furnished to accomplish such purposes."

Notwithstanding the tender of Federal troops sufficient to meet all emergencies. Dr. Boynton, acting Governor, and son-in-law of Gov. Brownlow, arrived in the city this evening, says that the proclamation calling out the militia will be issued on Tuesday.

The city is now swarming with negroes, who have been waiting here for weeks to join the militia. It is intimated in some quarters that colored troops will not be employed at first, as East Tennessee appears anxious to furnish the necessary number of white men.

Hon. Edmund Cooper and Hon. Emerson Etheridge have been appointed by the Democratic State Central Committee as electors for the State at large.

MEMPHIS.

The Largest Demonstration Ever Known.

THE DEMOCRACY OUT IN FORCE.

THE PROCESSION FIRED UPON.

MEMPHIS, Sept. 12.—The Democratic torch-light procession to-night surpassed any similar demonstration ever witnessed here. The principal streets were illuminated along the line of the procession. One car contained a number of ex-Federal and ex-rebel soldiers, dressed in uniform, with the motto, "The war is over; let us have peace." Another filled with girls representing the different States. One with Hebrew children and representation feast of Purim. Every branch of industry, including a printing press, was represented. It is estimated that fully 20,000 persons participated.

With the following exception, the affair so far has passed off quietly: As the Ninth ward club was passing Fifth street, in Chelsea, it was fired upon from an alley. A German named Jacob Reiser was shot in the back and painfully wounded. Owing to the darkness the perpetrator escaped.

Speaking is now going on on the bluff.

GEORGIA.

More Negroes Expelled from the Legislature.

ATLANTA, Sept. 12.—The Senate to-day declared Campbell and Wallace, colored Senators, ineligible by 24 to 11. Campbell, in concluding his speech, said: "He knew his doom was certain, but claimed the right to enter a respectful protest at the proper time."

The protest of Campbell and Wallace was received by the Senate and entered on the journal.

Heavy Robberies in Massachusetts.

WORCESTER, MASS., Sept. 12.—The residence of Stephen Taft of the firm of S. T. Taft & Son, grocers, was entered last night, and the store and safe keys stolen without disturbing the family. The burglars then proceeded to the store on Front street, ransacked the safe and obtained about seven thousand dollars, mostly in government bonds, deposited by different parties with the firm for safe keeping. No clue to the robbers.

The Union store and Baston's grocery store in Millbury, Mass., were broken into last night, but the burglars obtained only a trifling sum of money.

Fraudulent Checks on a National Bank.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 12 — Fraudulent checks, purporting to be drawn by a Philadelphia firm, on the Second National Bank of Philadelphia, have lately been received from the West, and from the interior of New York. They are all lithographed, according to imprint, by Mayor & Co., Fulton street, New York, in pale red ink, entirely different from any used by the bank or its customers.

Democratic Nomination.

BOSTON, Sept. 12 — Edwin C. Bailey, editor and proprietor of the Boston Herald, was nominated for Representative to Congress by the Democrats of the Third Massachusetts District this evening.

SOUTH AMERICA.

A Terrible Earthquake in Peru—32,000 Lives Lost.

Damage Three Hundred Millions.

Whole Cities Engulfed.

THE SEA UPON THE LAND.

Ships Tossed a Mile to Inland.

ANOTHER SODOM AND GOMORRAH

The Living Forced to Flee from the Stench of the Dead.

AMERICAN MERCHANTS TOTALLY RUINED.

A Proclamation Asking the People to Return.

NEW YORK, Sept. 12.—The Guiding Star, from Aspinwall, brings, this evening, the following advices:

On the 13th instant a terrible earthquake visited the cities along the coasts of Peru and Ecuador; 32,000 lives were lost, and property valued at three hundred millions of dollars destroyed. A rumbling sound preceded the earthquake, and the sea was terribly agitated, and flooded the land for a great distance.

Arequipa, city of 35,000 inhabitants, passed away, so that scarcely a vestige is left.

Only four hundred lives were lost here.

Arica, a town of 25,000 inhabitants, was also destroyed, leaving not a house standing. Five hundred perished here. A tidal wave forty feet high rolled with terrific roar on the shore, carrying ships further on land than ever before known.

The United States store ship, Fredonia, capsized, and all on board were lost. The Fredonia had one million eight hundred thousand dollars worth of naval stores aboard. The vessel was rolled over and smashed to atoms. The United States steamer, Wateree, was carried half a mile inland, and left high and dry. Only one soldier was drowned. Owing to the great distance she never can get afloat again.

The Peruvian corvette America was also carried ashore; thirty-three were drowned from her. The American merchantman, Rosa Rivera, English ship Chanticleer and the French bark Edwards were also lost.

The towns of Iquique, Moquega, Lerumba and Pisaqua were all utterly destroyed. Over six hundred perished at Iquique. The American merchants' loss is heavy and nearly all are totally ruined. The towns of Igarr and San Pablo, Atuntogui and Imuntad are in ruins. Where Cotacochi formerly stood is now a lake.

The inhabitants of the above named towns were almost entirely destroyed. Pamcho, Pullers and Cochaguino were also destroyed.

The dead were so numerous that the surviving inhabitants have been forced to fly from the stench of the putrifying bodies. In Guayaquil the earthquake was felt, but no damage done.

Letters from Quito, dated September 19, announce that the earthquakes continue at intervals of a few hours.

The President had issued a proclamation to the people to come forward and help the sufferers.

FOREIGN.

By the Atlantic Cable.

QUEEN VICTORIA ON HER NATIVE SHORE.

Spain to Garrison Rome in Case of War.

ENGLAND.

"GOD SAVE THE QUEEN."

LONDON, Sept. 12.—Queen Victoria has arrived at Windsor.

SPAIN.

TROOPS FOR ROME.

PARIS, Sept. 12.—It is reported that Spain has offered thirty thousand troops to garrison Rome, in the event of a European war.

The insurgents have appeared in the mountains about Ronda.

NEW YORK.

The Forcible Abduction of Mr. Luddington—Burning of a Billiard Table Manufactory—Brutal Attack on a Base Ball Club—An Absconding Clerk.

NEW YORK, Sept. 12.—In the Court of General Sessions, yesterday, the case of Mr. Luddington, of Chicago, was taken up. The defendant's counsel stated that Mr. Luddington was forced into bankruptcy by New York creditors, and then kidnapped at Chicago and brought to New York in irons, without being allowed the privilege of communicating with his family. His counsel asked that he be surrendered to the Illinois authorities, and Judge Russell reserved his decision.

The large billiard manufactory of Phelan & Callender, Thirty-sixth and Thirty-seventh streets, took fire this morning, and together with the contents, were nearly consumed. There were four hundred finished billiard tables in the factory, and materials for as many more. A large number of the tables were about to be shipped to California and the West. Loss $200,000. Three hundred workmen are thrown out of employment.

A gang of rough hangers-on to the Irvington base ball club of Newark, yesterday, brutally attacked the Atlantic club, which had just triumphed in a game over the former. Several persons were shockingly beaten with clubs, cut with knives, &c., among whom Messrs. Bulkley and McGonigle, members of the Assembly of Brooklyn, are not expected to survive. No arrests were made.

H. M. Livington, many years clerk in Stewart's store, has absconded with several thousand dollars.

Charles Crossman has disappeared from Jersey City with the collections of soldiers' bounties, &c.

Gen. Meade's official report on the Ashburn murder case is published, showing the abstract printed a few days since to be a misrepresentation. Gen. Meade says he found that only threats of the punishment said to have been inflicted were made. The prisoners were well treated.

The steamship Weser from Bremen has arrived.

The total loss by the burning of Phelan & Collander's billiard factory is $220,000. The amount of insurance is unknown, and it is believed to be mostly in country offices. The tools of the workmen were lost, averaging a loss to each of from $50 to $100.

The counsel for Beverly Clarke, who is under indictment for conspiracy to defraud the Postoffice Department, in connection with other parties in Washington and Detroit, Mich., moved for his discharge to-day before Commissioner Osborne. After argument on both sides, the case was adjourned till Tuesday, when a decision will be rendered.

J. Hilner, a German, was sunstruck on Broadway to-day. The heat to-day has been excessive.

Receipts at the custom-house for the last four days are $2,384,000 in gold.

The book trade sale to-day was thinly attended and sales light.

The steamship Guiding Star brought $625,000 in treasure to-day from California.

The Water-street prayer meeting to-day was largely attended by sailors from the ship of war Vermont.

Number of deaths this week, 569.

Six cases of sun-stroke to-day; one fatal. Very hot to-night.

NEW ORLEANS.

The Negro Turnout—Trouble Feared—Gen. Buchanan Called on to Preserve Order—Threatening Proclamation from the Freedmen's Bureau.

NEW YORK, Sept. 12.—A special dispatch from New Orleans says intense excitement prevails there over the proposed Republican procession to-night. The Governor will apply to Gen. Buchanan for such disposition of troops as may be necessary to preserve order. Gen. Hatch has issued the following:

FREEDMEN'S BUREAU,
NEW ORLEANS, Sept. 11.

There will be a large torch-light procession here to-morrow night, in which many colored men will participate. Intense excitement exists, which forces me to request the General Commanding to dispose troops to prevent an assault, which may result in wide-spread and general destruction of life and property. There will be an immense turn out of colored men, who are arriving in crowds from the interior. They are enthusiastic and determined, and in case of an outrage it is feared will inflict terrible retribution.

The Procession—No Disturbance—The Whites Keep within Doors to Preserve the Peace.

NEW ORLEANS, Sept. 12.—Notwithstanding reports of a further postponement, the Republican demonstration is in progress here. Three companies of infantry are stationed at the custom-house, and other troops are disposed of in different parts of the city.

A strong body of police are also accompanying the procession. The procession was one hour passing a given spot. There were only three white clubs in the procession, numbering less than three hundred all told. There was but a thin sprinkling of whites in the rest of the procession. The prominent feature was a wagon containing negro women dressed in white, decorated with flowers, representing the States.

The following are specimens of the inscriptions on the transparencies: Tammany Hall—the hall of traitors; Remember Lincoln; Men enough have been murdered; Seymour means slavery; Remember Fort Pillow; No compromise with rebels; Let us have peace.

Strong delegations from neighboring parishes participated. The saloons closed at an early hour, in compliance with the proclamation of the Mayor. The whites generally remained in their houses.

There were comparatively few people on the streets. Considerable apprehension has been felt of a disturbance this evening, and all the small firearms on sale in the retail stores were bought up to-day. There was but little music in the procession, and the streets along the line of march were remarkably silent. The Democrats universally agreed to remain away from the club rooms and off the streets.

WASHINGTON.

GEN. DYER'S REQUEST GRANTED.

The Last of the Tennessee Committee.

THEIR PURPOSE ACCOMPLISHED.

SEPTEMBER SESSION.

NEW YORK, Sept. 12.—A Washington dispatch says it is now generally conceded that there will be a September session of Congress.

THE INDIANS.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 15.—The acting Commissioner of Indian Affairs has received official dispatches from Montana, representing that the Indians are all peaceable. No disturbance had occurred during August among the Indians within the Salt Lake superintendency. They promise to abstain from further depredations on the whites.

GEN. DYER.

By direction of the President a court of inquiry is to be appointed to examine into the nature of the transactions of Gen. Dyer, Chief of Ordnance, regarding the accusations against that officer, contained in the report of the Select Committee on Ordnance.

ORDERED TO REPORT.

Capt. Henry C. Wharton, of the Engineer Corps, is ordered to proceed to Detroit and report to Gen. Cram for orders.

The Treasurer of the United States has received a communication from a Catholic priest of Cincinnati, inclosing fifty dollars currency conscience money due the Government.

CURRENCY STATEMENT.

Receipts of fractional currency for the week $435,900; shipments $697,215; shipments of notes $1,124,715; National Bank currency issued during the week $93,850—actual circulation at this date $299,874,958.

PACIFIC RAILROAD MONEY.

One million two hundred and eighty thousand dollars were issued to-day to the Central Pacific Railroad.

THE TENNESSEE COMMITTEE

had another interview with the President this morning, in which they paid their parting respects. The interview was of very short duration, lasting only about ten minutes. They left seemingly very well satisfied with the result. It is expected they will meet with a response to their address from the War Department.

THE COMMITTEE'S TELEGRAM.

The following is the telegram sent this afternoon by the Committee from the Tennessee Legislature to the Speakers of the House and Senate, also to Governor Brownlow:

WASHINGTON, Sept. 12.

Mission accomplished. The President will sustain the civil authorities. Orders have been issued to the Department Commander to sustain the civil authorities, and a sufficient force will be furnished to accomplish such purpose.

[Signed] THOS. A. HAMILTON.

J. Hoge:—The committee received this afternoon from the Secretary of War a reply to the letter addressed to him by the committee, together with a copy of the orders sent to Gen. Thomas.

THOS. A. HAMILTON.

GENERAL SHERMAN

has called upon the Secretary of War to furnish him with an additional regiment of cavalry for service against the Indians.

THE TENNESSEE COMMITTEE.

The committee of the Tennessee Legislature took final leave of the President to-day, and forthwith telegraphed to that body that the President will sustain the civil authorities; and an order has been issued to the department commander, General Thomas, to sustain and aid the civil authorities. Also that a sufficient force will be furnished to accomplish that purpose. This is really in accordance with orders heretofore issued for the government of Generals Meade, Thomas and Buchanan. The committee, however, are satisfied with the result of their mission. Reporters were excluded to-day, as yesterday, from the interview.

CANADA.

Sixth Day of Whelan's Trial—The Testimony Closed—The Court Adjourned Till Monday.

OTTAWA, C. W., Sept. 12.—This was the sixth day of the trial of Whelan. A large crowd was present. The prisoner looks worn and haggard. William Mitchell, a Cincinnati witness, said he was arrested in Ottawa for Fenianism at the time of McGee's death; was in jail two weeks, and occupied the same corridor as Whelan, Doyle, and other prisoners. He remembers a conversation between Doyle and Whelan. He said Turner swore d—d hard against him, but he would be safe if Buggar would only keep silent. The conversation was carried on at intervals of three hours when it only lasted ten minutes. He heard no admission of having shot McGee nor the expression that he "would shoot him like a dog." The witness was not locked in the cell at the time; did know if he could hear persons talking if the door had been locked. The door was locked at 6 o'clock. This closed the case for the defense. The Crown brought forward, as rebutting evidence, the governor of the jail and turnkey, deposed all prisoners locked up at half past five that day, and that detectives Hassan and Callen were then placed in a cell adjacent to Whelan's. Other witnesses were called to rebutt certain evidence of the defense given yesterday.

The judge at 12 o'clock explained to the jury that the speeches by the counsels for the defense for the Crown and his summing would probably occupy the remainder of the day, and as there was some doubt as to the legality of receiving a verdict on Sunday he would adjourn until Monday morning, when the court adjourned. Doyle and Buckley were indicted and arraigned this afternoon as accessories to the murder. They pleaded "not guilty." The trial will be postponed to the next assizes.

Secession in the Dominion—Offer of Aid to the Movement—Continuation of the Whalen Trial.

OTTAWA, Sept. 11.—The Recorder, anti-union, of this evening, contains the following: There are rumors on the streets to-day of a communication having been sent from a General in the United States to an official in this province, offering fifteen to twenty thousand troops to Nova Scotia, if necessary, to insure secession from the Dominion. The communication was sent to headquarters, and the contents were at once transmitted to the authorities of Canada and Great Britain. The report is entirely discredited here.

Whalen's trial was continued to-day. A number of witnesses were examined for the defense, but nothing of material importance was elicited. At the request of the prisoner's counsel the court adjourned the case at two o'clock until to-morrow morning, in order to allow the arrival of important witnesses from Cincinnati. Previous to the adjournment of the court the jury visited the scene of the murder, with a view of obtaining information concerning certain contradictory points in the evidence.

Sir John A. MacDonald and lady occupied seats on the bench, near the Judge, to-day. A number of priests and ministers were among the listeners.

WEST INDIES.

Arms and Equipage Abandoned by the Insurgents—General Amnesty Proclaimed.

NEW YORK, Sept. 12.—Latest advices from Hayti state the insurgents on abandoning the siege of Port au Prince left all their guns and camp equipage in the hands of Salnave, who proclaimed amnesty to all rebels, except the leaders. Many rebels were surrendering under the proclamation, and Salnave's prospects looked quite promising.

RIVER AND WEATHER.

MEMPHIS, Sept. 12.

Weather cloudy and warm; heavy rain this morning.

River falling slowly.

Departed—Julia and City of Alton, for St. Louis.

CAIRO, September 12.

Port list—Marble City, Memphis to St. Louis at 12 A. M.; Carroll, St. Louis to New Orleans at 10 A. M.; White, Paducah and return at 3 P. M.; Ida, St. Louis to Tennessee river at 8 P. M.; Memphis, St. Louis to Memphis at 5 P. M.; Cumberland, Evansville packet at 6 P. M.

River rose 4 inches.

Weather cloudy.

NASHVILLE, Sept. 12.

River rising; 6 feet on Harpeth Shoals.

Heavy rains to-day.

Ella Hughes left for Cairo.

CINCINNATI, Sept. 12.

Weather warm and cloudy, with light showers. Mercury 78.

River has risen 21 inches in the last twenty-four hours, with 18 feet 2 inches in the channel.

The Abeona left for St. Louis and the J. P. Webb arrived from Evansville. The regular packets arrived and departed as usual.

Trial of the Reno Brothers.

DETROIT, Sept. 12.—The evidence in the case of Reno and Anderson, charged with the robbery of the Adams Express Company in Indiana, in May, on trial at Sandwich, C. W., for extradition to the United States, closed yesterday and arguments were closed to-day. Justice McMicken, the magistrate, reserved his decision until next Friday.

The Springfield Races.

SPRINGFIELD, MASS., Sept. 12.—Six heats of the double team race were trotted yesterday, without result. The seventh heat trotted to-day was won by Cewong and mate. Time 2:39, and great excitement. Much money was won and lost. This closes the week's races.

A Fearful Outrage in Brookfield, Conn.—A Negro the Criminal.

Brookfield, Conn., was the scene of a fearful crime on Friday last. A negro, suspected of being one who had just been let out from jail in Danbury, called at the house of a Mr. Wildman, in Brookfield, and finding no one at home but Mrs. Wildman, seized her and attempted to violate her person. The house being at some distance from any neighbors, it was some time before her screams for help could be heard. At last a woman heard them, and proceeded to the house, when she was met at the door by the demon and struck senseless by a large stone. He then returned to his victim, and after a severe struggle, in which he choked her until the blood came from her eyes, ears and nose, he accomplished his hellish purpose and decamped. The woman who went to the assistance of Mrs. Wildman, having recovered, gave the alarm, and very soon a crowd of excited neighbors were gathered and the woods and country searched. The negro was seen, but managed to escape. Mrs. Wildman, who was *enceinte*, lingering for six hours. A reward of $4,000 was offered for the wretch alive, and if he had been captured right away summary punishment would have been meted out to him by the infuriated townspeople.

Important to Distillers.

The correspondence published below between the Assessor of this district and the Commissioner of Internal Revenue is of great importance to the distilling interest of this State.

It will be seen that the maximum amount which any distiller can make in twenty-four hours is the basis of his capacity tax, and also the basis upon which the monthly returns are to be estimated:

U. S. INTERNAL REVENUE,
ASSESSOR'S OFFICE, FIFTH DISTRICT OF KY.,
LOUISVILLE, August 29, 1868.

Hon. E. A. Rollins, Comm'r Internal Revenue:

SIR: I have some difficulty in arriving at the proper construction to be placed on Section 10 of the new law, so far as it relates to estimating the true producing capacity of distilleries, for the reason that none of the distilleries in this district, so far as notice has been given, propose to run during the night.

For example, Mr. A. has a distillery in this district in which he proposes to run forty bushels of grain to each mash, and only one mash a day. This, he says, will require work to be done in the distillery from 5 A. M. to 9 P. M., under ordinary circumstances.

Assuming that the fermented beer will yield an average of three gallons of spirits to the bushel, the capacity of this mash will be 120 gallons of spirits per day.

But, if the distillery runs continuously during the twenty-four hours, he can work off two mashes per day, and the day's product will be 240 gallons.

1. Now, in estimating the capacity of a distillery, must I estimate the maximum quantity of spirits which, in my judgment, can be produced by the distiller, supposing him to run continually for the twenty-four hours, or must I omit from the time in which it is proposed that the distillery is not to run? (except that the fermenting process will continue in the tubs, as a matter of course).

2. If the true capacity of a distillery is the maximum quantity of spirits which can be produced by the continuous running of all the machinery and apparatus of the distillery for twenty-four hours, is this maximum amount to be the standard upon which the assessment of 80 per cent. is to be estimated by the Assessor, as provided for in section 20 of the recent act, or must this assessment be made pro rata according to the time in which the machinery and distilling apparatus are in actual operation?

This is the only practical difficulty which I find in operating under the new law, and I would respectfully request an answer at an early date, as the distillers are anxiously awaiting your view of the question presented.

Very respectfully, EDGAR NEEDHAM,
Assessor Fifth District Kentucky.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT, OFFICE INTERNAL REVENUE, WASHINGTON, Sept. 8, 1868.

SIR: I have to reply to your letter of August 29, that, in determining the true producing capacity of a distillery under section 10, it makes no difference whether the distillery is proposed to be run one, ten, or twenty-four hours, nor what number of bushels the distiller proposes to mash per day.

You are to determine, first, what number of bushels of grain can be mashed and fermented in twenty-four hours, and second what quantity of spirits can be produced in twenty-four hours.

What you are to determine is the absolute producing capacity, without deduction for any cause, and, to use your own words, you must estimate the maximum quantity of spirits which can be produced by the distiller, supposing him to run continuously for the 24 hours.

The number of bushels which you determine upon these principles can be mashed and fermented in twenty-four hours is the basis upon which you will assess the per diem capacity tax imposed by sec. 13. The number of bushels so determined multiplied by the quantity of spirits which can under all circumstances, all the apparatus and machinery being in good order, be produced in the distillery from a bushel of grain, will give the quantity of spirits which can be produced in the twenty-four hours; and this is the basis of the examination to be made by you monthly of his returns under section 20.

If his returns exceed eighty per cent. of this no assessment is necessary, unless it shall appear that his actual production is in excess of his returns.

Very respectfully,
E. A. ROLLINS, Com'r.

EDGAR NEEDHAM, Ass'r, Louisville, Ky.

OUTRAGEOUS ROBBERY.

A Widow Lady Chloroformed on a Railroad Train and Robbed of $3,600, all the Money She Possessed.

[From the St. Louis Democrat, Sept. 11.]

The particulars of one of the meanest, as well as the most daring, robberies on record, have just transpired. Mrs. S. L. Brennan, a widow lady who resides, when at home, in Helena, Arkansas, went to Chicago and sold some property situated there for $3,600. While in Chicago, where she remained three or four days, she stopped at the Rock Island Hotel, though we do not mention this fact with the view of connecting this house with her misfortunes after her departure.

Last Monday morning Mrs. Brennan took the St. Louis, Alton and Chicago train for this city. To make her treasure more secure, she placed the package, all in one hundred dollar bills, in a pocket of her third skirt. The car into which she was ushered by the conductor being pretty full, a decent-looking sort of a man in a polite way sat down in the seat with her. She paid little attention to the circumstance, and nothing transpired during the daylight hours to arouse her suspicion that the man beside her was a villain of the deepest dye. When it became dark, Mrs. Brennan, fatigued with the long ride, naturally fell into a doze. From this slumber she did not awake until the train had reached East St. Louis late in the evening. She was not surprised at the absence of the man who occupied the seat with her, but her next impulse after becoming aware of the fact of such absence was to feel for her money package. Her grief and dismay can hardly be imagined when she discovered that it had been abstracted from her pocket. It was not taken in the usual way, by cutting out the pocket, but the over garments had been deliberately raised by the expert thief and the treasure taken. There was no trace of the scoundrel—he had left the train, but when and where no one knew, and only a very imperfect description can be procured of him from the sufferer, who came to this city and laid the matter before the Chief of Police. She thinks she saw the fellow at the Rock Island Hotel, and no doubt the robbery was as deliberately planned as it was successfully executed. Chloroform was used in the dastardly work of robbing a poor widow of her all, as its effects were plainly discernible when Mrs. Brennan awoke from her slumber on the train. We repeat, this is one of the meanest robberies on record, as well as the most daring, and the scoundrel deserves the pillory. But a man possessing sharpness and sense enough to execute such a "job" is shrewd enough, usually, to cover up his tracks and effect his escape from the clutches of the law.

While sitting beside Mrs. Brennan, the fellow, as if incidentally, asked her where she was going. She told him to her home in Helena, when he informed her he was going to and lived in the same place, asking her if she did not remember him. She did not, she replied. Mrs. B. was not desirous of cultivating an acquaintance made under such circumstances, and, consequently, it did not progress favorably. The scoundrel was compelled to carry his point by a *coup de main*.

Mrs. Brennan is a lady of about forty years of age, without children. She is, of course, terribly cast down at her misfortune.

TERRIBLE AND FATAL ACCIDENT.

A Man's Body Sawed in Two.

[From the Cairo, Ill., Democrat, Sept. 10.]

One of those fearful and sudden accidents that at times happen in all communities and startle them with their dreadfulness took place yesterday morning at half-past eleven o'clock, at the saw mill of E. T. Ross, on Ohio Levee, and which resulted in the sudden death of a German named Wm. Butner, by his body being literally sawed in two. The facts are briefly as follows:

As Mr. Butner and another man were handling a piece of timber, it slipped from the other man's grasp and struck Butner in the breast with such force as to knock him backwards upon two circular saws, one above the other, and which were running at the rate of four hundred revolutions a minute. His body was instantly cut in two, in a slanting direction, reaching from the left shoulder, from which it severed the arm, down to the navel. The right foot was also severed from the leg. The upper portion of his body fell into a pit in which the sawdust was generally caught. So sudden was the accident, that persons in the vicinity of the saw could hardly realize the fact that the man who had stood before them but a few seconds before, with life and vivacity, was a corpse, his body separated and bleeding before them. Death was so sudden that he was not even heard to utter a groan.

His remains were gathered together, and an inquest held over them. Verdict—accidental death.

A Venerable Trio.

When Major Niles, of the defunct Veteran Reserve Corps, was Sub-Assistant Commissioner in the Freedman's Bureau, he was confronted, one morning, on emerging from his hotel, by a venerable trio.

There stood a paralytic old negress, leading by the hand a blind old negro, to whom was attached by a string a sore-eyed, limping, and otherwise decrepid bull-dog. The aunty asserted that the dog sucked her hens' eggs, and wanted him killed; the uncle denied the animal's guilt, and insisted on prolonging his days; and the trio had walked eight miles "to leave it out to de Buro."

"Ef she kin prove it agin him, let him be hung right up yere," said the uncle, excitedly; "but she can't prove no such thing; no, she can't."

The Major had been pestered during his term of office with many absurd complaints, and he was annoyed now by the grinning and chaffing of several unreconstructed village jokers. Instead of issuing an order that a hen should lay an egg, and that the same should be set before the dog to test his proclivities in the matter of suction, he broke out impatiently:

"Go away with your stupid quarrel, go settle it between yourselves. Pretty business to bring before a United States officer."—[Atlantic Monthly for September.

Delicate Advice.

[From the Detroit Free Press, Sept. 10.]

Our readers will probably still be able to recall a unique sketch, published some weeks ago in the Free Press, which gave a very graphic description of the great Radical pow-wow at Battle Creek, where Oglesby and Chandler formed the chief attraction. On that occasion, it will perhaps also be remembered, when the man who now disgraces the Gubernatorial chair of Illinois had concluded a speech in which every other word was an oath, and in which the bone and sinew of the country were constantly alluded to as "lousy Democrats," he addressed himself to the female portion of the audience. With a drunken leer, his blackguard excellency paid the assembled women some coarse compliments on their beauty, and the laughter which this vinous attempt at gallantry elicited induced our own Zachariah to emulate the example. Since then the "blood-letter" appears to have made it a regular practice to favor the weaker sex with his attention, and he always says a few words especially to them. The exquisite delicacy and wit to which Zach. invariably rises on such occasions may be imagined, but we think he capped the climax at Mount Clemens on Monday last. "He advised," writes us an eye-witness, "the ladies *who had Copperhead husbands no longer to sleep with them.*"

We question whether Dick Yates, in his happiest White Fawn moments, ever exceeded this chaste pleasantry. How charmed the women of Michigan must be to have Zachariah's advice on so delicate a subject.

Monetary and Commercial.

OFFICE OF THE LOUISVILLE COURIER,
SATURDAY EVENING, Sep. 12.

The week closes with a quiet and comparatively easy money market, and we have no new features to notice. The demand is light, and while the banks are in a condition to respond promptly and liberally to the requirements of legitimate business, every other description of paper is closely scrutinized. The season is near at hand when there will be an active demand for pork packing, and we learn there are parties looking ahead and engaging loans to meet the requirements of prospective business. The plethora of the New York money market continues, and now, after a large drain upon the banks for crop movements, the supply is apparently undiminished, and the rate of interest on Government collaterals is reported at 3 per cent. The New York Commercial List of the 9th say, the course of the money market during the next sixty days is a matter of diverse speculation in the minds of both borrowers and lenders, but, like many speculations founded on theories, it has thus far been found illusive, the increase of demand being met with an ample supply. That a turn will come all are aware, and that it may prove productive of more or less inconvenience is generally admitted; but, nevertheless, it being the general rule of the banks to make all the money they can, they are not likely to let idle funds accumulate when there is an opportunity of finding profitable employment for them; and when money is cheap and plenty borrowers are not apt to be dissuaded by possible future contingencies from trying to take advantage of an easy condition of the market. The requirements of the West and South will doubtless be in the aggregate large, but resources upon which currency has to draw are far larger, and the crop movement will be the only one demanding money to any important extent during the remainder of the year; outside of the stock market.

The Herald of the 10th says:

The Western banks are making moderate applications for discounts at this center in some instances; but notwithstanding this and the heavy crop movement, which has now been going forward for a considerable length of time, the important fact remains that money is still superabundant with us at three and four per cent; and thus far, at least, therefore, our predictions relative to the course of the money market this autumn have been realized.

Eastern exchange to-day was in fair request, and the market was well supplied. In the outside market, dealers were buying at par to 50c premium, and selling in round sums of 5 M to 10 M at par to 50c premium, and for smaller amounts 1-10 was charged.

The New York gold market opened to-day at 144½; declined to 144¼, and closed at the opening quotation. The quietness of the market for some time past has quite unsettled the theories of politicians, and the bulls and bears had little raw material out of which to manufacture sensationals. The drain to Europe, says the Commercial List, has become quite light, which, with the increased supply in the Treasury, and the improving condition of the export trade, has a tendency to allay all apprehensions as to any sudden upward movement. Home sensations being thus very quiet, holders of gold are looking anxiously toward Europe for some event, such as a war on the Continent, but the assurances by cable are all against such a probability, and hence speculation is at the moment rather tame.

The New York Herald of the 10th says:

The importing community are for the most part borrowers and not buyers of gold for the payment of customs duties and the purchase of foreign bills, and the mercantile "short" interest is large. But this, of course, is small in comparison with the speculative short interest, the ultimate effect of which will be to stimulate a reaction against itself. The steamer Scotia brought ten thousand pounds sterling in coin; but this must not be construed as significant of a return flow of specie from Europe, as it pays to ship small coin from Europe when there would be a loss on the export of double eagles. The political quiet which has latterly prevailed operates against any material advance in the premium, and a large majority of the speculators in gold are bearish in their views, but they are liable to reverse their tactics at any time.

The New York Government bond market has exhibited considerable firmness during the week, and the fluctuations in prices have been confined to a narrow range. The market to-day opened steady and at 12 M. a decline of ⅛ was reported on five-twenties of '62. The 12:25 A. M. dispatch quoted as follows:

Five-twenties, coup. 1862	114
Five-twenties, 1862	110¾
Five-twenties, 1864	110⅞
Five-twenties, 1865	111⅛
Five-twenties, new issue	108
Five-twenties, 1867	108⅜
Five-twenties, coup. 1868	108
Ten-forties, coup	104⅞

AMERICAN BONDS AT FRANKFORT.

The commercial advices from Frankfort mention that the Bourse business has been dull, particularly in austrian stocks; but an article in the Constitutionnel has just given a favorable impulse. Of United States bonds the supply has been large, and the fall in the gold premium failed therefore to produce any effect on quotations.

"The exertions made to force others than 1862 stock on the market are, it is said, very mischievous, as thereby all control is lost on the amount of American bonds held in Europe, and any danger of repudiation that may exist would be increased should the majority of the bonds be in European hands." Surprise is also expressed that people should pay a bonus of four per cent for 1862 bonds of the issue of 1864, "as is scarcely credible that a promise of 1864 would be more sacred than that of 1862 if the repudiators should ever get the upper hand, while by taking a bonus of 1½ per cent. for exchanging 1862 against 1865 bonds they do a bad business, three years' priority in the reimbursement being of greater value." For the present, it is added, "speculators keep aloof and are thoroughly disgusted with the incessant quibbling regarding the position of the debt, while investors, although not yet alarmed, begin to manifest reserve from seeing their property a matter of discussion." It is reported that the Prussian Government will submit to the North German Reichsrath's proposal for a decimal coinage. The unity is to be the mark, at 10 groschen, or 100 pfennig each, four marks to be one thaler of the present value, the standard to remain silver.

The following quotations for gold, silver and Government bonds are furnished by Messrs. Morton, Galt & Co., Bankers, No. 150 West Main street:

	Buying.	Selling.
Gold	142½	144¼
Silver dollars	140½	
Silver ½s and ¼s	135½	
Silver dimes and half dimes	133½	
GOVERNMENT BONDS.		
Five-twenties 1862	112⅞	114¼
Five-twenties 1862	112	113⅝
Five-twenties 1864	109	109½
Five-twenties 1865	109⅝	110
Five-twenties 1867	108⅜	108¾
Five-twenties 1868	108½	109
Ten-forties	103⅞	104½
Union Pacific R. R. 1st mort. bonds		102

LOCAL STOCKS AND BONDS—The market was quiet to-day, and prices, except in Merchants bank, L. & F. R. R and L. & N. R. R. stocks, and Jeffersonville Railroad bonds, is quotably unchanged. The sale of 50 city bonds is reported, but the rate was not given. We note a good demand for Nashville Railroad stock, and buyers are offering 65 to 65½.

STOCKS.

National bank, first	114	@115
National bank, second	98	@100
National bank, Planters'	95	@ 96
National bank, city	102	@103
Bank of Kentucky	95	@ 96
Bank of Louisville	99	@100
Merchants' bank	121	@122
Commercial bank	96	@ 97
Northern bank	112	@114
Citizens' bank	111	@112
People's bank	[illegible]	[illegible]
Mechanics' bank	[illegible]	[illegible]
Western Financial Corporation bank	[illegible]	[illegible]
Falls City Tobacco bank	95	@ 96
Masonic bank (new)	[illegible]	[illegible]
Masonic bank (old)	[illegible]	[illegible]
Security bank	[illegible]	[illegible]
Louisville Ins. Co. bank	[illegible]	[illegible]
Western Ins. Co. bank	[illegible]	[illegible]
German Ins. Co. bank	[illegible]	[illegible]
Gas Co. stock	[illegible]	[illegible]
L. & F. R. R. (preferred)	[illegible]	[illegible]
L. & F. R. R. (common)	[illegible]	[illegible]
Jeff., M. & Ind. R. R.	[illegible]	[illegible]
L. & N. R. R.	[illegible]	[illegible]

BONDS.

City for street improvements	[illegible]	[illegible]
City for bounty	[illegible]	[illegible]
City for school purposes	[illegible]	[illegible]
City for Jeffersonville railroad	[illegible]	[illegible]
City for Louisville and Nashv'le R. R. (M. S.)	[illegible]	[illegible]
City for Louisville and Nashv'le R. R. (L. B.)	[illegible]	[illegible]
City for wharf (old)	[illegible]	[illegible]
City for wharf (new)	[illegible]	[illegible]
City for Waterworks (old)	[illegible]	[illegible]
City for Waterworks (new)	[illegible]	[illegible]
Waterworks bond	[illegible]	[illegible]
Canal bond (first issue)	[illegible]	[illegible]
Canal bond (second issue)	[illegible]	[illegible]
Canal bond (third issue)	[illegible]	[illegible]
Canal bond (fourth issue)	[illegible]	[illegible]
Kentucky State bond (old)	[illegible]	[illegible]
Kentucky State bond (new)	[illegible]	[illegible]
Central Passenger railway bond	[illegible]	[illegible]
Citizens' Passenger railway bond	[illegible]	[illegible]
City Passenger railway bond	[illegible]	[illegible]
Jeffersonville railroad bond (old)	[illegible]	[illegible]
Jeffersonville railroad bond (new)	[illegible]	[illegible]
Louisville and Frankfort R. R. bond (L. brch)	[illegible]	[illegible]
Louisville and Nashville R. R. bond (M. S.)	[illegible]	[illegible]
Louisville and Nashville R. R. bond (L. K. bh)	[illegible]	[illegible]
Louisville and Nashville R. R. bond (M. brh)	[illegible]	[illegible]
Louisville and Nash. R. R. bond (2d mortg)		[illegible]

COMMERCIAL.

The course of trade during the week ending to-day has developed no features demanding special or extended notice. In the departments of dry goods, boots and shoes, hats and caps, clothing, hardware, and notions the trade has been fully up to the expectation of dealers. In all these departments stocks are ample to meet present and the prospective demand, and buyers who have laid in their stocks and those now in the market express themselves as satisfied with stocks, prices, and terms. It is gratifying to state that Louisville merchants are putting forth commendable efforts to extend all possible accommodation to their Southern customers, and that the trade so far this season has been satisfactorily healthy, many of the buyers being able to square up old accounts and pay a fair per cent. each down on present purchases. The canard published by the Brooklyn Union, a Radical mischief-making organ, to the effect that New York dry goods merchants had refused to sell Southern merchants on time, has called forth some pretty severe criticism, among which the New York Day Book very emphatically tells its Radical contemporary what's the matter. It says the editor of the Union is either an ass or a knave, or a fair combination of both, not to practice more truth or better understand the subject he prates upon; and the terms "loyalty to obligations to country or to fellow-merchants" come with poor grace from the organ of the late whisky-revenue thieves of that city, who are now serving out their terms in the State prison for stealing from both government and fellow-merchants. A mighty nice preacher this Union, which is the mouthpiece of a gang of the worst thieves and scoundrels that a government or people were ever cursed with. If the editor of that journal had brains enough to comprehend the subject he writes upon, he would have known that the Southern merchants, who, for the past two or three years, have been buying goods in New York to sell to the planters, as of old, on credit, and to pay their Northern creditors when they got their pay out of said planters, have met with severe losses. These losses have been produced by the pandemonium which those scoundrels, the carpet-baggers, the pets of such journals as the Union, have kept up. Labor has been ruined, the nigger demoralized, business destroyed, commerce killed, industry crushed, out, the people overridden by military satraps, whose rule is supported by nigger soldiers, confidence has withered, lawlessness runs riot, credit between man and man ruined, hell let loose all over the South by the party this Union is an organ of, and this, all this, is the cause of the poor merchants' failure to meet their obligations. The Union knows better when it pretends to offer other reasons. The anarchy it talks of does, indeed, exist, and it is hatched by the devils incarnate of its own party down there, which, if they could be hung to the trees which line the once fair cities and towns they have depopulated, it would be a mercy to the South, and richly-merited justice to the devils who have produced it. Labor has been wiped out in the South; productive industry is too dear; planter, mechanic, artisan, merchant—all have been ruined by the policy, the infernal policy, of the dominant party, now cursing that section of this once glorious domain. When the Union says that "the threats of another revolution" has induced the New York merchants to shut down on the South, it knows better. Thank God, a brighter day is dawning for the poor, shackled, abused, down-trodden South. The time is coming when she will rapidly recuperate—when the song of the plowman will again be heard in her fields, and the echoes of her anvils and the clatter of her looms will once more float upon the air, but it will only be when the party this Union is fed by is crushed out, and that will be on and after the fourth day of March next, when Horatio Seymour and Frank P. Blair will see that the Southern merchant, the Southern planter and the Southern manufacturer have a fair chance to develop each his resources, free from the interference of New England blacklegs, who have gone down there, clothed in a little brief authority, and played tyrant, despot and thief, cursing the country into the barrenness of a desert, and the people into beggary bordering upon starvation.

It is cheering to know that in spite of Radical interference, the South is making fair headway in the reorganization of her industries, and is to-day self-sustaining.

The Charleston Courier of Sept. 7 says of the supply of breadstuffs available there:

When we recall the necessities of our people during the past three years, growing out of the want of the great staple articles of food; when the cargoes of grain coming to us from Northern ports, amounting in 1867 to an importation of a million and a half bushels of corn alone, is taken into consideration, the sudden transition from paucity to abundance is as gratifying as it is complete. The South is slowly but surely on the mend; and if we mark the flow and ebb of the tide of food supply at this port it can be seen at a glance how thorough has been the change in a short twelve months.

As we have already stated, we imported all of our wheat and corn last year, and the money value of these supplies footed up millions of dollars. During the current year we have not only supplied our wants or our neighbors' barns, but have sent away in the very ports whence we drew our last year's supplies, a considerable quantity of corn and wheat.

* * * * * * *

In corn the importations by water have almost ceased, except in limited lots of particular qualities. The figures show receipts of 100,000 bushels, about one-half of what we handled last year—showing that the country adjacent to this market has needed and purchased less than last year.

The situation, then, during the past twelve months marks through its course, from month to month, the scarcity at home in the beginning of the period and the abundance developed at its close. The turning point has been reached; henceforth we shall draw our food from the adjacent sections, and it is a subject of congratulation that this is so. Breadstuffs are not merely necessary to the subsistence of the producers, but after the home demand is provided for, it enters at once into the exchange for those articles which go to make up the comforts and convenience of life, thus giving full force and profit to the great commercial and manufacturing industry of the country."

The provision market has been quiet during the week, although a fair trade on orders has been reported. Advices from Liverpool have had the effect to advance lard, and the market closes firm at 19½@19¾c. The 11:15 Liverpool dispatch to-day quoted lard 73s., mess pork 87s. At Cincinnati 19¼ was asked for lard and 19c offered. The Chicago market is reported dull and unchanged. Mess pork $29 25. Lard 19¼@19½c. The New York World of the 10th says:

The weakness noticed in our last report was still greater to-day, and holders found it impossible to realize except at some concession. For mess pork in a wholesale way, the market was at a complete standstill, buyers flatly refusing to operate at the rates demanded. Holders did not offer very freely but gradually reduced their views until at the close purchases could have been made at $29 50, the best bid standing at $29 25. Nothing for future delivery. The jobbing trade was less active, embracing only 250 bbls. at $29 25 for prime mess and $29 50@29 75 for mess. After 'Change, neither buyers or sellers were to be found, and the market closed entirely nominal.

The market for flour and grain has been only moderately active during the week, and closes quiet but not quotably lower, though in wheat there is little disposition to operate, and lower prices would seem to be inevitable. The New York Shipping List of the 9th says:

There is still a conspicuous irregularity in the market for State and Western flour, which, to some extent, militates against activity. Old and fresh ground from last season's spring wheat continues scarce and firm, while winter wheat grades, of which the bulk of the supply consists, remain depressed and relatively cheap. Of the desirable kinds the local and coastwise trade have bought freely, but for export there has been little or no business, beyond light purchases of low grade spring wheat extras for the British Provinces. The receipts, though somewhat larger, are backward for the period of the year owing to the general lack of profits on milling operations for some time past, which checks the production, particularly in this State. The arrivals of the high grades of Western, particularly those from winter wheat, has for some months past been in excess of the consumption, and a curtailment of the product of this description would seem to be necessary for a restoration of the equilibrium of prices. California flour is very dull, and prices, except for the choicest brands via the Isthmus, which are scarce, tend downward. The wheat market continues irregular, and prices of spring and red winter are a shade easier under the decline at Liverpool, which rules out exports, and a continued light milling demand. The receipts have been moderate, giving holders of spring the advantage, till the break in the English market, which, with the large supplies near at hand, reversed the tendency of prices. The quantity of wheat concentrating at the Lake ports, particularly at Chicago and Milwaukee, is very large, exceeding, indeed, anything on record in previous years, and as the shipments thence to the seaboard are equal to the full capacity of existing transportation facilities, we may look for a rapid augmentation of stock during the next ninety days. The effect of this prospective heavy influx of grain upon the market will be determined by the course of prices in England and the ruling of ocean freights.

The whisky market continues irregular and the price of raw declined to-day, with sales at $1 30, tax paid. The market is very irregular, and it is difficult to watch the ebb and flow of prices so as to give exact quotations, and this condition of the market will continue until the distilleries are in operation. We are glad to know that the celebrated Woodford distillery, under the proprietorship of Messrs. Dorn & Barkhouse, will go into operation next week, and, with a capacity of sixty barrels per day, will contribute to relieve the market somewhat of its dependence upon Cincinnati. A writer in the Philadelphia Age, under the signature of "A Schuylkill County Distiller," is of the opinion that the present whisky law of Congress will result no better than the one recently repealed, he says: * * *

Distillers who were sincere and honest, at last proved to Congress clearly enough to set that body in motion, that a reduction to fifty cents a gallon would insure the collection of every dollar honestly, and increase the revenue from that source. Here Congress should have stopped, and collected the tax periodically, under the distiller's oath, as was the case while whisky was taxed sixty cents a gallon; then all would have been accomplished that could have been desirable, both for the government and the people interested in distilling. But no! judging from their own dishonest motives of the majority of that body itself, and the dishonesty it had infused into the body politic, by oppressive laws, everybody's honesty was suspected, and the law of the Fortieth Congress was confused with absurd and unconscionable appendages, which are sure to make it less remunerative than the former law; and as long as this law, so burdened down, exists, illicit distillation will furnish the large body of the whisky. The law on tobacco is very little if any more remunerative, and will certainly defeat its object, as much so as that on whisky.

Had the subject been given to the inmates of a mad-house, it is questionable whether a more absurd and criminal abortion could have been produced than the Schenck bill.

We have no transactions to report in cotton. The regular auction sales will commence about the 1st of October, and a large season's business is expected. Transactions in this market last season were uniformly satisfactory to planters, and the facilities of our factors for storage and the light charges cannot fail to influence large shipments.

The 3 P. M. Liverpool dispatch to-day reported the market declining, with sales of 10,000 bales of uplands at 10⅛d, Orleans 10½d.

The New York 11:55 dispatch reported cotton dull and nominal. Receipts of the week 125 bales. Gross receipts, 2,270 bales. Sales of the week, 7,300 bales. Exports 1,500 bales, stock 12,000 bales. Receipts of the week at all the United States ports, 11,500 bales.

The 1:45 dispatch reported cotton very dull and unsettled, and accurate quotations cannot be given. Sales to-day of 500 bales, nominally at 26½c for ordinary, 27½c for good, 28½c for low middling, 29c for middling uplands, 29½c for good middle, 30½c for Mobile, and 30¾c for New Orleans. Middle uplands offered to arrive within a week at 25c.

Messrs. W. P. Wright & Co.'s cotton circular, per Java, says:

In this market the tendency has been toward lower prices. Sellers have shown more desire to meet buyers; and though our quotations show only a decline of 1½c per lb since this day week, sales have been made at a great reduction. Cottons from the dock and to arrive are offered freely at a still lower range of prices. Contracts for delivery in November have been made at 25c for middling; in December, at 24c. The sales for the week have been 9,000 bales, the bulk of which has been taken for domestic consumption and by speculators. Exporters have done little, the decline in Liverpool causing them to act with caution. The clearances have been for Liverpool, per steamers Cuba, 75; Minnesota, 1,293; City of Paris, 316; Virginia, 311. Total for Great Britain, 2,004. Havre, steamer Pereire, 386; ship Thomas Dunham, 20. Bremen, steamer Deutschland, 44. Total 2,325. The unsettled freight engagements amount to 500, all for Liverpool. Freights very dull at 5-32d 3-16d per lb. The Southern markets begin to show more activity. The business so far is almost entirely on Northern account. At the interior markets business is quite lively for so early a period of the season. Planters are willing sellers, and are pushing cotton in as fast as they can to avail themselves of the current quotations. Some of them are selling for future delivery. Receipts for four days at all the ports, 4,000 bales. Our comparison is with a whole week last year and year before. Since Friday the receipts are quite liberal for so early in the season. We look for large arrivals during this month. The crop is early, prices satisfactory. Planters are free sellers. Exports—The clearances for the week have all been from this city. Prices in the South are too high for the execution of European orders. During the past week we have had, by mail, more unfavorable accounts of the growing crop—complaints of too much rain, damage by worms, shedding of bolls, &c. These have been pretty general from Alabama, Southwestern Georgia, and Florida. We have also had accounts from some of the counties in Texas, where it is said the army worm is at work. We find, however, in the letters and papers very little specification of actual damage, except in some localities from boll-worms, but the promise of plenty in the future. We think the accounts, taken as a whole, are less favorable than they were two weeks ago, and believe, however, that the actual extent of injury is more prospective than real. Telegrams from Montgomery, Ala., of the 3d inst., report "the damage by worms and rain is not so great as was anticipated." From other sections of the cotton region the accounts continue of a favorable nature.

We note a sharp advance in nails, and dealers to-day are holding 10d, in 100 keg lots, at $5. Iron was quotably unchanged to-day, but the probabilities are that an early advance will be established. The Pittsburg Commercial of the 11th says:

At a meeting of the manufacturers of iron and nails, held at the rooms of the Iron Association, on Water street, yesterday afternoon, the price of nails was fixed at $5 per keg from ten-penny to a sixty-penny, card rates, cash, within ten days for lots of one hundred kegs and upwards. From three and three-quarter cents, card rates, sixty days, or three per cent. off for cash within ten days. This is really no advance, being the rates established last March. The action of the Convention, which was large and well represented by the entire interest West, was to affirm the rates established last March, which rates had not been maintained, and are not now remunerative. The disposition of the Convention being to maintain their trade at the manufacturers' points, even at a loss. From present indications higher prices for iron and nails are likely to prevail before very long, and we would advise our country friends to send in their orders immediately.

STORAGE RECEIPTS.—We noticed as an evidence of progress in the business affairs of the city that H. A. Dumesnil, Esq., has opened an extensive storage house at Nos. 43 and 45 Fourth street, and that upon produce and merchandise stored with in warehouse receipts will be given, upon which cash advances can be obtained at the banks. This arrangement, we think, will greatly facilitate business, and will doubtless be appreciated by those having goods to store.

Weekly Review of the Market.

APPLES—Receipts during the week have been more than equal to the demand, and the market is well supplied at from $3 to $5 per bush, according to quality.

BAGGING AND ROPE—Transactions for planters' and factors' account have in the aggregate been about up to the expectation of dealers, and prices have been firmly maintained, though concessions for round lots have been made. Sales to-day were of limited importance; one round lot was reported on private terms. The market may be regarded as a shade weaker, with a disposition to make slight concessions to effect sales. We quote heavy 2-lb bagging, various brands, at 21½ to 24c; flax bagging, various brands, at 22½ to 24c; 1½-pound Kentucky bagging at 15½ to 17c; India bagging at 24 to 25c. ROPE—Machine rope is selling at 9 to 9½c; band rope 8c.

BATTING—The market is steady and stocks are ample. We quote No. 1 at 30 to 32c; No. 2 26 to 28c.

BEESWAX—Is in good request at from 33 to 37c, according to quality and quantity.

BUTTER—Country butter is in fair supply and prices are steady at 26 to 30c on arrival, according to quality.

BELTING—Stocks of various qualities are ample. We quote leather belting: 4 inch 30c, 8 inch 67c, and 12 inch at $1.

BROOMS—Prices are steady. We quote common $2 25 to $2 50; Shaker $3 50 to $3 75; fancy range from $3 50 to $4 per doz.

BOOTS AND SHOES—Stocks are large, embracing the widest range of quality and style. The trade during the week has been unusually active, and transactions have been of a magnitude equal to the best years in the past. Prices range about the same as last season, and are firm, under every indication that they will be fully maintained during the season. Such, at least, is the tenor of advices from Eastern markets.

COOPERAGE—Manufacturers are seasonably active and prices are firm. We quote:

Iron hoop Bourbon barrels	$2 60
Wood hoop (16 hoop) High Wine bbls	2 10
Oil barrels	2 50
Pork barrels	1 30 to 1 40
Lard tierces	1 50 to 1 75
Ham tierces	60 to 80
Bacon hhds	1 75 to 2 00
Queensware tierces	95
Flour barrels	55
Half Whisky barrels, iron hoop	1 50
" " " wood hoop	1 00
Ten gallon Whisky kegs	1 15
Five gallon Whisky kegs	1 00

COOPERSTUFFS—The market is unchanged. We quote:

Barrel poles, per 100	$12 00 to 15 00
Hogshead poles, per 100	22 00 to 26 00
Barrel staves, rough, per 100	18 00 to 25 00
Barrel staves, dressed, per 100	25 00 to 35 00
Hogshead staves, rough per 100	30 00 to 35 00

CEMENT—Is in fair demand and firm at $1 75 to 2 per bbl.

COTTON YARNS—The demand has been of moderate importance during the week and the stocks are ample. Prices of standard yarns are steady; occasional transactions in outside brands are reported at reduced figures. We quote standard brands: No. 500 at 20 to 22c; No. 600 at 18 to 20c; No. 700 at 16 to 18c. CARPET CHAIN—45 to 50c for white and 50 to 55c for colored. CANDLEWICK steady at 42 to 45c. POUND YARNS are selling at 40@42c.

CORN MEAL—Sales of bolted meal are reported at $1 05, loose, and of kiln-dried at $5@5 25 per bbl, packed.

CORDAGE—Prices have undergone but slight quotable change. We quote Manilla at 23@24c; cotton rope, 40@45c; India, 15@17c, and hemp at 10c to 15c.

COAL—We have no change to report. Stocks are ample and dealers are selling Pittsburg afloat at 14c per barge load, and supplying the city trade at $4 50 per load of 25 bushels. Pomeroy is about 2c per bush below Pittsburg.

CHEESE—There is a fair demand for factory cheese, and prices are firm at 17@18c per lb. Western Reserve is nominal; pineapple and English dairy are in very light supply. We note light stocks of nutmeg cheese at 25c per lb.

DRIED FRUIT—Receipts as yet are light and find ready sale, but prices are irregular and the market unsettled. We quote dried apples at 8 to 9c; dried peaches, quarters, 9 to 10c; halves, 11 to 12c; peeled peaches, 20c per lb.

DRY GOODS—There have been a large number of Arkansas and Texas buyers in the market during the week, and the volume of trade has been very large. Stocks are large in every description of domestic and fancy goods, and prices and terms have been highly satisfactory to buyers. We quote:

BROWN SHEETING AND SHIRTING.	
Appleton A	17
Great Western	16@16½
Anchor	16
Penn Mills	16
Laurel Hill	16
Macon	18
Tallahassee	16@16½
Osnaburgs 7-8	20
do 4-4	25
Pepperell E fine	17
do R	17
do O	16
do N	15
BLEACHED.	
Blackstone	17
Hope	17
Langdon 36 in	18
do 33 in	16
Lonsdale	20
Wamsutta	28
New York Mills	29
Pepperell, 6-4	35
do 7-4	40
do 9-4	47½
do 10-4	57½
do 11-4	62½
TICKINGS.	
Conestoga	30
do extra	35
Everett	35
STRIPES.	
Amoskeag	25
Albany	—
American	16
BROWN DRILLS.	
Pepperell	18
Stark	18
Winthrop	17
DENIMS.	
Ogden A Brown	20
Albany blue	13
Amoskeag	28½
GINGHAMS.	
Glasgow	17½
Hartford	17
Lancaster	18
Scotch	20@25
PRINTED DELAINES.	
Armures	22½
Hamilton	22
Pacific Manuf'g	22

CAMBRICS.	
Portland	11
Victoria	11½
Washington	12½
Manville	12½
PAPER CAMBRICS.	
English	14½
S S & Sons	14½
PRINTS.	
Allens	13½
American	13½
Amoskeag	12½
Arnolds	12½
Cocheco	13½
Dunnells	13½
Dunnells A	14
Hamilton	13½
London Mourn'g	13½
Lancaster	13½
Merrimac D	13½
do W	13½
Pacific	13½
Richmonds	13½
Sprague's Frocks	14
Sprague's Fancy	13½
Victory	10½
Wamsutta	10
Bedford	9½
CORSET JEANS.	
Bates	16½
Naumkeag	16½
do Sateen	18
Pepperell	14
SPOOL COTTON.	
Clark's 6-cord	$1 10
do enameled	90
J & P Coats'	1 10
Stafford Bros	85
Willamantic 6 cd	85
do enameled	70
Brooks	1 00
Green & Daniels	85
Orr & McNaught	1 00
Stewart's	75
WORSTED BRAIDS.	
Common colors	75
High Colors No. 53	75
CANTON FLANNEL.	
Hamilton, brown	25
Naumkeag	22½
JEANS.	
Kentucky	35@80
Eastern	25@50

DRUGS—There has been a large trade in this department during the week, and the stocks of the various houses fully maintain the reputation of Louisville as the largest drug market West of the mountains. We quote:

Alum, lb	$ 5½ to 6
Calomel, lb	1 10 to 1 15
Camphor, lb	1 20 to 1 35
Cochineal, lb	1 50 to 1 60
Chloroform, lb	1 75 to 2 00
Copperas, bbls, lb	2½ to 3
Copperas, kegs, lb	3 to 3½
Cream Tartar, pure, lb	52 to 56
Gum Opium, lb	12 50 to 13 00
Indigo, lb	1 50 to 1 65
Licorice, calab, lb	45 to 48
Magnesia, carb., 2 oz, lb	48 to 50
Morphine, P. & W., oz	9 60 to 9 75
Madder, lb	21 to 23
Oil, castor, No. 1, gal	2 65
Oil, cod, gal	1 35 to 1 50
Oil, olive, gal	2 50 to 3 50
Oil, sperm, gal	3 00 to 3 25
Oil, tanners', gal	95 to 1 00
Oil, bergamot, lb	7 50 to 8 50
Oil, Cassia, lb	4 25 to 4 50
Oil, lemon, lb	4 50 to 5 00
Quinine, p. & W. oz	2 75
Rosin, bbl	4 75 to 6 50
Soap, castile, Fr	24 to 25
Soda, bicarb. Newcastle, casks, lb	8 to 8½
Soda, bicarb. American, casks, lb	7½ to 8
Soda, sal, lb	5 to 5½
Soda, ash, lb	5½ to 6
Salt, epsom, lb	5 to 6
Snuff, mac, lb	80 to 85
Snuff, Garrett's, packs, gross	16 50
Snuff, Garrett's, bottles, doz	4 25 to 4 50
Sulphur, flor, lb	7½ to 8
Sulphur, roll, lb	6 to 7
Saltpeter, comml, lb	8½ to 10
Saltpeter, pure, lb	20 to 25
Turpentine, bbls, gal	55
Turpentine, cans, gal	65
Venetian red, English, bbls, lb	4½
Venetian red, English, kegs, lb	5 to 5½

EGGS—Receipts are fair for the season, and dealers are paying 14 to 14½c per dozen in bbl loss.

FLAXSEED—Is in good demand, and prime commands $2 35 on arrival. Inferior commands from $2 to $2 05.

FEATHERS—Are in good demand and a fine article commands 75c, with occasional transactions at 76c, for strictly choice lots.

FOREIGN FRUIT—Lemons are dull at $8@10 per box. We quote layer raisins at $4 65@4 80. Figs at 16 to 18c. Canned peaches 2 lbs at $4@4 25, and firmer.

FLOUR—The market was rather quiet to-day, with a light city demand; sales of 250 bbls No. 1 reported at $10 50, and 100 bbls various grades at quotations. We quote fine at $5@6 50; superfine $6 50@7 00; extra at $7 50@7 75; extra family $8 75@9 25; No. 1 $10@10 50; fancy $11@11 75; rye flour $8 25@8 50.

FISH—There is a fair demand for mackerel, and prices are firm. We quote No. 1 barrels at $25@23 00; No. 2 $18@20 00; No. 3 $14@14 50; No. 1 kitts $3 65@3 80; No. 2 $2 50@2 40; No. 3 $1 80@1 90. White fish $8 50@8 75.

GROCERIES—The market, since our last weekly review, has exhibited no new features. The demand for sugars and coffee has been fair, and a seasonable trade has been reported. Sugars are reported higher in Eastern markets, and if the advance is maintained higher quotations here may be expected. As yet, however, merchants are selling at about last week's quotations; sales to-day embrace 250 bags Rio coffee at 21 to 25c for common to prime. 500 bbls refined sugars on basis of 17c for hard and 50 hhds Demarara and Porto Rico on the basis of 13½c for choice Demarara. We quote Demarara at 13½@15c. Porto Rico—choice, 13½@15c, good 13½@14c, common 12½@13c. Cuba—choice, 14@15c, good 13½@14c, common 12½@13c, hard 16½@17½c. Coffee sugars range from 15 to 16½c for A's, B's, extra C's, and circle C's. COFFEE is steady at from 21 to 26½c for common to strictly choice grades of Rio. Laguayra 25@26c. Java 37@40c. SYRUPS—choice $1@1 10; Baltimore 60@65c, according to size of package, N. O. molasses, 80@1 for bbls and half bbls, molasses syrups at 50@60c.

GRAIN—There has been only a moderate business done in grain during the week. Corn continues firm at 93 to 95c shelled and in bulk according to quality from store; ear corn is steady at 95c from store. Dealers are paying from wagons 85 to 87c. Oats are firm at 52½ to 55c from store, and 45 to 47c from wagons. Rye is steady at $1 25 to $1 30 on arrival. Wheat is quiet, with a very light demand, and commands from $1 80 to $2 05 for fine to strictly choice samples of red and amber. A sale of red No. 2 at $1 88 is reported, but dealers generally regard it as above the market. We note sales of 250 bags barley malt, old, at $2 10. Barley is steady at $2 25 to $2 75 for various grades of old and new, and malt ranges from $2 10 to $2 75 per bush.

GUNNY BAGS—The demand is light and prices steady at quotations that have ruled for some time past. We quote: 21@22c in bales and 22@23½c for resewed.

GRAIN BAGS—Are in good demand with light stocks and prices are firm. We quote 2 bushel stock at 32@35c, 2½ bushel do at 40@45c, 3 bushel at 48@50c, Union A 2 bushel 35@37c, Jute 25@35c, Union B 25@30c.

GINSENG—Receipts continue seasonably liberal and meet with ready sale at 85c per lb.

HOPS—Are in good demand and a shade lower. We quote Wisconsin and New York at 32c.

HIDES—Receipts are light but fair for the season and prices are steady. We quote dry flint 20c, dry salted 18@19c, green salted 9@11c, green hides 8@9½c.

HAY—Prices have stiffened during the week, and sales have been made at $14@14 50 on the levee, and $15@16 from store—the market closing firm.

IRON AND STEEL—Prices are firm, and the tendency is to higher quotations. The demand is seasonably active. We quote:

Bar lb, S. C.	3 a3½	Steel—	
Bar lb, C. C.	4½a5	Cast per lb	20 a25
Hoop coopers	5½a6¼	American blis	12 a13
Sheet	5 a6½	German	15 a20
Boiler	6 a8½	Plow slabs	10 a12
Nail-rod	10 a11	Iron plow w'gs	6 a 6½
Found'y cast'gs	4 a5½	Steel do	11 a12½

IRON PIG—Receipts of the week amounts to ——. Prices are firm with a good demand. We quote mill iron at $36 and foundry $30@40 per ton, according to quality. Tennessee iron, cold blast, $43@45; Red river car wheel iron, $55@58 per ton.

IRON COTTON TIES—The demand is improving, and sales are made in jobbing lots at from 7 to 7½c.

LEATHER—Prices firm and stocks are ample. We quote oak sole 44@45c, Hemlock sole 30@35c, Buffalo slaughter 34@37c, harness 42@46c, skirting 44@48c, French calf $40@90 per doz., domestic calf $1 50@1 75.

LEAD AND SHOT—Prices are steady. We quote bar lead at 10½@11; patent shot at $3@3 10 per bag.

LUMBER—The market is steady with fair supplies in the yards. We quote:

Pine lumber, plain 1 inch, per M	$ 70 00
do 1½ and 2 inches	75 00
Second rate, 1 inch	55 00
1½ and 2 inch	60 00
Third rate	40 00
Common pine lumber	18 00@20 00
Hemlock lumber	15 00
Poplar	20 00@30 00
Flooring, clear and second rate	[illegible]@65 00
Third rate	45 00
Common	35 00
Hemlock flooring	30 00
Siding and weather-boarding, third rate, rough, per M	25 00
Third rate, dressed, per M	30 00
Shingles—18 inch, No. 1 pine, per M	7 00
16 inch	6 00
16 inch poplar, per M	4 00

MANUFACTURED TOBACCO—The market is steady, and all the standard brands of Virginia, Kentucky and Missouri are in good supply. We quote

Virginia extra lbs, in fancy pkgs	$1 05@1 20
Virginia fine bright	95@1 05
Virginia medium bright	75@ 90
Virginia com'n and mah'ny (new)	65@ 75
Virginia fine light pressed, & 12-9 inch	1 05@1 25
Virginia medium light pressed	85@ 90
Virginia fancy roll and twist	95@1 00
Virginia pancake and ig	1 00@1 20
Kentucky fine bright, lbs	70@ 75
Kentucky medium and mahogany	60@ 65
Kentucky common, lbs, sound	40@ 60
Kentucky & Missouri ½ lbs & 16s, bright	65@ 70
Kentucky & Missouri ½ lbs & 10s, med	65@ 70
Kentucky black swt, ½ lbs and long 10s	60@ 65
Kentucky navy, ½ lbs, in caddies	65@ 70
Kentucky navy, lbs, in butts	60@ 68
Kentucky, old stock, lbs	40@

SMOKING TOBACCO.

Kentucky long fine-cut	22@ 36
" killikinick, common	28@
" " bright	70@ 80
Virginia in fancy small packages	50@1 50
Lone Jack, fancy	1 45@1 50
Brown Dick, fancy	95@1 00
Big lick, in lbs, ½s and ¼s	70@ 80
Other favorite brands	45@ 70

NAILS—Prices have advanced at Pittsburg and Wheeling, and the market here is stronger; 10d in 100 keg lots are held at $5, and at $5 05 to $5 25 in jobbing lots.

ONIONS—Receipts are light, and prices are firm at $3 to $3 50 per bbl.

OFFAL—Prices are steady, and there is a good demand, and we quote bran at 20 to 22c; shorts $5 to 28; ship stuff $28 to 30; middlings $32 to 34.

PEACHES—Receipts continue liberal and prices range from $1 to $2 50 per bushel, according to quality.

POTATOES—Dealers are paying $2 25 per bbl loose, but farmers are selling some superfine qualities at $2 50; sales from store are made at $2 75 to $3.

PROVISIONS—The market for lard continues firm and sales were made to-day at 19½@19¾c; mess pork is held firm at $29 25@29 50, with light sales; bacon is weaker and the demand is light. The sales to-day were unimportant; prices ranged 13½@13¾c for shoulders, 16½@16¾c for clear rib sides, and 17@17½c for clear sides; hams are steady at 18½@19c for plain, and 21c for sugar cured, and light sales are reported.

RAGS—We quote 4½ to 5c for cotton; and from ½ to 1c per lb. for woolen.

SEEDS—Clover is firm at $9 00 to $9 25; and timothy at $3 to $3 25 per bushel, with a good demand.

SALT—Stocks are fair and prices firm. We quote Kanawha and Ohio river salt at $3 30 to $3 50 per bbl for 7 bushel bbls; $2 65 to $2 85 for 280-pound bbls, or 47½ to 50c per bushel; dairy salt $3 25 to $3 50 per bbl.

SOAP—We quote No. 1 German 9@9½c; No. 2, 8½@9c; rosin soap, 7@7½c; palm, 7½a8c.

SPIRITS—Stocks are fair and prices firm. We quote:

Brandy, gal. imported	$9 00a18 00
Do American	2 50a4 00
Gin, Holland	5 00a8 00
Do American	2 50a3 00
Rum, Jamaica	6 00a8 50
N. E. Rum	1 90a2 50
Apple Brandy	3 50
Peach Brandy	3 50a4 00

TIN PLATE AND TINNERS' STOCK—The demand is active at full prices:

Tin plate, I C, per box	$14 50
Do I X	17 50
Do I C, roofing	14 00
Do I X, roofing	17 00
Do D X	19 00
Do I C, 14x20, b'gt	15 00
Copper sheet, per lb	38
Copper bottoms	46
Metallic bottoms	28
Hollowware, country	5
Block tin, pig	38a40
Lead, best pig	11¼

TWINE—We quote cotton twine at 50@75; hemp 25@35c; paper 25@35c; baling twine 19@20c.

TALLOW—Dealers are paying 11½a12c per lb, according to quality. Grease ranges from 8½ to 9c at the soap factories.

TIN PLATE—We quote I. C. at $14 50 per box.

VINEGAR—We quote whisky and cider vinegar firm at 20@25c, grape 35c, and wine $1 per gallon.

WOODENWARE—Stocks are only moderately large and prices are steady. We quote:

No. 1 tub doz	$12 00@13 00
No. 2 do	10 00@10 50
No. 3 do	9 00@ 9 50
Buckets, painted	2 50@ 2 65
Cedar, iron bound	6 50@ 7 00
Brass bound	12 00@13 00
Churns, No. 1	12 00@12 50
do No. 2	11 00@11 50
do No. 3	9 00@10 50

WHISKY—Prices of new declined to-day, and sale of 50 bbls was reported at $1 30, tax paid, and 50 bbls new, copper, at $1, in bond. We quote: Raw, tax paid, at $1 30; rectified at $1 10@1 25; new copper, two to six months old, at $1@1 25, in bond; one year old, $1 25@1 50, in bond; two years old, $1 75@2 25, in bond; three years old copper, $2 50@3, in bond. Whisky more than three years old commands fancy figures.

WOOL—The market is steady, with light receipts. Unwashed commands 25@28c and tubwashed 42@45c for fair to strictly fair Kentucky wool.

FREIGHTS.

Railroad freights to points South are as follows, and are far cheaper and quicker than the seaboard routes to Charleston, Savannah, Wilmington, and Augusta:

	1st class.	2d.	3d.	4th.
Atlanta and Rome	$1 74	1 43	1 18	91
Augusta	2 15	1 74	1 42	1 00
Macon	2 05	1 69	1 41	1 02
Columbus	2 17	1 75	1 43	1 00
Montgomery	2 17	1 75	1 43	1 00
West Point	2 07	1 70	1 41	1 09
Knoxville	1 21	1 00	90	74
Charleston	2 36	1 77	1 25	94
Eufaula	....	....	1 84	....
Fort Gaines	....	....	1 84	....
Georgetown	....	....	1 84	....
Milledgeville	2 08	1 70	1 41	1 04
Wilmington	2 36	1 77	1 35	94

Bacon to Eufaula, Fort Gaines and Georgetown is taken at $1 32 per 100 lbs., and to the other new points as fourth class freights.

The joint freight tariffs of the Memphis and Louisville railroad line and the Tennessee Packet company are as follows, to all points on the Tennessee river above Danville to Florence and below Danville to Paducah:

First Class—75 cents per 100 lbs.
Second Class—70 cents per 100 lbs.
Third Class—60 cents 100 lbs.

SPECIAL RATES.

Bacon, pork, beef and nails, per 100 lbs	50c
Grain, per 100 lbs	30c
Flour, per bbl	75c
Tobacco in hogsheads, per 100 lbs	55c
Salt, per bbl (small)	75c
" " (large)	95c
Plaster, cement and lime, per bbl	75c
Hay, per ton	$9
Rough and dressed lumber, per 1,000 feet	$9
Cotton, per bale	$2
Horses, each, less than car load	$12

CAR LOAD RATES.

Salt, cement, plaster, lime, pig iron, rough and dressed lumber, hay, ice and boilers, per car	$44
Live stock, agricultural implements, new furniture, movables and machinery, per car	$60

Freight to New Orleans and way points by river are as follows:

Articles.	Way.	Through.
Pound Freight	60	50
Light Freight	70	60
Corn, per Sack	40	30
Whisky	2 50	2 00
Oil	2 00	1 50
Flour	1 00	75
Potatoes	1 00	75
Apples and Onions	1 00	75
Molasses	1 00	75
Pork and Beef	1 25	1 00
Ale and Beer Barrels	1 25	1 00
Ale and Beer ½ Barrels	75	60
Oats	50	40
Hay	12 00	10 00
Horses, large lot	12 00	10 00
Mules	9 00	8 00

Louisville Live Stock Market.

SHELBY HOUSE STOCK YARD—GEORGE DIRCH, PROPRIETOR.

SATURDAY, Sept. 12.

CATTLE—Good butcher cattle are brisk at 4½ to 5c; choice extra from 5 to 5½c; common and inferior are ranging from 3 to 3½c, with but few on the market.

HOGS—The market has been tolerably well supplied for the last day or two, with prices ranging from 9½ to 10½c for good well-fatted hogs. Stock hogs selling for 7½@8c.

SHEEP—The market is very good for sheep of all grades; good butcher sheep are selling from 3½ to 3¾c gross; common and rough for $2 50@2 75 per head. Good lambs are selling for $2@3 25 per head; common are selling for $2@2 50 per head.

About 150 hogs and 25 cattle were left over unsold.

RECEIPTS—For the week—Cattle, 367; hogs, 403; sheep, 591—Total, 1,361.

SOUTHERN STOCK YARD......DONALDSON & THOMAS, SEPTEMBER 12, 1868.

CATTLE—During the fore part of the week the market was a shade better, but with full supplies since prices drooped. We quote common at 2½ to 3½c; fair to good, 4 to 5c, and choice, 5¼ to 5¾c per pound gross. No supplies on the market.

HOGS—Have declined since our last report fully 75c per cwt. We quote light stock hogs at 7 to 7½c; fair to good butchers' stock at 8½ to 9½c, and choice at 10 to 10½c per pound gross. About 100 head remain unsold.

SHEEP—Are in good demand; common $1 50 to $2 per head; fair to good, 3 to 3½c per pound gross. Lambs, $1 50 to $2 75 per head.

Horse and Mule Market.

The following are the sales made by Elias Levi at his auction and sale stable, Seventh and Market streets, for the week ending Sept., 12, 1868.

1 bay horse, $25 50; 1 black horse, $35; 1 horse, buggy and harness, $115; 1 brown horse, $40 50; 1 buggy and harness, $84 50; 1 dun mare, $35; 1 spring wagon, $31 50; 1 black mare, $42 50; 1 bay pony, $40; 1 bay horse, $40; 1 two-seat buggy, $140; 1 open buggy, $110; 1 buggy, $70; 1 iron gray horse, $36 50; 1 brown mare, $31; 1 sorrel horse, $34 50; 1 black horse, $85; 1 dun horse, $30; 1 bay colt $40; 1 set harness, $8 75; 1 bay mare, $22; 1 brown horse, $63 50; 1 bay mare, $40; 1 bay horse, $30; 1 sorrel horse, $30; 1 brown mare, $36 50; 1 sorrel mare, $40; 1 bay horse, $35; 1 set harness, $11; 1 black horse, $51; 1 brown horse, $40; 1 buggy, $130; 1 open buggy, $34 50; 1 pair gray horses, $280; 1 spring wagon, $35; 1 black mare, $37 50; 1 bay mare, $18 50; 1 bay colt, $9; 1 blind horse, $14; 1 brown colt, $58 50; 1 wagon, $5 50; 1 gray mare, $39 50; 1 sorrel horse, $30 50; 1 buggy, $110.

Louisville Leaf Tobacco Market.

The market during the past week has been quiet. The current tobacco year is drawing to a close, and receipts are light. Stocks are reduced and offerings have been of limited magnitude. The prospects for a large crop in Kentucky have been very flattering—estimated at 80,000 hhds. The continuous rains of the past ten days, it is feared, will have an injurious effect upon the quality of the leaf, and a large portion of the crop is still exposed to the chances of an early frost. Prices are a shade better for common leaf, and the sales to-day indicate that buyers and factors were apart in their views.

	Receipts.	Shipments.
September 4	3,372	8,948
September 5	1,372	2,864
September 7	531	416
September 8	2,429	1,344
September 9	4,410	4,385
September 10	2,776	not rec'd.
Total	16,790	17,957

Trade under this head continues active, particularly for the better grades, and for such prices rule firm and steady. Common and inferior lots ruled quiet and easy at previous quotation. At the close nothing but inferior and common grades remain over unsold. The receipts were 2,776 head, and the sales 3,611 head, at the range of from $7 to 8 for stockers, $8 50 to 8 75 for common, $9 to 9 50 for fair to medium, and $9 75 to 10 50 for good to choice lots.

We continue to quote:

Lugs, common	6½	to	7½
Lugs, good	8	to	9
Leaf, common	9½	to	10½
Leaf, medium	12	to	13
Leaf, good	14	to	16
Leaf, fine and selections	17	to	20
Leaf, cutting, good to fine	18	to	25
Leaf, fancy and wrappers	25	to	50

The sales for the current tobacco year amount to 27,929 hhds, as follows:

	Hhds.
Pickett warehouse	9,238
Louisville warehouse	7,066
Ninth-street warehouse	6,439
Boone warehouse	5,240
	27,929

Sales to-day amounted to 28 hhds, with rejection of bids on 29 hhds. The Pickett House sold 1 hhd Trimble county cutting at $17 for 100 pounds. Prices ranged as follows: 1 hhd at $17, 1 at $12, 2 at $11@11 75, 8 at $10@10 75, 5 at $9@9 95, 5 at $8 25@8 95, 4 at $7 30@7 55, 1 at $6 90, 1 at $5 10.

CATTLE MARKETS BY MAIL.

CHICAGO—From the Republican, September 11: BEEF CATTLE—The following are the receipts and shipments of beef cattle to-day, and for the week ending to-night, according to reports furnished by the Secretary of the Union Stock Yards and Transit Company:

	Receipts.	Shipments.
Sept. 4	822	616
Sept. 5	459	112
Sept. 7	967	
Sept. 8	2,971	846
Sept. 9	1,866	1,317
Sept. 10	1,619	not rec'd.
Total	8,704	2,881

The market for cattle to-day was again quiet, and buyers and sellers were apart in their views. There were a few operators in attendance, including city butchers, and Detroit, Cleveland, Buffalo, and Pittsburg men. The former purchased cows and light, fleshy steers, and the latter took a few bunches of light to good shipping steers at a decline of about 15 to 20c per 100 pounds on the current range of values on yesterday. The receipts were 1,619 head, and the sales 1,273 head, at prices ranging from $3 50 to $6 75 for common cows to choice shipping steers. At the close the market is dull and weak with a large number of common to medium grades in the pens unsold.

BEEF CATTLE SALES TO-DAY.

No.		Av.	Price.
22	butchers' cattle	779	$3 87½
8	good cows	908	4 12½
17	fair shipping steers	1187	5 50
34	fair shipping steers	1134	5 25
71	good shipping steers	1157	5 75
18	good shipping steers	1042	5 50
33	choice shipping steers	1200	6 75
18	good butchers' cattle	895	4 37½
70	good butchers' cattle	1094	5 25
22	cows	890	4 00
21	cows	900	4 00
14	cows	1038	4 25
15	steers (per head)	1125	96 00
21	cows (per head)		21 00

CATTLE QUOTATIONS.

Extra Shipping Beeves—Smooth 4 to 6 year old steers averaging 1,300 lbs. and over	$6 75@7 00
Choice Beeves—Smooth fleshy steers of 1,100 lbs. and over	$6 25@6 50
Fair Grades—Steers of 1000 to 1200 lbs. in fair condition	$5 50@6 00
Medium Grades—Butcher's cows and light fleshy steers weighing 900 lbs. and over	$4 50@5 25
Common Grades—Coarse oxen, rough Inferior Stock—Light rough cows and steers	$3 25@3 00

HOGS—The receipts and shipments of hogs today and for the week ending to-night, are as follows:

SHEEP—The receipts to-day were 693 head. Trade in this department was miserably dull today. The pens were filled, and prices were dull and unsettled, closing with a strong downward tendency. About 906 head changed hands, including 33 choice, averaging 97 lbs, at $4; 193 good, averaging 90 lbs, at $3; 103 do, averaging 94 lbs, at $3 50; 186 at 1 12½ each; 15 lambs at $2 50 each; 60 do at $2 each.

ST. LOUIS.—From the Republican of September 11th:

Transactions in cattle at the several live stock yards to-day, to say the least, has been very fair, and supplies also have been quite liberal and the offerings as a general thing have embraced an improved class of stock, and the market was moderately active and previous prices have been fully sustained.

Receipts to-day embraced 1,000 head, with sales of 532 at the following range: extra to choice qualities from $5 50 to $6; good to prime butcher's stock $4 75 to $5; medium to fair $4 to $4 25; inferior to common from $3to$3 50 per 100 lbs. gross. Cattle per head from $32 to $35.

Arrivals of sheep have been more liberal, with a better inquiry, and the market continues steady and without essential change.

Receipts include 872 head, with sales of 548 nearly at the following range: Good to prime grades from $3 50 to 4; medium to fair $1 75 to 2 90.

Hogs have been in better though not large supply, and all offerings comprising good qualities met with quick sales at previous rates.

Receipts number 599 head, with sales of 424 as follows: Extra to choice grades $8 75 to 9 75; good to prime from $8 to 8 50; medium to fair $7 25 to 7 75 per 100 lbs gross; store hogs we quote from $5 75 to 6 50.

NEW YORK—From the World, Sept. 10th:

BEEVES—The arrivals to-day, including 673 that were not reported yesterday or offered for sale, were 1,478 head—1,402 at One Hundredth street, 45 at Hudson City and 31 at Communipaw. There was nothing doing in beef cattle at Communipaw and very little at Hudson City. Coney & McPherson had an extra prime lot of 63 Kentucky steers that came on yesterday, 8¾c cwt., some of which they had sold at 17a17½c, and could take 17c per lb for the 40 head on hand, but wanted 17½c. A few other lots, mostly young State steers and heifers, mixed with dry cows and rough stags, were being peddled out to the few buyers of such stock that visited the yards at 10a12c per lb. The principal trade was at One Hundredth street, where the total supply including fresh arrivals, 250 State cattle held over since Monday, and a drove of 69 head brought over from Communipaw, was 1,721 head. Included in the offerings were several droves of prime to extra Kentucky and Ohio steers, of 8 to 8½ cwt., the tops of which sold at 17 to 17½c per lb; and some thin Illinois and Indiana cattle that were sold at 13c, giving a range of 13 to 17c per lb for very common to extra. The market was dull, especially for Wednesday, and although the top prices are fully up to the figures for the best stock sold on Monday, the general tone of the market was weak, and the average of prices for like quality about ¼c per lb lower.

There were shown in the yards 12 very choice grade Durhams, from the farm of ex-Senator J. B. Dutcher—part of 36 head sold by him to a butcher of this city on private terms—that would probably have brought more than 17½c per lb. They were bid to dress 10 cwt average.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Receipts to-day, 5,885 head—1,600 at Hudson City, 3,835 at Fortieth street and 450 at Communipaw. Lambs being in full supply, prices were hardly as firm as yesterday, although the superior quality of some of the lots enable us to report the same range of prices. Good sheep were selling quicker, and at a shade higher prices. Sheep sold by weight brought 4½@6⅝c per pound, but some culls were sold at lower prices, and one full lot of poor Ohio sheep, 53 lbs average, was sold at $2 per head, or a fraction less than 3¾c per lb. At Fortieth street, Hume & Elliott sold 181 State sheep, 82 lbs. average, at 5⅝c per lb.; 46 prime Canada do, 116 lbs average, at 6¼c; 123 State sheep at $4 50 per head, with 30 culls at $3 12½; also 332 State lambs, 53 to 59 lbs average, at 8¼c.

SWINE—Receipts 43 car loads, or about 5,100 hogs. The market was dull, and prices about ½c per lb lower—ranging from 9c to 11c per lb for common to prime. Sales include 1 car load of Michigan, 189 lbs average, at $9 62½; 1½ cars do, 190 lbs average, at $9 43¾c; 2 cars prime Iowa, 200 lbs average, at $11; 53 prime State, 226 lbs average, at $11; and 49 Canada, 179 lbs average, at $9 87½. Dressed sold at 12½ to 13½c.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

(MEMPHIS MARKET.)

MEMPHIS, Sept. 12.

COTTON—Dull and nominal; receipts 33 bales; exports 35 bales.

FLOUR—Nominal.

GRAIN—Wheat none. Corn 85c. Oats 65c.

HAY—$20.

BRAN—$20.

CORNMEAL—Nominal.

PROVISIONS—Pork $30. Lard 19@20c. Bacon dull; shoulders 13½c, clear sides 17½c.

PHILADELPHIA MARKET.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 12.

PETROLEUM—Dull; crude 15c; refined 30@31½c.

SEEDS—Clover $7 50a8. Flax $2 80.

FLOUR—Very dull; sales 800 bbls new spring wheat extra family at $9 50a10 25, old $10 50a11; winter $11 @12.

GRAIN—Wheat dull; red $2 20a2 30. Rye $1 60 for Western. Corn higher; sales 5,000 bush yellow at $1 30, mixed Western $1 21, damaged $1 20a1 25. Oats higher; sales 6,000 bush Western and Pennsylvania at 75a80c.

PROVISIONS—Unchanged.

CINCINNATI MARKET.

CINCINNATI Sept. 12.

FLOUR—Unchanged.

GRAIN—Wheat dull; No. 1 held at $1 98a2 00, but no demand of consequence; it can be bought at the river or on the tracks at $1 95. Corn is firmer at the close, and sold at $1 00 for both ear and shelled. Rye firmer, at $1 38a1 40 for No. 1—the latter rate in elevators. Oats firmer; No. 1 at 53a56c. Barley firm at $2 25a 2 30 for fall.

COTTON—Dull, and prices nominal. It can be bought at 25½a26c.

TOBACCO—Unchanged.

WHISKY—In but limited demand at 95c in bond.

PROVISIONS—Mess pork quiet; small sales at $29 00. Bulk meats dull, and prices nominally unchanged; shoulders held at 11½c, and sides at 14c. Bacon dull; shoulders at 13½a14c, and clear sides at $1 00. Sugar-cured hams, 20a21c. Lard dull; small sales at 19c, no demand in the large way.

BUTTER—Steady at 30a35c.

EGGS—17c.

SEEDS—Flax in demand at $2 50 for prime.

OILS—Linseed dull; jobbing sales at $1 14. Petroleum dull; refined at 30a33c.

GOLD—143¾ buying.

CHICAGO MARKET.

CHICAGO, Sept. 12.

FLOUR—Quiet and easy; about 3,000 barrels changed hands at $11 50a12 00 for winter extra, $7 75a8 75 for spring extras.

GRAIN—Wheat in fair shipping and speculative demand at a slight decline; sales at $1 60a1 61 for No. 1 and $1 54a1 55½ for No. 2; during the afternoon the market still further declined, and outside bids were $1 59½. Corn less active and easier; sales at 93½a 95½c for No. 1, 94a95½c for No. 2, closing at 92½c for 95½c bid in the afternoon for No. 1. Oats in good request by speculators and shippers; sales at 50½a 51½c for Nos. 1 and 2. Rye ruled steady at $1 21a 1 22 for No. 1, and $1 16a1 17 for No. 2, closing at $1 17½ for No. 1. Barley dull; closing at $1 55¼ for No. 2.

PROVISIONS—Not so firm. Mess pork sold at $29 50, and prime mess at $25. Bulk meats in fair demand; sales of short clear sides at 15½c, and 11c for rough sides, loose. Lard inactive.

FREIGHTS—Dull; engagements at 7c for oats, 8c for corn to Buffalo, by sail.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET.

NEW ORLEANS, Sept. 12.

COTTON—Fair demand at a decline; middling, 28c; sales 1,422 bales; receipts 329 bales.

FLOUR—Superfine firmer at $9 75a10; other grades are unchanged.

GRAIN—Corn steady at $1 15a1 17½. Oats dull at 80c.

HAY—Dull at $34 for prime Western.

BRAN—Dull at $1 50.

PROVISIONS—Mess pork quiet at $31 00. Bacon easier; shoulders 14¼, clear sides 18c. Lard firm; tierce 20¼c, keg 21½c.

NEW YORK DRY GOODS MARKET.

NEW YORK, Sept. 12.

Dry goods are generally steady and moderately active, particularly for woolen goods. Cotton goods are in less demand and a little depressed for plain bleached, and unbleached muslins are not quotably lower. Prints are irregular and Lancaster H is reduced to one shilling, with a discount on Monday. All regular makes of prints, such as American, Allens and Richmonds, are still steady and firm at 13c. Spragues and Pacific 13½c, Merrimac D 13½c@14c, and Cocheco 14c, but it is difficult to obtain these extreme figures. Heavy sheetings are depressed at 16a16½c. Printing cloths are depressed at 7¾a8c for common to good.

NEW YORK STOCK AND MONEY MARKET

NEW YORK, Sept. 12.

Money steady at 3a5 ⅌ cent. for call loans, the latter for Governments.

Sterling dull at 8¼a9¼.

Gold unchanged, opening at 144½ advancing to 144¾, closing at 144¼ asked and 144⅛ bid. Exports $11,000.

Disbursements of coin interest to-day amounted to $61,417.

Governments are active but less firm. The following are the closing quotations:

Coupons of '81 114¼a114½; do '62, 113¾a113⅞; do '64, 109¾a110; do '65, 111¼a111½; do new, 108⅝a108¾; do '67, 108⅝a109; do '68, 109a109½; 10-40's, 104⅛a105.

State bonds quiet. New Tennessees 65½; extra coupons 70½; old Virginias, 54; new do, 52, Missouris 92¼.

The railway market opened with a decline on New York roads and steady on Western, Wabash advancing to 59. Subsequently the market grew steadier and again fell off on receipt of the bank statement.

Express and miscellaneous shares were dull and steady.

3:30 prices: Canton, 45½a46; Water Power, 15a15½; Cumberland, 29a31; Wells & Fargo's Express, 25½a 26½; American Express, 43a44; Adams Express, 49; United States Express, 45½a45¾; Merchants' Union Express, 22½a22¾; Quicksilver, 20½a20¾; Mariposa ——; do prfd, 10; Pacific Mail, 103½a103¾; Western Union Telegraph, 33¾a34; New York Central, 128¾a128¾; Erie, 45¾a45⅞; do preferred, 68a 71; Hudson, 140; Harlem, ——; Reading, 89½a90; Ohio and Mississippi, 28¾a28⅞; Wabash, 59½a60; do preferred, 73½a73⅞; St. Paul, 91a91¼; do preferred, 91a91½; Michigan Central, 118a119; Michigan Southern 83¾a83⅞; Illinois Central, 143a144; Pittsburg, 85½a85⅝; Toledo, 101a101⅛; Northwestern 84¾a84⅞; do pf'd, 76a76¼; Fort Wayne, 107½a107¾; Hartford and Erie, 22a22½; Chicago and Alton, 157; do preferred, ——; Terre Haute, 40a42; Rock Island, 100¾a101.

Mining shares quiet; Quartz Hill, 90; Smith & Parmalee, 425; American Flag, 29a30; Gregory, 395; New York Gold, 105, Walkill, 8.

The following were the quotations of mining stocks at Boston to-day: Pewabic, 8; Phenix, 8; Winthrop, 35.

Receipts at Sub-treasury	$ 862,196
Payments to-day	597,634
Balance	69,302,187

BANK STATEMENT.

Loans	$27,265,606
Loans, increase	224,944
Specie	18,160,342
Specie, decrease	664,436
Circulation	34,139,916
Circulation, increase	70,503
Deposits	205,180,070
Deposits, decrease	1,305,571
Legal Tenders	63,829,333
Legal Tenders, decrease	2,554,405

Imports during the week, including dry goods and specie, $3,304,943.

NEW YORK MARKET.

NEW YORK, Sept. 12.

COTTON—Decidedly lower; sales 600 bales at 30c for middling uplands; some sales reported at 29½c.

FLOUR—Receipts, 13,781 bbls; dull and 10a15c lower; sales 7,000 bbls at $7 00a7 75 for superfine State and Western; $8a8 65 for extra Western; $9 75a11 50 for good to choice white wheat extra; $8 65a11 00 for round-hoop Ohio; $9 50a11 for extra St. Louis; $11a14 for good to choice do, closing heavy. California dull and lower; sales 260 sacks at $9 25 a11 50. Rye flour lower; sales 100 bbls at $7a8 60.

CORNMEAL—In fair request; sales 600 bbls at $5 70a 5 75.

WHISKY—Firmer; sales 200 bbls in bond at 69a70c.

GRAIN—Receipts wheat, 89,515 bush; market dull and 3a5c lower, sales 35,000 bush at $2 05a2 07 for common winter red Western, $2 27 for choice do, $2 25a2 26 for new white Michigan and $2 60 for old choice do. Rye dull and heavy; sales 350 bush Western at $1 48. Barley malt quiet. Receipts corn, 110,595 bush; market dull and 1c lower; sales 49,000 bush at $1 17a1 21 for unsound, $1 20a1 22 for sound mixed Western, $1 21½ for round-hoop Ohio. Receipts oats, 10,231 bush; market quiet; sales 59,000 bush at 68a73½c for new Western, 80c for old in store.

GROCERIES—Sugar firm; sales 300 bush Cuba at 10¾ a11¾c.

PETROLEUM—Dull at 15c for crude and 31c for refined in bond.

HOPS—Quiet at 20a30c for new crop American.

COAL—Unchanged.

LEATHER—Hemlock sole dull and drooping at 26a 29c for Buenos Ayres and Rio Grande to light middle weights and 27a29c for heavy do.

WOOL—Firm and more doing; sales 80,000 lbs at 45a 50c for domestic fleece, 40a45c for pulled.

PROVISIONS—Pork—the market is steady; sales 1,150 bbls at $29 20a29 25 for mess, closing at $29 25, cash; $25 25 for old do; $24 00a24 50 for prime; $25a26 62 for prime mess. Beef steady; sales 125 bbls at $14a20 50 for new plain mess, $20 50a24 75 for new extra mess. Tierce beef dull and nominal at $31a33 for prime mess and $35a36 for India mess. Beef hams heavy. Cut meats heavy; sales 150 pkgs at 12a13c for shoulders and 17a18c for hams. Middles dull and heavy; sales 50 boxes Cumberland cut at 14½a14¾c. Lard quiet and firm; sales 650 tierces at 19a19½a20¼c for steam. (chiefly 20¼a20½c), 20½c for kettle rendered.

BUTTER—Quiet at 31a38c for Ohio, and 35a41c for State.

CHEESE—Dull at 13a17½c.

FREIGHTS—To Liverpool dull and nominal.

METALS—Sheeting copper is unchanged. Ingot copper is in moderate request at 23¼c for Portage Lake, 22½c cash for Tennessee. Pig iron quiet and steady at $39 at $40a43 for Scotch, $36a43 for American. Bar sold at $8 75a9 for refined English and American.

SHOT—12a14c for Russia.

NAIL ROD—Quiet at 9¼a10½c.

NAILS—Steady at 6¼c for clinch, and 7¾a9c for horse shoe, which are very dull.

LATEST—5 P. M.

FLOUR—Closed dull and 5a10c lower on old and 10a 20c lower on new.

GRAIN—Very dull and 1a2c lower, with both millers and shippers holding off for lower prices. Rye dull at $1 53a1 53 for Western. Oats quiet at 65a70c for new at railroad depot, 72a75c afloat. Corn lower at $1 18a1 20 for unsound, $1 20a1 21½ for sound new mixed Western afloat.

PROVISIONS—Pork very dull at $29 25a29 35 for mess, cash and regular. Beef quiet. Cut meats in good request but unchanged. Bacon declined. Lard quiet at 19½a20½c for fair to prime steam.

EGGS—Quiet at 26½a27c.

[OFFICIAL.]

CHARTER CONVENTION.

FRIDAY EVENING, Sept. 11, 1868.

Present—All the members, except Messrs. Browder, Bremaker, Morris, Trabue, Baird and McCulloch.

Vice-President G. W. Herbert in the chair.

The reading of the journal of the previous session was dispensed with.

An invitation to the Convention to attend the Male High School this evening, at 7½ o'clock, was read and accepted.

The report of the Committee on Police was then taken up.

Section 1 was read.

Mr. Bowser moved to amend by inserting the word "white," which amendment was lost by the following vote:

YEAS—Messrs. Hughes, Phillips, Watson, Bowser and Cassilly—5.

NAYS—Messrs. Stoll, Maxwell, Eisenman, Baker, McClaran, Lithgow, Herbert, Joyes, Brannin, Thixton, Akers, Boone and Craig—13.

Sections 2, 3 and 4 were severally read and adopted.

Section 5 was read.

Dr. Maxwell moved to amend by inserting the words "and confirmed by the General Council," which amendment was lost, when the section as reported was adopted.

Section 6 was read. Colonel Boone moved to amend by substituting the following: "At the general election for city officers in the year 1869, and in each third year thereafter, there shall be elected in each legislative district in the city of Louisville, by the qualified voters thereof, a person (having the qualifications of an alderman), as a member of the Board of Police Commissioners, to serve without pay for three years and until his successor is elected and qualified," which was rejected by the following vote:

YEAS—Messrs. Maxwell, Watson, Bowser, Cassilly, Akers and Boone—6.

Nays—Messrs. Stoll, Eisenman, Baker, McClaran, Hughes, Phillips, Lithgow, Herbert, Joyes, Brannin, Thixton, and Craig—12.

On motion, section 6 was adopted.

Sections 7, 8, and 9 were severally read and adopted.

Section 10 was read, amended and adopted.

Section 11 was read. Mr. Joyes moved to substitute section 10 in the Speed and Worthington act, which was adopted.

Section 12 was read and adopted, when on motion the report as amended was adopted, and as amended reads as follows:

The committee to whom was referred back the whole police subject now report to the convention as follows:

SECTION 1. The city of Louisville shall have and maintain a police force, with distinction of grade, and of uniforms and badges to be worn by the chief, lieutenants and policemen, to be prescribed by ordinance. They shall consist of citizens of the United States, and residents of the State of Kentucky, and of the city of Louisville.

SEC. 2. The Mayor shall be the head of the police of the city, and may command them in the performance of executive duties, and when deemed necessary by him to enforce the laws of the city or to avert danger, or to save life or property; in cases of calamity he may summon into service any of the citizens, either civil or military; and in such cases he shall be present, and command in person, and the General Council shall, by ordinance, prescribe suitable fines and penalties for a disobedience of the Mayor's summons or orders on such occasions.

SEC. 3. The qualifications of each policeman shall be, that he is at least twenty-four years of age, that he has resided in the city of Louisville for three years preceding his election, and is known to be moral, sober and sagacious.

SEC. 4. The policemen elected shall give bond in an amount to be fixed by ordinance, with good surety, for the faithful performance of his duty, to be approved by the General Council.

SEC. 5. The Chief of Police shall be nominated by the Mayor to the Board of Police Commissioners hereinafter provided for, who shall have the power of confirmation or rejection. The said Chief, and all the police force shall be governed by rules to be prescribed by the Mayor, and the clerk of the Mayor, shall, *ex-officio*, be clerk of the Police Commission, and also of the Chief of Police. And the said Chief shall hold his office for one year, and until his successor shall be selected and qualified. He shall not intermeddle with elections, further than to cast his vote, and shall not directly or indirectly trade for, or purchase the claims of the policemen on the city for their salaries, and if he does, his office shall, *ipso facto*, be vacated, and he forthwith dismissed by the Mayor.

SEC. 6. It shall be the duty of the judges of the City Court of Louisville, Jefferson County Court, and the Court of Common Pleas (any two of whom may act), within thirty days after this charter takes effect, and on the first Monday in January, or within ten days thereof forever after, to appoint one good citizen from each legislative district of the city, of not less than five years' residence in the city, and of honesty, sobriety and good demeanor, who shall serve for one year as a police board, and without pay, whose selection and appointment the said judges shall certify to the Mayor, who shall forthwith inform said Commissioners of their selection and appointment, and they shall thereafter convene at the Mayor's office within ten days, and proceed to the election of the whole police force, as herein provided for, from the persons, and of the qualifications prescribed; and may adjourn from day to day till their whole work be completed. And the policemen so elected shall be commissioned by the Mayor by proper warrant, which shall be for one year, and until his successor is elected and qualified, and said commission shall be his warrant of authority.

SEC. 7. After said police force shall have been so elected by the said Board of Commissioners, and within the year of their service, they shall be convened at any time by the Mayor for the purpose of filling any vacancies that may have happened in the force from any cause, and for the purpose of attending to any other business within the scope of their duty or authority. All vacancies shall only be filled for the unexpired term vacated.

SEC. 8. The Lieutenants of the police shall be selected from the policemen elected by said Board of Commissioners, to be nominated by the Mayor to said board, and by them approved.

SEC. 9. The police of said city shall be organized by ordinance, according to the provisions of this charter, determining the number of which it shall be composed, making the provisions for such number as will be sufficient to supply the whole service as herein provided. And also, the amount of pay the chief, lieutenant and policemen shall respectively receive, and also the keepers of the stationhouses, and the salary of the Mayor's clerk.

SEC. 10. The police force elected and organized as herein provided, or any member of it shall be dismissed by the Mayor for intermeddling in elections, further than herein allowed; also for failing to perform any of the duties incumbent upon him or them as policemen, or doing any act contrary to the laws of the State of Kentucky—the ordinances of the city or established rules for the government of the police. And he may dismiss any member of said force for failing to provide for his family, or for any other cause which he may deem sufficient.

SEC. 11. The powers, duties and responsibilities of the police officers elected or appointed under this charter, shall be the same as now attached by law; and the ordinances of the city to their respective officers, unless otherwise provided herein, and such additional duties, powers and responsibilities as may be prescribed by the General Council under this charter, and any acts of the Legislature amendatory thereof.

SEC. 12. The Mayor and Chief of Police shall detail from said force, so elected, the keepers of the station-houses, and their duties shall be prescribed by the Mayor in his rules for the government of the police.

E. S. CRAIG, Chairman,
W. P. BOONE,
SAMUEL H. BAKER,
J. S. LITHGOW,
A. O. BRANNIN,
PAT. JOYES.

On motion, the convention adjourned, to meet again on Tuesday evening, September 15, 1868, at 7½ o'clock.

Att: J. M. VAUGHAN, Clerk.

☞ The Adventists are having a great camp-meeting near Springfield, Mass.